



# **Airservices Australia**

## **Alice Springs Airport Preliminary Site Investigation**

July 2019



# Executive summary

Airservices Australia (Airservices) engaged GHD Pty Ltd to conduct a Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) at the Alice Springs Airport (ASA) with particular regard to the potential for contamination from per- and poly-fluorinated alkyl substances (PFAS).

Based on the review of available site history information, site inspection and site interviews, the following potential sources of PFAS have been identified:

- The FTG – routine discharge of foam in this area from 1980 to 2010
- The MFS and surrounding area – wash down of vehicles and hoses, drainage associated with the bunded areas that contained foam, the daily and six-monthly foam discharges adjacent to the current AFFF fire station from 1992 to 2010
- Existing and former surface water drainage channels
- Areas where soil from FTG has been (including historically) relocated and stockpiled

The desktop review identified the following potential sensitive receptors:

- Site workers whose activities may result in exposure to site soils and surface water
- Terrestrial fauna consuming impacted plant material e.g. grasses. This in turn may impact their predators

Based on the data reviewed in this study and the conceptual site model (CSM) the following summary is made:

- The primary source (use of AFFF containing PFASs) no longer exists. Secondary sources include residual soil, sediment, stockpile and minor surface water contamination.
- Soil results reported concentrations of PFASs which exceeded the adopted ecological guidelines, indicating that in the areas sampled, soils may present an unacceptable risk to ecological receptors.
- Given the elevated PFAS concentrations reported in the stockpile to the south east of the FTG and the soil in the vicinity of the FTG, it would be prudent to develop a management strategy for this soil (possible options involve excavation and containment).

This report should be read in accordance with the limitations set out in Section 10.

# Table of contents

Executive summary .....	i
1. Introduction .....	1
1.1 Background .....	1
1.2 Objectives .....	1
1.3 Scope .....	1
2. Data quality objectives .....	2
3. Site information .....	4
3.1 Site location .....	4
3.2 Lease information review .....	4
3.3 Site description .....	5
3.4 Surrounding land uses .....	7
3.5 Key stakeholders .....	7
4. Site conditions .....	8
4.1 Topography .....	8
4.2 Geology .....	8
4.3 Hydrology .....	8
4.4 Hydrogeology .....	8
5. Site history .....	10
5.1 Aerial photographs .....	10
5.2 Previous reports .....	10
5.3 Operational responses system outputs .....	14
5.4 Interviews .....	14
5.5 Summary of site history .....	16
6. Preliminary and targeted sampling .....	18
6.1 Scope of work .....	18
6.2 Results summary .....	18
7. Conceptual site model .....	19
7.1 Sources .....	19
7.2 Pathways .....	19
7.3 Receptors .....	20
7.4 Potential source-pathway receptor linkages .....	20
8. Conclusions .....	22
8.1 Conclusions .....	22
8.2 Summary of preliminary sampling program .....	22
9. References .....	23
10. Limitations .....	24



# Table index

Table 1	Data quality objectives .....	2
Table 2	Site identification .....	4
Table 3	Certificate of title lessee summary .....	4
Table 4	Groundwater bores within 1 km of the site .....	9
Table 5	Historical aerial photograph summary .....	10
Table 6	ORS summary output .....	14
Table 7	PFAS contamination – potential pollutant linkages .....	20

# Appendices

Appendix A – Figures
Appendix B – Certificate of Title
Appendix C – Site photographs
Appendix D – Groundwater data search results
Appendix E – Historical aerial photographs
Appendix F – Interview transcripts



# 1. Introduction

Airservices Australia (Airservices) engaged GHD Pty Ltd (GHD) to conduct a Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) at the Alice Springs Airport (ASA) with particular regard to the potential for contamination from per- and poly-fluorinated alkyl substances (PFAS).

## 1.1 Background

Aqueous film-forming foam (AFFF) has been used for fire-fighting purposes around Australia for decades. On airports, AFFF has been used at fuel depots, hangars and for operational and fire training purposes.

AFFF has not been used in the provision of aviation rescue and fire-fighting (ARFF) services by Airservices since 2010 but continues to be used around fuel depots, hangars etc, at many airports. AFFF products historically used on airport sites contained PFAS. Depending on the type of AFFF used, the principal PFAS constituents could have included perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS), perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) or fluorotelomers such as 6:2 fluorotelomer sulfonate (6:2FtS) and 8:2 fluorotelomer sulfonate (8:2FtS).

## 1.2 Objectives

The objective of this PSI is to identify where there is potential for PFAS contamination to be present at the ASA as a result of previous activities by ARFF and other AFFF users. A preliminary and targeted soil, groundwater and surface water sampling program was undertaken to validate and further investigate the desktop findings of the PSI.

The report also seeks to identify potential sensitive receptors and stakeholders that may be impacted by possible PFAS contamination arising from activities (both historic and current) utilising AFFF at ASA.

## 1.3 Scope

The scope of work for the PSI included:

- Review of historical aerial photographs to gain an understanding of site development over time and identify potential areas where AFFF may have been used
- Review of current certificates of title and key lessees to identify site activities that may have included the use of AFFF
- Review of published data on geology, hydrology and hydrogeology to gain an understanding of site conditions and identify sensitive receptors
- Search of the groundwater bore database to understand beneficial uses for groundwater in the area
- Review of historical reports provided by Airservices to provide some background to previous investigations and site conditions
- A detailed site inspection to gain an understanding of site condition and inspect areas where there is potential for AFFF to have been used
- Interviews with personnel who have an understanding of current and historical site activities to identify areas where AFFF may have been used
- Preliminary and targeted soil, sediment and surface water sample collection
- Development of a Conceptual Site Model (CSM) and potential source, pathway, receptor linkages
- Conclusions

## 2. Data quality objectives

The Data Quality Objective (DQO) process was applied to the PSI as described below, to ensure that data collection activities were appropriate and achieved the stated objectives. The DQO steps defined above have been addressed as follows.

**Table 1 Data quality objectives**

Step		Description
1	<b>State the problem to be resolved</b>	Where was AFFF historically used on the Airport site?  Do possible source, pathway, receptor linkages present an unacceptable risk?
2	<b>Identify the decision/s to be made</b>	To address the problem set out in Step 1, the following decisions are required to achieve the task objective and to identify data gaps and additional information that may be required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What activities have occurred at the site which may have involved the use of AFFF?</li> <li>• What types of AFFF have been used?</li> <li>• Where was AFFF stored on site?</li> <li>• What is the nature of the contaminant migration pathways, particularly leading off the site?</li> <li>• What sensitive receptors are present at and surrounding the site?</li> </ul>
3	<b>Identify the inputs to the decision</b>	To inform the decisions and identify key data gaps and needs, the following information is considered necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review of site conditions</li> <li>• Review of available history information</li> <li>• Interviews with site personnel</li> <li>• Detailed site inspection</li> <li>• Development of a Conceptual Site Model.</li> </ul>
4	<b>Define the boundaries of the study</b>	The study boundary comprises soil and surface water within the on-site areas in the vicinity of the identified potential PFAS sources as shown in Figure 3. This investigation does not include the former airport terminal area located at 7-Mile.
5	<b>Develop a decision rule</b>	The key decision rules are:  Are there areas of the site, outside the current and former fire station and training areas, where PFAS may be present and does this pose: 1) a potential unacceptable risk; or 2) a risk that contamination may be migrating off-site? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If NO – further investigations can be targeted in these known (source) areas.</li> <li>• If YES – more extensive investigations may be required to target broader areas of the site and understand the potential for off-site contamination.</li> </ul>

Step		Description
6	<b>Specify the tolerable limits on decision errors</b>	<p>There is potential for anecdotal information to not always be accurate or to be limited in nature, and it is also difficult to assess site activities from historical aerial photographs based on poor resolution. Where possible, any potential sources of PFAS contamination will be cross checked through multiple lines of evidence.</p> <p>The two decision errors that exist include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• False positive – an area identified as potentially containing PFAS does not.</li> <li>• False negative – Areas containing PFAS are not identified.</li> <li>• These can be managed through the implementation of a sampling program to confirm the PSI findings.</li> </ul>
7	<b>Optimise the design for obtaining the data</b>	<p>The CSM design will be optimised through:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identification of potential PFAS sources from existing information and investigations conducted by others.</li> <li>• A review of the surface water pathways (hydrology) across and leaving the site.</li> </ul>

## 3. Site information

### 3.1 Site location

The ASA is located approximately 5 km south east of the township of Alice Springs, Northern Territory. The site location is outlined in Figure 1 in Appendix A and location details are provided in Table 2.

**Table 2 Site identification**

Street Address	Santa Teresa Road, Alice Springs, Northern Territory, Australia
Site Area	415 ha
Local Government Area	Town of Alice Springs
Current Land Use	Airport and associated commercial enterprises
Land Use Zoning	Commonwealth Land (no planning scheme controls)

### 3.2 Lease information review

The current operating lease holder for the ASA is Alice Springs Airport Pty Ltd with portions of the site leased by Airservices. The current properties within ASA and relevant lessees are summarised in Table 3 and the certificates of title are provided in Appendix B.

**Table 3 Certificate of title lessee summary**

Owner	Parcel/ Plan	Lessee / Date
Federal Airports Corporation	NTP429 S80/149	Airservices Australia Term: 6 July 1995 – 10 June 2034
	NTP1025 S80/149	
	NTP806 S80/149	
	NTP3840 90/001B	
	NTP3838 90/001A	
	NTP995 S80/149	
	NTP3839 90/001D	
Commonwealth of Australia	NTP3840 LTO90/001D	Alice Springs Airport Pty Limited Term: 11 June 1998 – 10 June 2048
	NTP3839 LTO90/001D	
	NTP1025 S80/149	
	NTP995 S80/149	
	NTP806 S80/149	
	NTP429 S80/149	
	NTP4437 S91/035	
	NTP428 S80/149	
	NTP569 S80/149	
	NTP4005 S91/34&35B	
	NTP4004 S91/34B&C	
	NTP4054 S91/034	
	NTP5238 S97/049	

### 3.3 Site description

A site inspection was completed by GHD (accompanied by Airservices) on 20 and 21 July 2016. A summary of the findings is provided below. Site photographs taken during the inspection are included in Appendix C.

Key site features are outlined on Figure 2a and Figure 2b in Appendix A. They included:

- Runway
- Terminal
- Control Tower
- Main Fire station (MFS)
- Fire training ground (FTG)
- Fuel farm
- Surface water drainage channels
- Light aircraft hangars
- Car rentals and parking areas
- Aircraft storage area and hangers
- 7 Mile former terminal and runway

The areas around the terminal building are planted with mainly native grasses and shrubs. The surrounding land is typical of arid regions – grassland and sparse woodland.

#### Runway

The ASA includes one major runway that runs approximately from northwest to southeast. On the north side there is a taxiway that leads from the runway to the apron in front of the main terminal building.

#### Terminal

The terminal is located to the north of the runway. Public terminal parking and car hire parking is located to the north of the terminal building. Staff parking is located to the east and west of the Terminal building.

The terminal and car parking areas are characterised by hardstands with some planted areas of garden beds located in both areas.

#### Control tower building

The control tower is located immediately east of the MFS. The building also accommodates a rental car company.

#### Aircraft hangars

Two areas of aircraft hangars are located on the ASA – one in the north western end of the ASA and one to the east of the main terminal building. Both have associated hardstand aprons.

The hangars are leased by light aircraft and helicopter operators including Royal Flying Doctors Service. Inspection of this area was not undertaken, however, it is understood that the hangars do not contain sprinkler systems for firefighting or stormwater collection. Firefighting equipment within the hangars is understood to be limited to handheld fire extinguishers.

One hangar (SkyPort Building) is located immediately north of the main airport apron. This was the scene of an incident in 1977 (refer to Section 5.4.2).



### **Main fire station (MFS)**

The MFS is located adjacent to the control tower, which is directly north of the runway apron. The MFS includes a single storey building, fire truck garage, workshop, smoke hut, wash down bay, hose drying rack, hardstand, fuel bowser and bunded storage areas for firefighting foams.

The fire truck garage, a hose drying rack and wash down bay are surrounded by hard stand which drains to a surface water collection system. The system includes a collection trench and triple interceptor trap. All water from the hardstand that passes through the treatment system is discharged to an unlined surface drain which in turn discharges to a main surface drain that runs parallel to the main runway.

A bunded foam storage area is located adjacent to the main building. This includes a brick constructed bund and smaller HDPE bunds. The fuel bowser is housed in a dedicated metal container with an associated above ground fuel storage tank (AST).

A two storey smoke hut is situated immediately west of the main building.

### **Fire training ground (FTG)**

The main aspects of the FTG include:

- A bunded hardstand with replica airplane
- Bunded kerosene tank plus underground distribution pipes
- A bund constructed of brick, which contains bulk 1000L storage tanks and 200L drums. The bund has signage indicating "Waste water contaminated with AFFF". Other bulk storage tanks are located adjacent to the bund.
- Waste water treatment system including underground tank, with oil-water separator and shed
- Open drainage line for water discharge
- Car bodies and a small aircraft body
- Soil biofarm area

### **Fuel farm**

The fuel farm is located between the MFS and the terminal building. Hand held extinguishers were observed.

### **Light aircraft hangars including Royal Flying Doctors Service**

The RFDS and a number of commercial light aircraft companies (including Alice Springs Aero Club, Alice Springs Helicopters) are housed in hangars and buildings to the west of the MFS. The area is built on hardstand with a wide apron for aircraft parking.

### **Surface water drainage channels**

A number of drains cross the ASA and surrounding area. The main airport drain runs parallel and north of the main runway. This picks up water from a series of minor drains originating from the MFS, terminal and other parts of the airport and appears to discharge to surface drains beyond the eastern boundary of the ASA.

Another drain runs along the dirt road that leads from the airport to the FTG in the east. This intersects a number of smaller drains, in particular one that leads east of the FTG and discharges off-site to the east.



### **Aircraft storage area (Asia Pacific Aircraft Storage)**

An area of land to the south-west of the main terminal has been designated for aircraft storage. Large jets are located there awaiting deployment and the area also contains aircraft that is no longer in use.

### **7 Mile former terminal**

7 Mile was the site of the first airport in Alice Springs. It was opened in 1940 as a staging base for RAAF aircraft during the Second World War. It remained in use until 1965 when the current airport terminal was built.

The area consists of a north-south orientated runway and old wooden buildings including the former control tower and terminal buildings. A petrol bowser was located near the centre of the site. A pump station connected to a groundwater bore was observed. Part of the site is used by an asphalt company to manufacture road material and significant stockpiles of soil and asphalt were present.

Airport operations vacated 7-mile at least a decade before ARFF began operations at the current ASA, and this is not considered a source of PFAS.

## **3.4 Surrounding land uses**

The land immediately surrounding the airport is largely vacant with native vegetation and some constructed vehicle tracks. The airport has built a solar farm to the north of the airport that provides power to the terminal building.

A major drainage line of the Todd River is located approximately 4 km to the east of the ASA.

## **3.5 Key stakeholders**

The following key stakeholders have been identified at the site:

- NT Airports
- Site lessees

## 4. Site conditions

### 4.1 Topography

Regional topography tends to slope to the south-east toward the Todd River. However, the site is relatively flat.

### 4.2 Geology

#### 4.2.1 Regional geology

Regional geology is identified as Holocene-aged alluvium characterised by channel and flood plain alluvium; sand, silt, clay, alluvial terrace deposits, some black soil and sandy soils (NTGS, 2003). A geological map is included in Appendix A (Figure 3).

#### 4.2.2 Soil profile

Bore logs from previous reports indicated soils at the site typically consisted of natural soils. Surface soils consisted of silts and clay. The underlying soils consisted of clays with variable amounts of silt and gravel. River gravels were encountered at 2.0 meters below ground level (mbgl) (GHD, 2008).

### 4.3 Hydrology

This site sits within the Todd River catchment, which covers an area of 445 km<sup>2</sup>. The climate of the catchment is typically arid continental with large daily temperature variations. The mean annual rainfall is approximately 260 mm, based on an average monthly rainfall of 40 mm in February to 9 mm in September. The summer months usually have higher than average rainfall.

The main hydrological issues of the region include high sediment load in streams when they do flow, flash flooding and high levels of total dissolved solids in many bores.

Groundwater is sourced from the large sedimentary basins including the Georgina, Wiso, Eromanga, Ngalia and Amadeus Basins. The Amadeus Basin is the main source of water for the pastoral industry of the arid zones, the local tourist industry and major aboriginal settlements. The Alice Springs water supply is mainly obtained from production bores in the Mereenie Sandstone Aquifer of the Amadeus Basin, 15 km south of the town (GHD 2008).

### 4.4 Hydrogeology

A search of the online Natural Resource Maps Northern Territory (<http://nrmaps.nt.gov.au>) and Water Data Portal (<http://www.lrm.nt.gov.au/water/water-data-portal>) identified nine bores within 1 km of the site. A summary of these bores is shown in Table 4.

**Table 4 Groundwater bores within 1 km of the site**

Bore ID	Bore depth (mbgl)	Year drilled	SWL (mbgl)	Direction from site	Purpose
RN003421	123.1	1942	78.01	On site	-
RN003563	119.5	1959	70.41	On site	-
RN017548	106.1	1959	68.6	On site	Production
RN003598	148.7	1961	-	West	-
RN003602	117.9	1962	93.51	West	Observation
RN003450	98.5	1956	66.9	North	-
RN003609	194.8	1962	116	South	Observation
RN004481	182.9	1964	53.913	South east	Observation
RN017598	468	2002	44.116	North east	Monitoring
NOTES					
' - ' = Information not available					

The lithological logs confirmed the regional geology of alluvium consisting of sand, silt and clay as outlined in Section 4.2. Groundwater was encountered beneath the site at around 75 to 85 m depth, in sand with clay lenses.

It is important to note that unregistered and private bores may also exist.

Groundwater bore data and search results are provided in Appendix D, groundwater bore locations and bore IDs are included in Appendix A, Figure 3.

Groundwater was not encountered at the ASA in previous soil investigations.

The groundwater bore at 7 Mile (RN003421) was observed during the site inspection.

## 5. Site history

### 5.1 Aerial photographs

A review of historical aerial photographs between 1980 and 2016 was completed. A summary of the key findings is outlined in Table 5 and a copy of the photographs is provided in Appendix E.

**Table 5 Historical aerial photograph summary**

Date	Description
1980	<p>Two runways are visible on the site, consistent with the current runway layout.</p> <p>A number of buildings are visible where the main airport buildings now stand. A number of buildings are also visible to the west of the smaller runway.</p> <p>The drill ground area is visible to the north east of the site as rectangular area cleared of vegetation. A number of structures are visible in the area however the nature of these structures is not clear.</p> <p>Roger Vale Drive / Santa Teresa Road is visible to the north of the site.</p>
1991	<p>A large building is now visible where the main airport buildings now stand.</p> <p>The tarmac to the west of this building appears to have been extended including the construction of additional sheds running along Roger Vale Drive / Santa Teresa Road.</p> <p>The configuration of Roger Vale Drive / Santa Teresa Road appears to have been altered.</p>
2004	<p>A large car park is now visible to the north of the large building.</p> <p>The drill ground area is visible in its current configuration.</p>
2016	<p>Additional car parking is visible to the east of the large building.</p>

### 5.2 Previous reports

A number of reports were provided by Airservices to GHD for review and consideration as part of the PSI. The scope and key outcomes of these are summarised below.

#### 5.2.1 MGT Environmental Consulting, 2003

##### *Soil and water sample analysis results from ARFF drill ground, June 2003*

- Analysis of two soil samples and one water sample was completed in 2003, analysis was limited to Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons (TRH). Analysis indicates that no exceedance of *Airport (Environment Protection) Regulations 1997* for water and soil were reported. No information regarding the locations or depths of sampling has been provided.

#### 5.2.2 Darwin Airport, 2006

##### *Technical Letter – Re: Soil Sample Results taken on the 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2006, Alice Springs Airport, Northern Territory, Darwin International Airport, 2006*

- Three water samples were collected from the FTG, a sample was retrieved from the separator and two samples were collected at distances of 3 m and 40 m from the separator.
  - In total, six soil samples were collected from the FTG. Samples were analysed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) only. None of the reported concentrations exceeded the adopted soil and groundwater guideline criteria - *Airport (Environment Protection) Regulations 1997*.

***Preliminary Site Contamination Assessment, Alice Springs ARFF Drill ground, Alice Spring Airport, GHD, September 2008***

- The Alice ARFF drill ground predated 1978.
- Since establishment of the ARFF drill ground, training activities comprised live fire drills (practiced a minimum of twice a week). Live fire drills at the time of reporting were undertaken two to three times per week.
- Reportedly live fire training prior to 2002 included the combustion of kerosene and unleaded petroleum on the ground and on a mock plane.
- Prior to 2002, fuel was stored in 204 L drums on a trailer and transported for fire training activities.
- Firefighting training included use of AFFF and Dry Chemical Powder (DCP). The selected DCP product was Purple K – Potassium Bicarbonate, and the selected AFFF product was 3M Light Water™ AFFF, which was used until 2003.
- Soil samples were collected in 2000 to investigate the original training pad for petroleum hydrocarbon contamination - the sampling results reported no exceedances of the adopted guideline criteria - *Airport (Environment Protection) Regulations 1997*.
- The initial configuration of the drill pad did not include the concrete training pad or wastewater and drainage structures; training was previously undertaken on bare soil. Site refurbishment in 2001/02 included:
  - Excavation (to a depth approximately 1 mbgl) and stockpiling of 5 m<sup>3</sup> of contaminated soil from below the original training area.
  - Construction of a concrete pad, mock plane, a 5000 L AVTUR (kerosene) AST and underground kerosene distribution pipes, a wastewater UST and associated pipe work, an oil-water separator and a clean water discharge open drain line.
- Soil was removed from the original training area and stockpiled in the 'soil farm', 100 m southeast of the drill pad area. Turning and aeration of the stockpiled soils occurred at least twice between 2002 and 2008.
- In 2006, an investigation of spills and monitoring of stockpiles pre and post removal from the training pad was undertaken by the Darwin International Airport Environmental Officer.
- Remediation of a waste oil pit that had caused some surface hydrocarbon contamination was undertaken by Low Ecological Services Pty Ltd in 2006.
- Sampling and analysis of soil samples was undertaken in order to ascertain the existence of contamination at the site due to former and current land use as a FTG and the potential contamination associated with AFFF use.
- Sampling of seven soil bore locations included collection of samples from depths of between 0 and 2 m. A total of 17 samples were collected and 11 samples were analysed for TPH/BTEX, PAHs and PFOS/PFOA. Results indicated:
  - Total PAH was reported below the LOR for all samples analysed
  - No exceedances of *Airport (Environment Protection) Regulations 1997* criteria were reported for TPH/BTEX
  - Concentrations of PFOS in all surface samples were above the LOR and two of the reported concentrations exceeded the adopted criteria

- Concentrations of PFOA were above the LOR in 10 of 11 samples analysed, however no exceedance of the adopted guideline value for PFOA was reported
- Areas of environmental concern were identified as:
  - Training area
  - Areas surrounding the former training area
  - Open drainage line from the waste oil separator
  - Drainage channel located to the south of the site
  - Kerosene AST area
  - Oil/Water separator and shed
  - Waste oil UST
  - Soil farm area
  - Potential importation of filling materials of unknown origin

#### 5.2.4 Low Ecological Services P/L, 2010

##### ***Report on Soil and Waste Water Sampling at Alice Springs Airport Fire Station and ARFF Drill Ground, Alice Springs, NT, Low Ecological Services, January 2010***

- The Alice Springs Fire Station first opened in 1965
- The fire retardant 3M Light Water™ AFFF has been used from 1988<sup>1</sup> until 2003
- Nine soil samples were collected from the site, the analysis suite included metals, TPH/BTEX, PFOS, PFOA, pH and electrical conductivity. Samples were generally collected at the surface and at a depth of 0.5 m. Results of soil sampling analysis indicated:
  - All reported results for PFOS/PFOA were above the laboratory detection limit
  - PFOS concentrations ranged from 8 to 26,000 µg/kg. Two exceedances of the adopted guideline criteria were reported
  - PFOA concentrations ranged from 2.5 to 3,900 µg/kg. No exceedances of the adopted guideline criteria were reported
  - pH ranged between 7.2 to 9.9
- Three surface water samples were collected from the site, the analysis suite included metals, TPH/BTEX, PFOS, PFOA, pH and electrical conductivity. Results of water sampling indicated:
  - PFOA concentrations ranged from 1.1 to 2.9 µg/L
  - PFOS concentrations ranged from 0.69 to 2.4 µg/L
  - TPH in the sample collected from the training ground separator was reported as 17,630 µg/kg, which exceeded the adopted guideline criterion

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<sup>1</sup> Supplementary information provided by [REDACTED] (Senior Environment Specialist with Airservices Australia) via email on 6 September 2016 states that 3M Light Water™ AFFF has been used at ASA since at least 1983.

#### 5.2.5 Low Ecological Services P/L, 2014

##### ***Report on Soil and Waste Water Sampling at ARFF Fire Station and Drill Facility, Alice Springs Airport, Low Ecological Services, April 2014***

- In 2003 Ansulite™ AFFF replaced 3M Light Water™ AFFF.
- In 2010/11 Airservices cleaned the facilities and switched to using RF6 Solberg Foam, ceased using foam during fire training activities.
- Since November 2009 Low Ecological Services Pty Ltd have regularly sampled at the Alice Springs Airport. Samples were collected and analysed in November 2009, October 2010, November 2010, December 2010, December 2011, December 2012, April 2013 and February 2014.
- Twenty-one soil samples were tested for a suite of analytes including metals, MBAS, BTEX/TPH, TRH, PFOA, PFOS, 6:2 FtS, pH and electrical conductivity. The findings were reported as:
  - PFOS/PFOA concentrations were above the detection limit and four concentrations exceeded the adopted guideline criteria
  - No exceedances of the adopted PFOA criteria were reported
  - Reported pH ranged from 5.7 to 9 and five out of 21 reported concentrations were outside the adopted guideline limit for pH
  - Detectable levels of 6:2 FtS were reported in samples collected from BH1, BH2, BH3 and BH9
- Four water samples were tested for a suite of analytes including metals, PAH, TPH, BTEX, PFOS, PFOA, 6:2 FtS, pH and electrical conductivity. Results indicated:
  - All reported results for PFOS and PFOA were above the LOR
  - All samples exceeded the *adopted PFOS criteria*
  - Laboratory results for cadmium, copper, lead, zinc, total PAHs, TRH and TPH (C6-9 and C10-36 fraction) exceeded the adopted guideline criteria
- Reportedly, the results in attachment 3 indicate a peak in PFOS contamination was detected in the surface during 2010, and a peak at 0.5 m depth was detected in 2012.
- In the area immediately surrounding the mock aircraft (BH1, BH2 and BH3) and downstream from the training ground separator (BH9), exceedances of the adopted PFOS guideline criteria were reported in samples collected from the surface and at 0.5 m depth.
- In the soil remediation area (BH4 and BH5) no exceedances of the adopted PFOS criterion were reported in near surface soil samples, however exceedances were reported at 0.5 m depth.

#### 5.2.6 Report review summary

The report review indicates that ASA commenced operation in 1965 (Low Ecological Services, 2009) and the establishment of the Alice Springs ARFF drill ground occurred sometime prior to 1978. Application of AFFF had begun at least by 1988, and possibly as early as 1983, until 2010. Prior to refurbishment works beginning in 2001, all training activities occurred on unsealed areas.

Whilst contamination assessment has occurred on site since approximately 1996 (Low Ecological Services 2014), sampling and analysis of PFAS did not begin until 2008 (GHD, 2008).



Prior to construction of the new training pad in 2001, 5 m<sup>3</sup> of petroleum hydrocarbon impacted soils from below the original training area was excavated and stockpiled in the “soil farm” area. Between 2002 and 2008, the soil stockpiles were turned at least twice and remain on site.

The refurbishment of the FTG area in 2001-2002 included the construction of a concrete pad, large mock up aircraft unit (LMU), a 5000 L AVTUR (kerosene) AST with underground kerosene distribution pipes, a wastewater UST with associated pipe work, an oil-water separator and a clean water discharge open drain line.

Results from soil sampling and analysis in 2008 indicated that PFOS concentrations in the near surface soils exceeded the adopted criteria in samples collected in the vicinity of the LMU (BH1 and BH2) (GHD 2008).

Sampling and analysis in 2009 indicated two soil samples exceeded the adopted PFOS criterion.

### 5.3 Operational responses system outputs

GHD was also provided with three ARFF operational response system (ORS) incident detail reports which involved the use of AFFF at ASA. The incidents are summarised in Table 6:

**Table 6 ORS summary output**

Incident date	Incident location and description	Materials used	Actions taken
17 August 1997	A helicopter was found leaking fuel at the apron adjacent to the Helicentre	60 L water 10 L foam	Foam blanket was sprayed over the fuel spill
29 June 1999	Aircraft on fire at apron bay 8	18 kg of dry chemical powder 4000 L water 60 L foam	ARFF put out the fire from the exhaust of the aircraft, and then washed off the area after the operation.
15 December 2000	Air crash at 1.5 km north-east of airfield	1200 L water 50 L foam	No mention of fire rescue action, therefore the foam is likely used for precautionary purposes.

### 5.4 Interviews

GHD and Airservices conducted site interviews on 20 and 21 July 2016 with the following personnel:

- [REDACTED] – Acting Fire Station Manager – Airservices Australia
- [REDACTED] – Airport Environment Officer (AEO - Commonwealth regulator)
- [REDACTED] Environmental Manager, NT Airports<sup>2</sup>
- [REDACTED] – General Manager – NT Airports Pty Ltd

A summary of the key findings from the assessment are listed in Section 5.4.1 and 5.4.2. A transcript of the interviews is provided in Appendix F.

In addition, [REDACTED] who is the Senior Environmental Specialist for Airservices provided supplementary information via email on 6 September 2016.

<sup>2</sup> Alice Springs Airport is wholly owned by NT Airports.



#### 5.4.1 Alice Springs – NT Airports and AEO

The main information obtained from the interview with the Airport management included:

- The current airport terminal building is approximately 25 years old. The original airport was located at 7 Mile at the western end of ASA and was moved to the current location in 1964.
- It was understood that training only occurred at the FTG and MFS and no other entity (e.g. town fire brigade) used these areas for training purposes. The Airport only does fire extinguisher training and the extinguishers did not contain AFFF.
- Foam is not used in the airport hangars. The latest hangar is for the NT Police which contains no foam or sprinklers. The use of AFFF at 7 Mile is considered unlikely given the site ceased operation in 1965, before the introduction of AFFF.
- The Airport commissioned soil and surface water PFAS assessment works. Soil samples and drain samples did contain PFAS.
- Dumping of potentially contaminated soil on site has not occurred.
- Groundwater is not extracted on site for any purpose. The town water supply is extracted from permanent lenses around 60 to 90 m depth at the local borefield. This matches with groundwater in bores underneath the site which encountered water between 75 and 85 m depth (Refer to Section 4.4).

#### 5.4.2 Airservices Australia - Acting Fire Station Manager

The main information obtained from the interview with the Acting Fire Station Manager included:

- The MFS was built in 1964. The age of the FTG was less clear but may have been around the late 1990s. The new plane mock-ups were developed in the late 1990s.
- The FTG and the smoke hut (located adjacent to the MFS) were the only known areas of fire training. It is possible that training occurred at other areas of the site in the past but there is no record of such events. Foam was not used in the smoke hut as these fires were wood-based and water was applied.
- AFFF was discontinued for use in training by 2010. Ansulite foam was held for few years after that before the excess was freighted up to Darwin.
- A large bulk storage tank for AFFF is present in a bund at the MFS and has been there since around 2006, though it may not have always been in the bund. Some bulk storage tanks, 200L drums and 1000 L tanks were present in a bund at the FTG awaiting disposal.
- One major incident occurred at ASA on 5 January 1977, when a former employee of Connair flew a stolen aircraft into the Connair offices (now SkyPort Building) located at the airport. Foams were probably used but these were likely to be protein foams that did not contain PFAS. This incident was not documented in the ORS Incident Detail reports (Section 5.3) either because AFFF was not used, or the incident predates the reporting system.
- Former training schedules were not known but they were likely to be similar to current schedules which involve one aviation and one structural fire training exercise per month. However, if officer training was required, the frequency would be increased.
- During training, foam was deployed via the truck (roof) monitors, underbody protection system, bumper monitors and hoses (depending on the type of vehicle in use, e.g. not all trucks had bumper monitors).

- The main treatment for water at FTG was to leave it to evaporate from the pad. If not, it was sent via a separator to a holding tank and then to ground. The separator was designed to separate oil from water and not foam.
- The discharge area was a 'table drain' at the rear of the FTG.
- Foam was replenished in every vehicle after every use as required by CASA regulation, in order for the trucks to always be operationally ready.
- No bulk earth works were conducted in recent memory. It was likely that earth moving had occurred during construction of the FTG and smoke hut. However, a number of large stockpiles were noted near the road between the terminal and the FTG. These may have come from the runway construction. It was considered unlikely that these were impacted by PFAS as there was no knowledge of use of AFFF on the runway itself.
- Waste water from the MFS wash down bay and hose drying racks was diverted to a separator and then to a surface drain adjacent to the main runway. This drain is unlined.
- Storage vessels labelled with either 'Ansulite AFFF' or 'Waste water contaminated with AFFF' were present in bunds at both the FTG and MFS.

#### 5.4.3 Airservices Australia – Senior Environmental Specialist

The main information obtained from a supplementary email from Airservices included:

- The waste water contaminated with AFFF stored in the bunded area in the FTG was generated by a pad cleaning exercise. Both this waste water and the AFFF waste stored in a large bunded bulk storage tank in the MFS were scheduled to be removed (to Geocycle in Victoria) but the EPA Victoria has halted the disposal of the solids, although liquid disposal is still allowed as contaminants are destroyed as opposed to landfilled.
- Although the Low Ecological Services 2010 report indicated that the fire retardant 3M Light Water™ AFFF had been used from 1988, it was actually used earlier (by 1983 at the latest).
- Airservices ceased use of AFFF in training in January 2010, and RF6 replaced Ansulite at Alice Springs in December 2010.
- The age of the FTG predates 1978, however it was redeveloped to its current configuration and infrastructure circa 1996-1998 as part of the standard setup of an LMU on a concrete pad that Airservices established at every FTG when they commenced operations at an airport.
- The transition to Solberg happened in December 2010 and the surplus Ansulite stock was kept onsite until it could be moved to Darwin in early 2011.

## 5.5 Summary of site history

The site historical review indicated that the airport commenced operation at the 7 Mile site in 1940 and stayed there until 1965 when the new terminal was built. It is considered unlikely that AFFF was used at 7 Mile.

The MFS was built around 1964. Airservices began operation in 1995 and set up the current configuration at the FTG. Training has only occurred at the FTG and the smoke hut near the MFS. AFFF was not used during training at the smoke hut. AFFF was used at the FTG for training purposes.

Ansulite was used and stored at the MFS but its use was discontinued in 2010. However, some remnant AFFF remains on-site in bunded areas awaiting disposal.

The FTG and MFS are considered to be the main potential sources of PFAS contamination due to the activities that have occurred here and the likely storage of AFFF. Drains leading from both of these facilities may have provided a migration pathway to other areas of the site. However, sampling by Low (2014) indicated PFAS had not travelled any significant distance via these drains.

Remediation of a small volume of soil has occurred on the site near the FTG. This involved biopiling of soils impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons.

There have been three documented operational uses of AFFF at the following locations:

- Apron adjacent to the Helicentre
- Apron bay 8 (includes drainage lines as area washed off after the operation)
- 1.5 km north-east of airfield

There was also a deliberate plane crash in 1977, however it was considered likely that only protein based foams were used.

Potential AFFF source areas are outlined in Figure 4 in Appendix A.

## 6. Preliminary and targeted sampling

### 6.1 Scope of work

Based on the outcomes of the PSI, a Sample Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) was developed for the investigation (GHD, 2016).

The SAQP was prepared so that the field investigations and analyses were undertaken in a way that enabled the collection and reporting of reliable data on which to base any further soil, groundwater and surface water monitoring programs for specific areas of the site.

The scope of work undertaken, methodology adopted and results of the sampling program are provided in a Preliminary Sampling report (GHD, 2017).

### 6.2 Results summary

The investigations completed as part of this scope of works reported the highest PFAS concentrations in the vicinity of the FTG (compared to significantly lower results at the MFS). These included results from the soil bores, drain sediments and the land farming soils. These concentrations are consistent with the area having been used for training purposes rather than just storage.

The soil results of the FTG area did not exceed health based screening criteria (HBSC) but did exceed the Airservices ecological interim screening levels (EISLs) (terrestrial) 95%, 80% and 60% protection – this includes the commercial / industrial land use scenario.

The single surface water sample obtained from the drainage channel to the south of the MFS (SW01) contained PFOS in excess of the Airservices HISLs (consumption of fish) and Airservices EISLs (toxicity effects on aquatic organisms). The consumption of fish HSL is not considered relevant to the assessment of risk to human health at the site given the nature of the water body (i.e. a stormwater drain) and the site setting. However, it is possible that native aquatic fauna may utilise the water and therefore could be exposed to PFASs.

Leached PFAS analysis was also conducted on five soil bore samples and five stockpile samples. Elevated PFOS concentrations were reported at SB02\_1.0 (321 µg/L), SB04\_0.2 (441 µg/L), SB09\_0.2 (1120 µg/L), SP03 (388 µg/L), SP05 (1700 µg/L). However, leached PFOS concentrations were identified in all soil samples indicating PFAS contamination is likely to be mobile and be readily transported, both vertically and laterally, in water at the site. Full details of the scope of work undertaken, methodology and results are provided in the Preliminary Sampling report (GHD, 2017).

## 7. Conceptual site model

Based on our understanding of the contamination issues and site setting, a conceptual site model (CSM) has been developed to identify the potential contamination sources, pathways and receptors, and the potential linkages (or pollutant linkages) between these.

A CSM is a critical element of any PSI and forms the basis for the assessment of contamination risk and prioritisation of any further investigations. As it is based only on limited information at the PSI stage, it is regarded as being preliminary only at this point and as the foundation for the development of a more detailed CSM as site investigations progress.

Different land use scenarios have different contamination risk profiles depending on the sensitivity of receptors and the nature and likelihood of potential exposure mechanisms. This CSM assumes a commercial/industrial land use scenario consistent with the site's current use as an airport. A representation of the CSM using a cross-section is shown in Figure 5 in Appendix A. A representation is also included in Chart 1.

### 7.1 Sources

The main primary source of PFAS at the ASA is considered to be the use and storage of AFFF products, notably at the FTG and MFS.

- The FTG – routine discharge of AFFF in this area from 1983 to 2010
- The MFS and surrounding area – wash down of vehicles and hoses, drainage associated with the bunded areas that contained AFFF, the daily and six-monthly AFFF discharges adjacent to the current ARFF fire station from 1992 to 2010

PFAS has been distributed further from these sources via surface drains.

Stockpiled (biopiled) soil near the FTG has not been assessed for PFAS.

AFFF may have been used in one-off events associated with operational use, however the volume of AFFF used was minimal and these are not considered to be likely significant sources.

### 7.2 Pathways

The key mechanisms for contaminant transport at the site have been identified as:

- *Surface water drains* – discharge of PFAS-contaminated water to surface drains at the FTG and MFS. There is limited potential for migration of contaminated surface water off-site, but the drains are unlined and water is likely to percolate to depth. Sediments in the drains may undergo limited migration down the drain but only during high rainfall events.
- *Groundwater advection/dispersion* – horizontal and vertical migration of contaminants from the ASA soils into the underlying aquifer. The depth to the aquifer suggests this is not likely. There are also no obvious local discharge areas for groundwater to the surface.
- *Relocation of contaminated soils on site* – There is potential that soils impacted with PFAS may have been relocated on the ASA as part of bulk earth works. Large stockpiles are located parallel to the runway and may have originated from runway development works. It is considered unlikely that these are impacted by PFAS although this has not been assessed.

### 7.3 Receptors

The site is located in a highly modified commercial/industrial site setting. The following are the key potential human health and ecological contamination receptors considered to be relevant in the context of the site's setting:

- Site workers whose activities may result in exposure to site soils and surface water.
- Terrestrial flora and fauna consuming impacted plant material e.g. grasses. This in turn may impact their predators.

Based on the identified receptors and the release and fate and transport characteristics of PFAS, contaminant uptake pathways through which receptors may become exposed to contamination include ingestion and dermal absorption.

- *Ingestion exposure pathway* - Ingestion of contaminants by site workers could occur during site works which will involve excavation and handling of site soils or surface water. This is not considered to be of a concern for indoor site workers.
- Terrestrial soil organisms may ingest contaminants via soil consumption. Larger terrestrial fauna may consume animal and plant matter impacted by PFAS.
- *Dermal exposure pathway* - Exposure may occur via sorption through biological membranes such as skin, based on animal studies. This has not been confirmed for humans and PFOS has a low skin permeability constant.
- *Inhalation exposure pathway* – PFAS are not considered to be volatile so inhalation is not considered to be a viable exposure route.

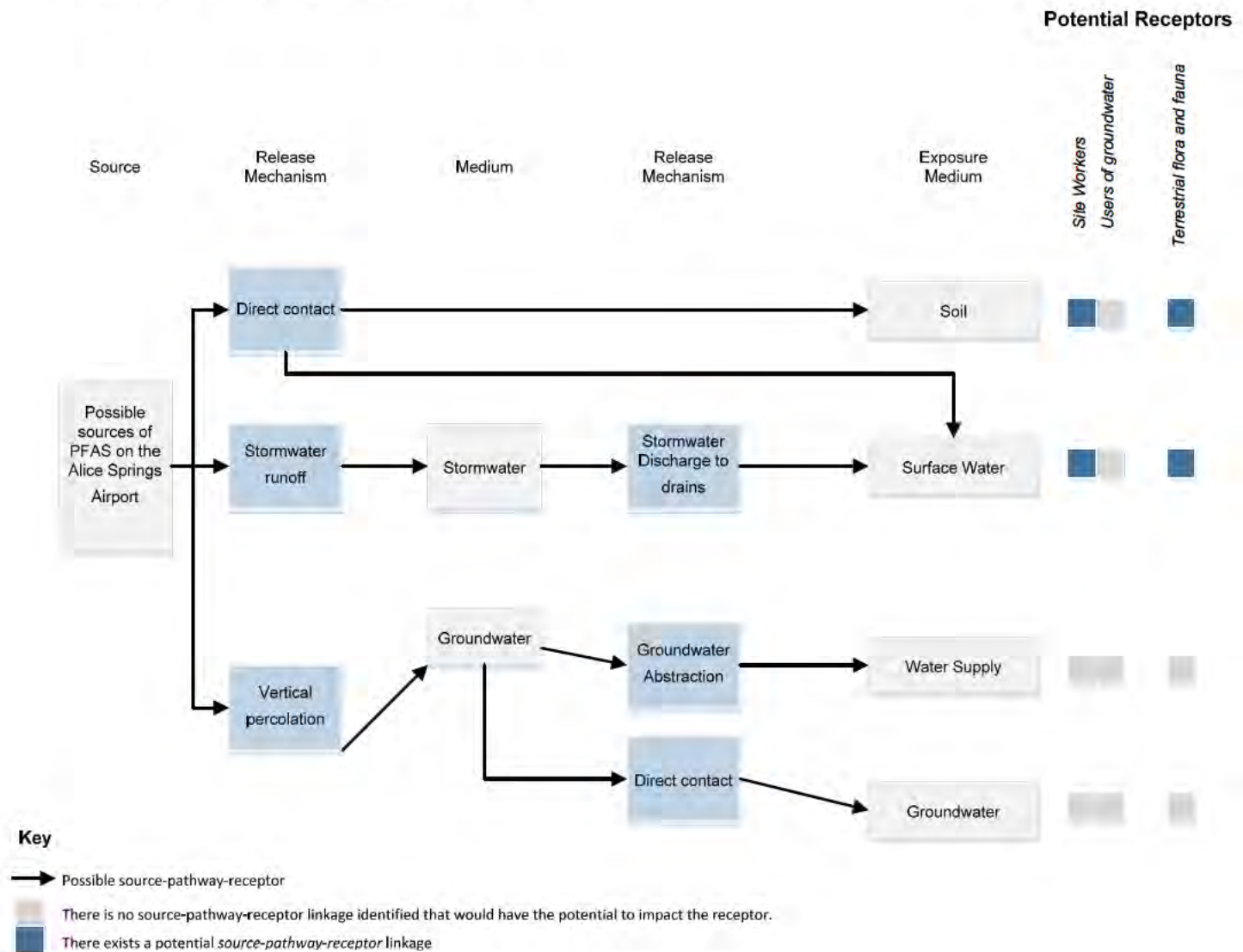
### 7.4 Potential source-pathway receptor linkages

The CSM has identified a number of potential source-pathway-receptor pollutant linkages which are highlighted in Table 7 and Chart 1. A cross sectional CSM is provided in Appendix A as Figure 5 and a pathways CSM as Figure 6. These are discussed below in the context of the ASA setting.

**Table 7 PFAS contamination – potential pollutant linkages**

Potential pollutant linkages	Key exposure routes and risks
<b>Potential human health risks</b>	
<i>Health risks to site workers who may come into contact with contaminated site media</i>	Day to day activities are not likely to expose site personnel to these media. However, it remains a possibility where workers are involved with excavation and handling of contaminated soil or surface water. It is expected that this can be managed through good hygiene practices and task-specific management plans.
<b>Potential ecological risks</b>	
<i>Terrestrial ecology – take up of PFAS from soil and surface water by soil biota and plants and subsequent consumption by larger fauna and predators</i>	There is potential for prey species to ingest impacted flora or soil and then be predated by larger animals e.g. eagles, snakes, foxes.

# Chart 1 - Conceptual Site Model





## 8. Conclusions

### 8.1 Conclusions

Based on the review of available site history information, site inspection and site interviews, the following potential sources of PFAS have been identified:

- The FTG – routine discharge of foam in this area from 1980 to 2010
- The MFS and surrounding area – wash down of vehicles and hoses, drainage associated with the bunded areas that contained foam, the daily and six-monthly foam discharges adjacent to the current AFFF fire station from 1992 to 2010
- Existing and former surface water drainage channels
- Areas where soil from FTG is currently (and historically) been relocated and stockpiled

The following potential sensitive receptors have been identified:

- Site workers whose activities may result in exposure to site soils and surface water
- Terrestrial fauna consuming impacted plant material e.g. grasses. This in turn may impact their predators

### 8.2 Summary of preliminary sampling program

Based on the data reviewed in this study and the CSM, the following summary is made:

- The primary source (use of AFFF containing PFASs) no longer exists. Secondary sources include residual soil, sediment, stockpile and minor surface water contamination.
- Soil results reported PFAS concentrations which exceeded the adopted ecological guidelines, indicating that in the areas sampled, soils may present an unacceptable risk to ecological receptors.
- Given the elevated PFAS concentrations reported in the stockpile to the south east of the FTG and in the soil in the vicinity of the FTG, it would be prudent to develop a management strategy for this soil (possible options involve excavation and containment).



## 9. References

Airports Act 1996

Airports (Environment Protection) Regulations 1997

Australian Standard AS 4482.1:2005: Guide to the Investigation and Sampling of Sites with Potentially Contaminated Soil

AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009: Risk management - Principles and guidelines

Australian Commonwealth Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Commonwealth Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Darwin Airport 2006, Soil Sample Results taken on the 2nd November 2006, Alice Springs Airport, 2006

Department of Infrastructure and Regional Development (DoIRD, 2015): GEM 002 - PFC Management Actions Advice

Environment Protection Act 1970

GHD 2008, Preliminary Site Contamination Assessment, Alice Springs ARFF Drill ground, Alice Springs Airport, September 2008

GHD, 2015, Airservices Interim Contamination Management Strategy and Decision Framework for PFC contamination, June 2015 (the 'Interim Framework')

GHD, 2016: Airservices Australia – Alice Springs Airport Sampling and Analysis Quality Plan

GHD. 2017: Airservices Australia – Alice Springs Airport Preliminary Sampling Report

Low Ecological Services 2009, Report on Soil and Waste Water Sampling at Alice Springs Airport Fire Station and ARFF Drill Ground, Alice Springs, NT January 2010

Low Ecological Services 2014, Report on Soil and Waste Water Sampling at ARFF Fire Station and Drill Facility, Alice Springs Airport, April 2014

MGT Environmental Consulting 2003, Soil and water sample analysis results from ARFF drill ground, Alice Springs Airport, June 2003

NEPC, 2013: National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 as amended 2013 (the ASC NEPM)

## 10. Limitations

This report has been prepared by GHD for Airservices Australia (Airservices) and may only be used and relied on by Airservices for the purpose agreed between GHD and Airservices.

GHD otherwise disclaims responsibility to any person other than Airservices arising in connection with this report. GHD also excludes implied warranties and conditions, to the extent legally permissible.

The services undertaken by GHD in connection with preparing this report were limited to those specifically detailed in the report and are subject to the scope limitations set out in the report.

The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on conditions encountered and information reviewed at the date of preparation of the report. GHD has no responsibility or obligation to update this report to account for events or changes occurring subsequent to the date that the report was prepared.

The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on assumptions made by GHD described in this report. GHD disclaims liability arising from any of the assumptions being incorrect.

GHD has prepared this report on the basis of information provided by Airservices and others who provided information to GHD which GHD has not independently verified or checked beyond the agreed scope of work. GHD does not accept liability in connection with such unverified information, including errors and omissions in the report which were caused by errors or omissions in that information.

The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on information obtained from, and testing undertaken at or in connection with, specific sample points. Site conditions at other parts of the site may be different from the site conditions found at the specific sample points.

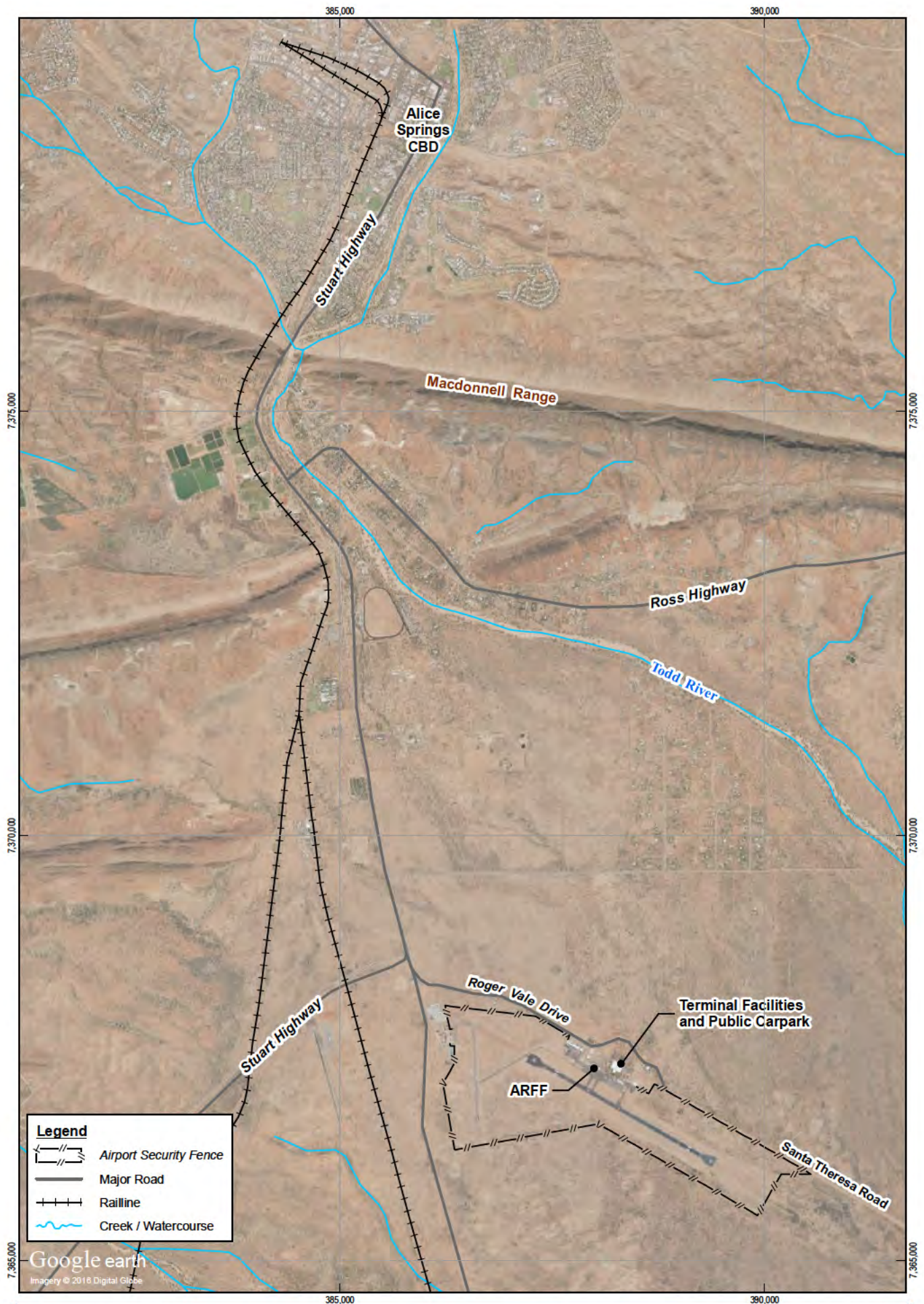
Investigations undertaken in respect of this report are constrained by the particular site conditions, such as the location of buildings, services and vegetation. As a result, not all relevant site features and conditions may have been identified in this report.

Site conditions (including the presence of hazardous substances and/or site contamination) may change after the date of this Report. GHD does not accept responsibility arising from, or in connection with, any change to the site conditions. GHD is also not responsible for updating this report if the site conditions change.

# Appendices

# Appendix A – Figures





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Metres

Map Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator  
Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



Airservices Australia  
Alice Springs Airport  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number 31-34249  
Revision A  
Date 12 Sep 2016

Site Locality

Figure 1

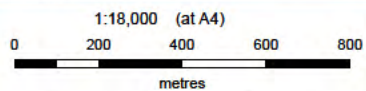
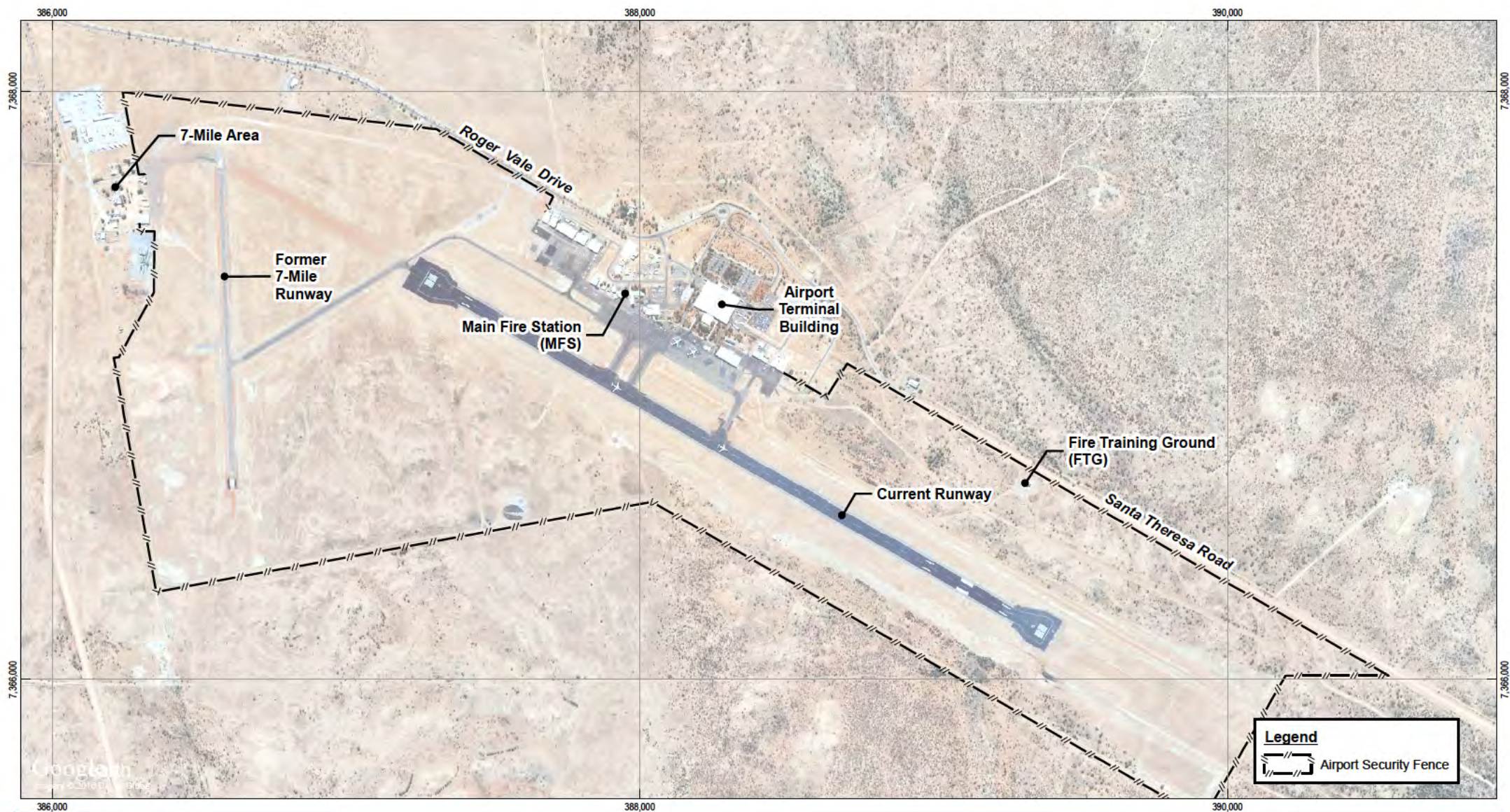
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Map Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator  
Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



Airservices Australia  
Alice Springs Airport  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number	31-34249
Revision	A
Date	30 Sep 2016

## Site Features

Figure 2a

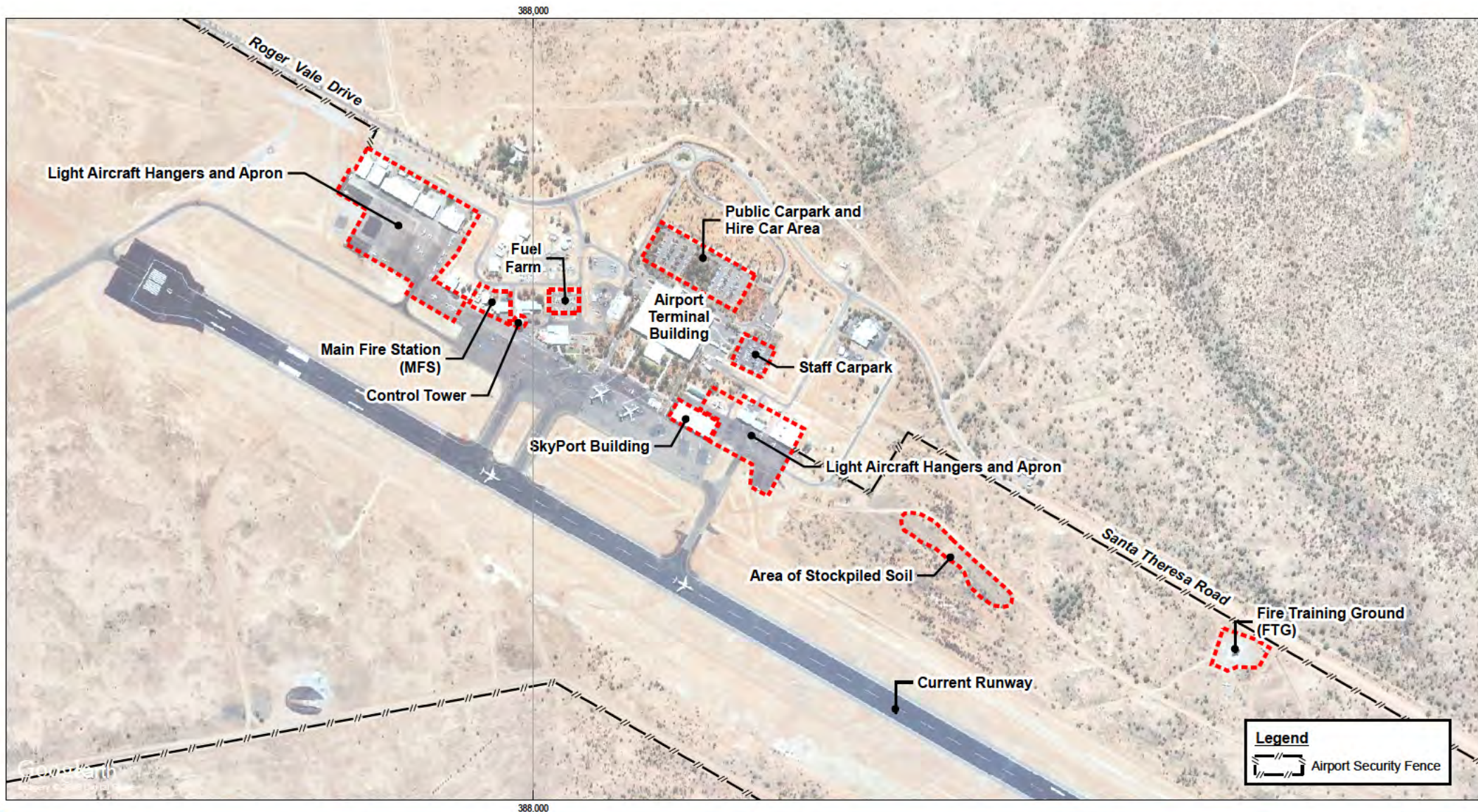
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Map Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator  
Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



Airservices Australia  
Alice Springs Airport  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number	31-34249
Revision	A
Date	06 Oct 2016

## Site Features

Figure 2b

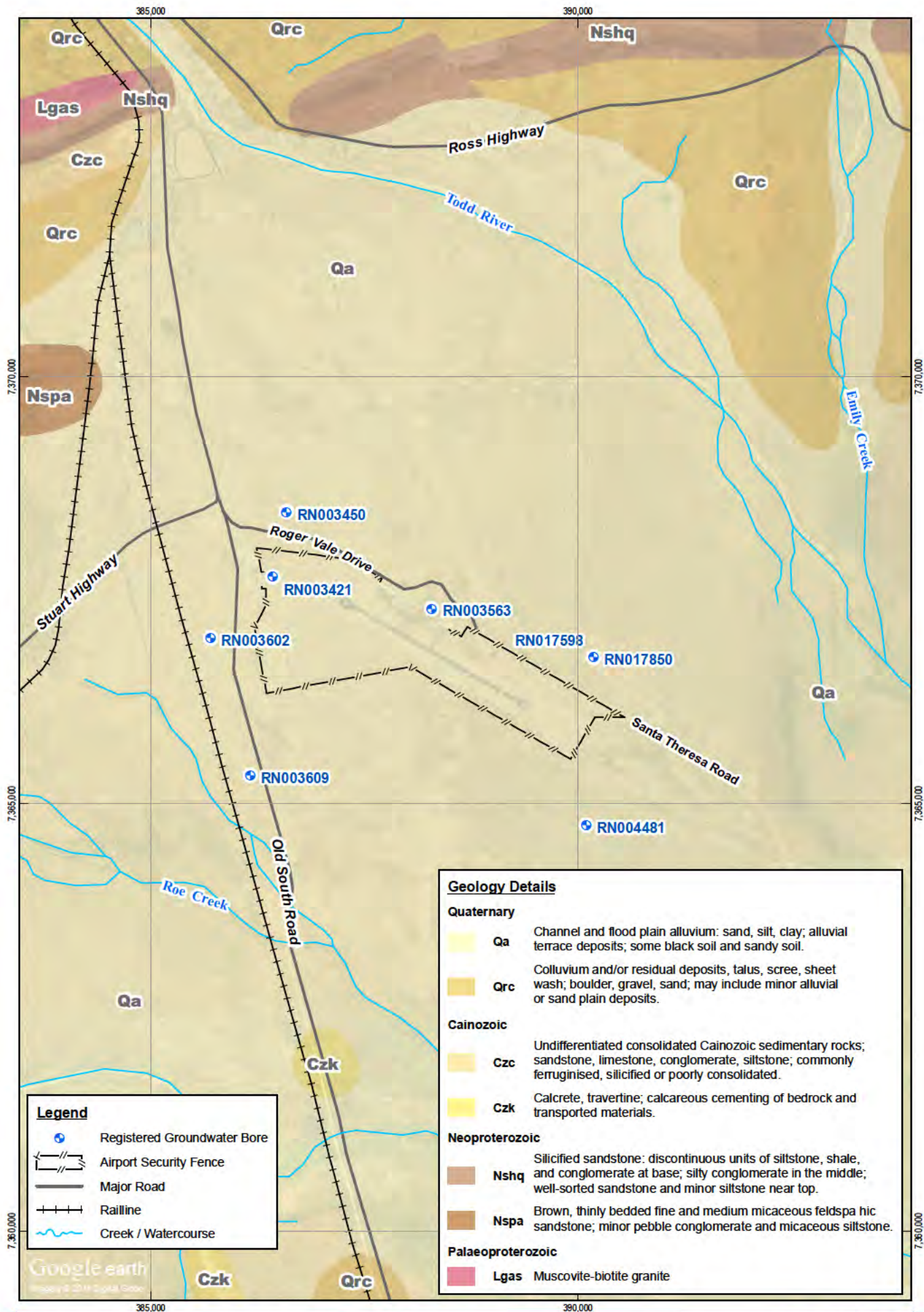
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Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



Airservices Australia  
Alice Springs Airport  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number 31-34249  
Revision A  
Date 12 Sep 2016

Geology and Hydrogeology

Figure 3

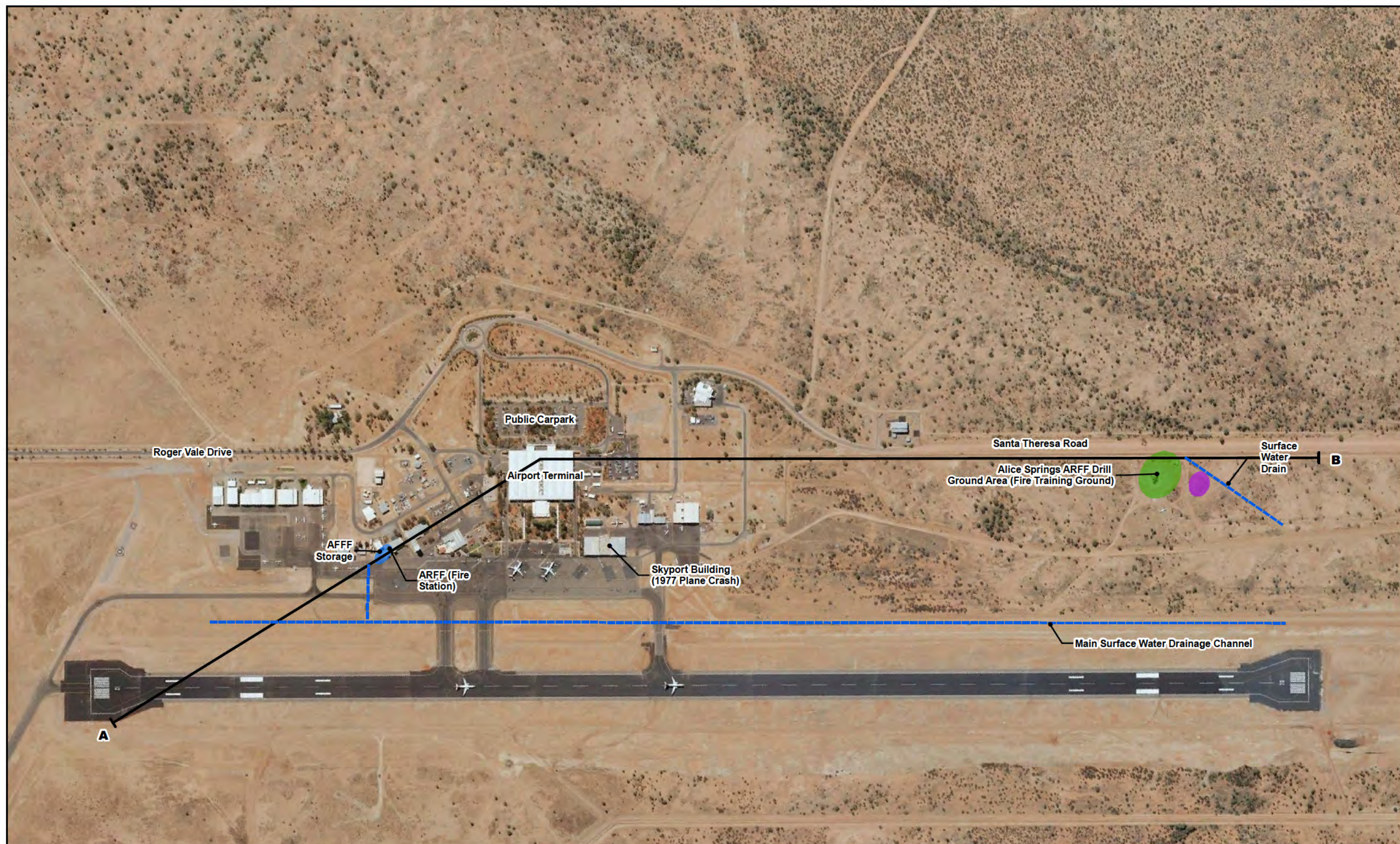
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Map Projection: Transverse Mercator  
Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



#### LEGEND

- Known usage of PFAS for training
- Landfarming remediation stockpile area
- Storage of PFAS



Airservices Australia  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number 31-34249  
Revision A  
Date 14/07/2016

Potential AFFF source areas **Figure 4**

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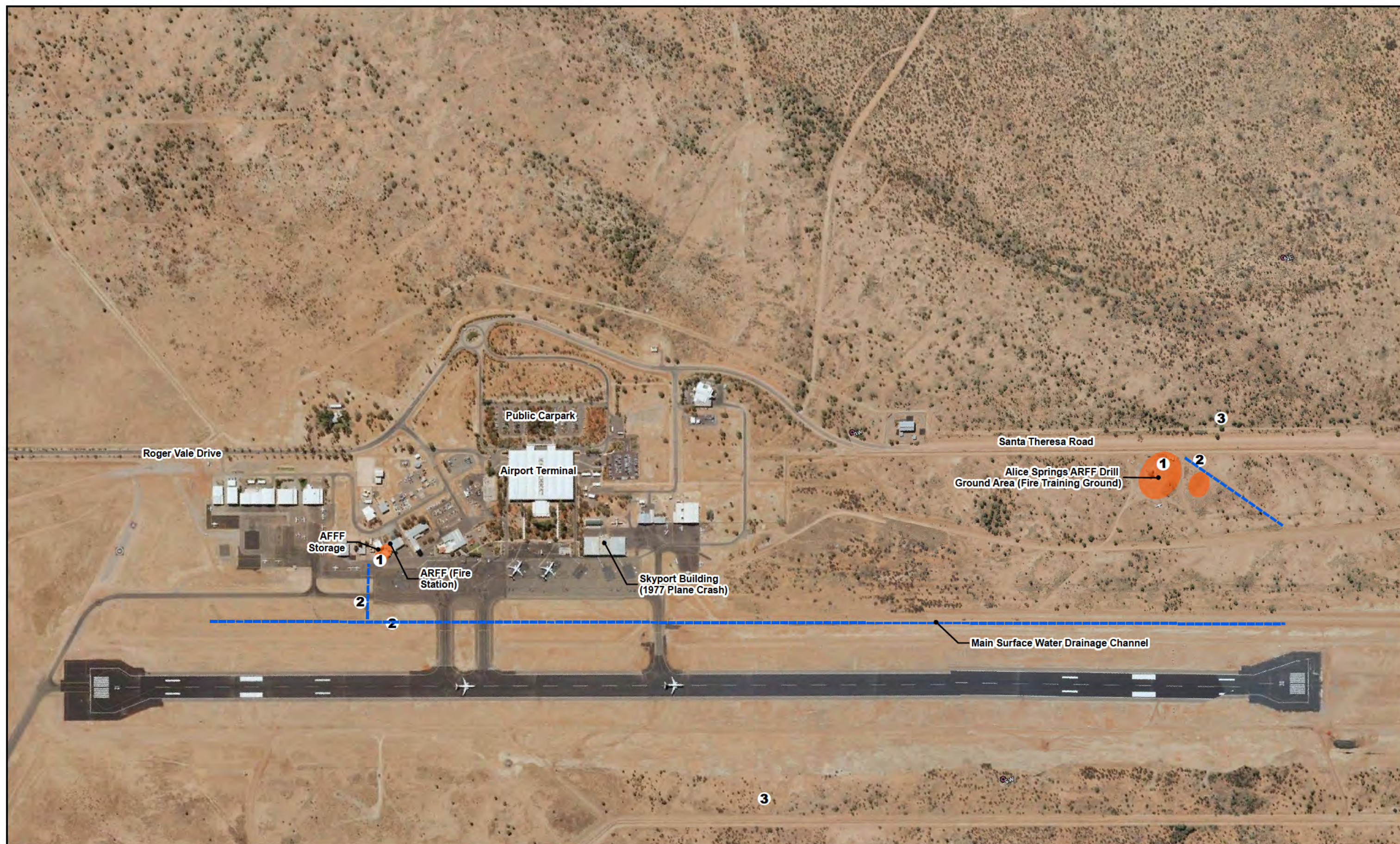
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Metres

Map Projection: Transverse Mercator  
Horizontal Datum: GDA 1994  
Grid: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 53



#### LEGEND

- Areas of Environmental Concern
- 1** Site workers exposure to impacted soils and surface water

#### Pathways

- 2** Migration of contamination to surface water
- 3** Bioaccumulation in fauna



Airservices Australia  
Preliminary Site Investigation

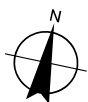
Job Number 31-34249  
Revision A  
Date 14/07/2016

Alice Springs Airport  
Conceptual Site Model Pathways **Figure 5**





Paper Size A4



Airservices Australia  
Alice Springs Airport  
Preliminary Site Investigation

Job Number 31-34249  
Revision B  
Date 13 Sept 2016

Conceptual Site Model Pathways

Figure: 6

## Appendix B – Certificate of Title



NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA

## Record of Administrative Interests and Information

### Record of Administrative Interests and Information

The information contained in this record of Administrative Interests only relates to the below parcel reference.

**Parcel Reference:** N.T. Portion 00429 plan(s) S 80/149

(See section 38 of the Land Title Act)

Note: The Record of Administrative Interests and Information is not part of the Land Register and is not guaranteed by the Northern Territory of Australia, and the NT Government accepts no Liability for any omission, misstatement or inaccuracy contained in this statement.

Registrar General

### Government Land Register

(none found)

### Custodian - Registrar General (+61 8 8999 6252)

#### Current Title

CUFT 663 311 (order 1)

#### Tenure Type

ESTATE IN FEE SIMPLE

#### Tenure Status

Current

#### Area Under Title

4 square kilometres 9 hectares 9000 square metres

#### Owners

Commonwealth of Australia

Dept. Transport & Regional Development, Level 3, 22 Cooyong Street, Canberra ACT 2601

#### Easements

(none found)

#### Unit Entitlements

(none found)

#### Transfers

(none found)

#### Tenure Comments

(none found)





**Historic Titles**

CUFT 594 089 (order 1)

CUFT 501 124 (order 1)

CUFT 166 047 (order 2)

CUFT 166 047 (order 1)

Visit the website [http://www.nt.gov.au/justice/bdm/land\\_title\\_office/](http://www.nt.gov.au/justice/bdm/land_title_office/)**Custodian - Surveyor General (+61 8 8995 5353)****Address**

196 ROGER VALE DR, CONNELLAN

**Survey Plan**

S 80/149

**Parcel Status**

CURRENT

**Parcel Area**

4 square kilometres, 9 hectares, 9000 square metres

**Map Reference**

Code 010 Scale 5000 Sheet 15.13

**Parent Parcels**

(none found)

**Parcel Comments**

PT PROP R1536 S73/96/73 - A/S AERODROME. FEE SIMPLE ACQ OVER PART BY COA CG S116 29/6/78. BAL ACQ BY COA CG S119 29/6/79 NTG 14/7/78. PROP TO CLOSE ADJ ROAD - S91/35. CAA LEASES OVER PARTS VIDE NT PORS 4132(A) S92/40, 4133A S92/41, 4134(A), 4141(A) S92/42, 4135(A) S92/43. LEASES OVER PARTS - NT PORS 4138(A), 4144(A) S92/46, 4139(A), 4145(A) S92/47. ORDER TO CLOSE ROAD NTG G16 22/4/1992. LEASE SITES S94/39-42 NT PORS 4689-4693, S94/44 NT PORS 4695-4696. LONG TERM LEASE NT POR 4710(A) S94/67. LONG TERM LEASE NT POR 4851 S95/39. NT POR 429 APPOINTED AN AIRPORT UNDER SEC 15 OF THE CUSTOMS ACT NTG 37 11/9/1963. DECLARED PART OF FEDERAL AIRPORT KNOWN AS "ALICE SPRINGS AIRPORT" UNDER FAC ACT 1986 CG GN37 27/9/1989. DECLARED A FEDERAL AIRPORT UNDER FAC ACT 1986 VIDE CG S 102 29/3/1989. DECLARED HERITAGE PLACE (SEVEN MILE AERODROME BUILDINGS) NT POR 6363(A) OVER PART NTG G40 5/10/2005.

**Survey Comments**

(none found)

**Proposed Easements**

(none found)

**Municipality**

Alice Springs Town Council

**Region**

ALICE SPRINGS

**Custodian - Valuer General (+61 8 8982 5700)****Owner's Last Known Address**

Commonwealth of Australia, Dept. Transport &amp; Regional Development Level 3 22 Cooyong Street Canberra ACT 2601

**Parcels in Valuation**

N.T. Portion 00429

**Unimproved Capital Value**

\$2,150,000 on 01/07/2006

\$1,700,000 on 01/07/2003

\$58,000 on 01/07/2000

\$50,000 on 01/07/1997

**Valuation Improvements**

12/04/1995 Special uses other

**Custodian - Property Purchasing (+61 8 8999 7722)****Acquisitions**

(none found)



**Custodian - Building Advisory Service (+61 8 8999 8965)**

**Building Control Areas**  
(none found)

**Building Permits**

**Application Number:** 3 of 4  
**Permit to Occupy Issued Date:** 03/12/1997  
**Description:** AIRCRAFT HANGER & ATTACHED OFFICE  
**Permit to Occupy Type:** Full Code  
**Number of Residential Units:** 1  
**Australian Bureau of Statistics Type:** (none found)  
**Building Class:** Warehouse  
**Area:** 1120 square metres

**Application Number:** 2 of 4  
**Permit to Occupy Issued Date:** 03/12/1997  
**Description:** AIRCRAFT HANGER & ATTACHED OFFICE  
**Permit to Occupy Type:** Full Code  
**Number of Residential Units:** 1  
**Australian Bureau of Statistics Type:** (none found)  
**Building Class:** Warehouse  
**Area:** 0 square metres

**Application Number:** 4 of 4  
**Permit to Occupy Issued Date:** 11/06/1997  
**Description:** SHOP FIT OUT TENANCY 2  
**Permit to Occupy Type:** Full Code  
**Number of Residential Units:**  
**Australian Bureau of Statistics Type:** (none found)  
**Building Class:** Shop  
Assembly building  
**Area:** 160 square metres

**Application Number:** 1 of 4  
**Permit to Occupy Issued Date:** 03/02/1994  
**Description:** SHED  
**Permit to Occupy Type:**  
**Number of Residential Units:** 1  
**Australian Bureau of Statistics Type:** (none found)  
**Building Class:** Out building  
**Area:** 36 square metres

Visit the website <http://www.nt.gov.au/lands/building/>

**Custodian - Town Planning and Development Assessment Services (+61 8 8999 6057)**

**Planning Scheme Zone**  
CA No Planning Scheme Controls

**Interim Development Control Orders**

(none found)

**Planning Notes**

(none found)

**Planning Applications****File Number**

PA1994/0698

**Type**

Subdivision

**Date Received**

06/09/1994

**Application Purpose**

CREATE 8 LOTS LEASE IN EXCESS OF 12 YEARS TO PROVIDE AIR ROUTE AND AIRWAY FACILITIES

**Application Status**

Approved

**Other Affected Parcels**

(none found)

**Instrument Signed**

25/09/1994

**Instrument Number**

DPM94/0035

**Instrument Issued**

Signed

**Instrument Status**

---

**File Number**

PA1992/0197

**Type**

Subdivision

**Date Received**

12/05/1992

**Application Purpose**

CREATE 10 LOTS

**Application Status**

Approved

**Other Affected Parcels**

(none found)

**Instrument Signed**

09/07/1992

**Instrument Number**

S 2338



**Instrument Issued**

Signed

**Instrument Status**

Completed

**Custodian - Power and Water Corporation (1800 245 092)****Meters on Parcel**

Power Water - Electricity	1
Power Water - Water	2

For Account balances, contact the Power and Water Corporation.

**Custodian - Pool Fencing Unit (+61 1300 301 059)****Swimming Pool/Spa Status**

(none found)

For more information, contact the Pool Fencing Unit (+61 1300 301 059).

**Custodian - Mines and Energy (+61 8 8999 5322)**

For information on possible Exploration Licences, contact Mines & Energy or visit the website  
<http://www.nt.gov.au/ntg/minen.shtml>

For information on possible Petroleum Titles, contact Mines & Energy for further details.

**Custodian - Environment and Heritage (+61 8 8924 4139)****Results of site contamination assessment**

(none found)

For further information contact Environment and Heritage or visit the website  
<http://www.nt.gov.au/nreta/environment/waste/register/index.html>

**Other Interests**

For Account balances, contact Alice Springs Town Council

Proposed Heritage Place. Contact the Heritage Unit, Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Environment on 8924 4143.

Date Registered: 14/07/2003

Volume 663 Folio 311

Duplicate Certificate as to Title issued? Yes 14/07/2003

### SEARCH CERTIFICATE

N.T. Portion 429 from plan(s) S 80/149

Area under title is 4 square kilometres 9 hectares 9000 square metres

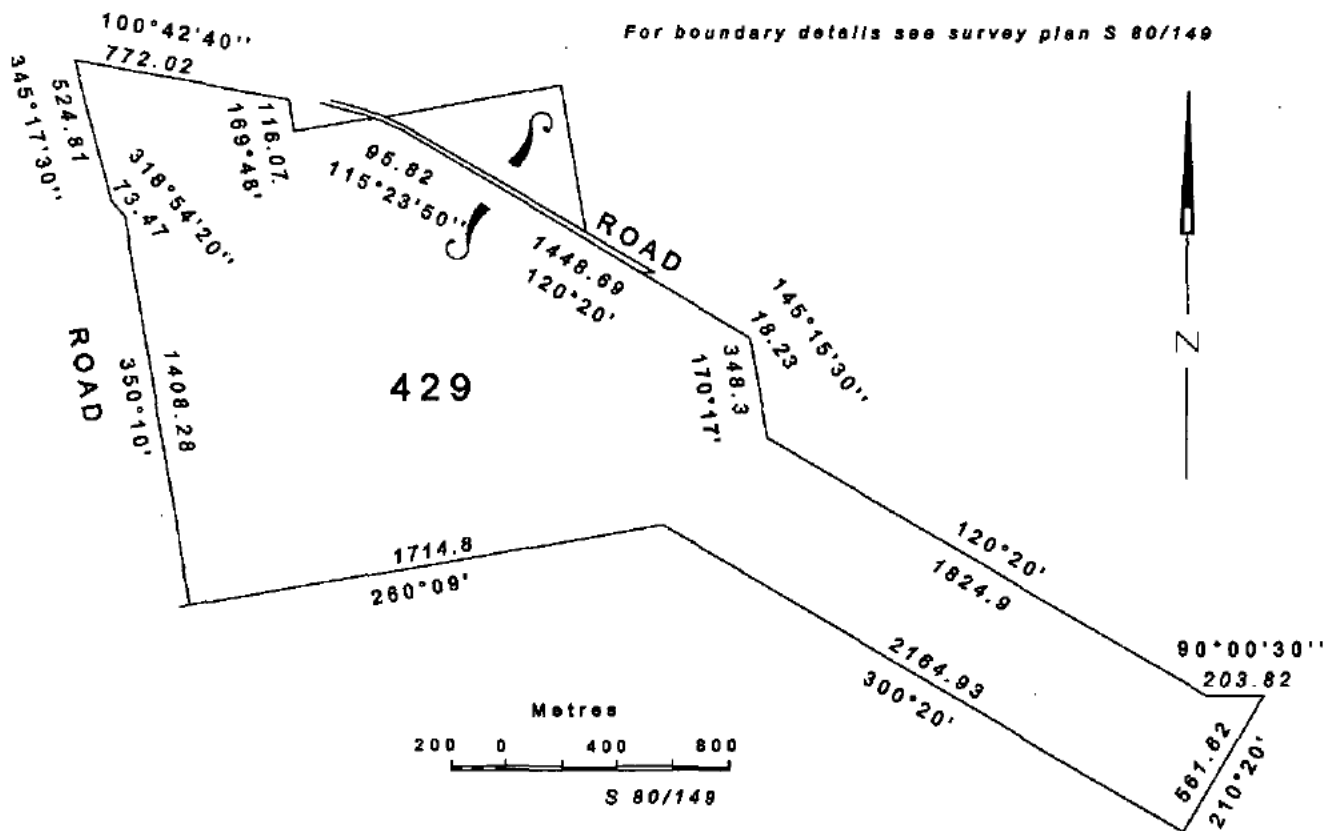
**Owner:**

Commonwealth of Australia

of Dept. Transport & Regional Development, Level 3, 22 Cooyong Street, Canberra ACT 2601

Registered Date	Dealing Number	Description
		Previous title is <b>Volume 594 Folio 089</b>
14/07/2003	524963	Request to issue Certificate as to Title
10/11/1998	411112	Mortgage of lease to CBA Corporate Services (NSW) Pty Ltd
10/11/1998	411111	Lease to Alice Springs Airport Pty. Ltd. - expiring 10/6/2048
07/08/1997	380969	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4140(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380968	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4139(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380967	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4689(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380966	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4145(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380965	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4144(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380964	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4695(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380963	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4692(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380962	Lease to Airservices Australia - Lot 4690(A) & 4691(A) - expiring 30/6/2034
07/08/1997	380961	Lease to Airservices Australia - part - expiring 30/6/2034
04/12/1996	365195	Lease to Vodafone Pty. Ltd. - part - expiring 30/6/2001
End of Dealings		

**Reservations: Interests in minerals vested in the Northern Territory of Australia by the Northern Territory (Self Government) Act 1978.**



## Appendix C – Site photographs





Photo 1	Photograph
<p>Fire Station wash down bay</p>	
Photo 2	Photo
<p>AFFF storage bund at Fire Station</p>	





Photo 3	Photo
<p>Fuel bowser at Fire Station</p>	
Photo 4	Photo
<p>Fire Station surface drain</p>	





Photo 5	Photo
<p>AFFF Storage Bund at Fire Training Ground</p>	 <p>A photograph showing a concrete bund containing several large, cylindrical storage tanks. The tanks are painted in different colors: one is green, one is blue, and others are grey. The bund is situated in a dry, open field with sparse vegetation. A small sign is visible on the bund, and a black pole stands in the foreground.</p>
Photo 6	Photo
<p>Kerosene AST and pipework at Fire Training Ground</p>	 <p>A photograph showing a white, cylindrical storage tank (AST) for kerosene, mounted on a concrete base. The tank is covered by a metal frame with a corrugated metal roof. A sign on the left side of the frame reads "KEROSENE 1223 SYE". The tank is surrounded by a concrete bund, and the area is dry and open.</p>





Photo 7	Photo
<p>Fire Ground Training Pad with mock plane</p>	
Photo 8	Photo
<p>Waste water UST at Fire Training Ground</p>	









Photo 9	Photo
Waste water separator at Fire Training Ground	 A photograph of a small, grey, rectangular waste water separator building with a corrugated metal roof. A tall, black, rectangular solar panel is mounted on a pole to the left of the building. The building is situated on a concrete pad in a dry, open field with sparse vegetation under a blue sky with scattered white clouds.
Photo 10	Photo
Surface drain parallel to runway	 A photograph showing a wide, flat landscape covered in dry, yellowish-brown grass. A dirt path or surface drain runs through the middle of the field, leading towards a distant horizon. The sky is blue with scattered white clouds.





Photo 11	Photo
<p>Fire Training Ground table drain</p>	
Photo 12	Photo
<p>Water bore and pump at 7 Mile</p>	

## Appendix D – Groundwater data search results

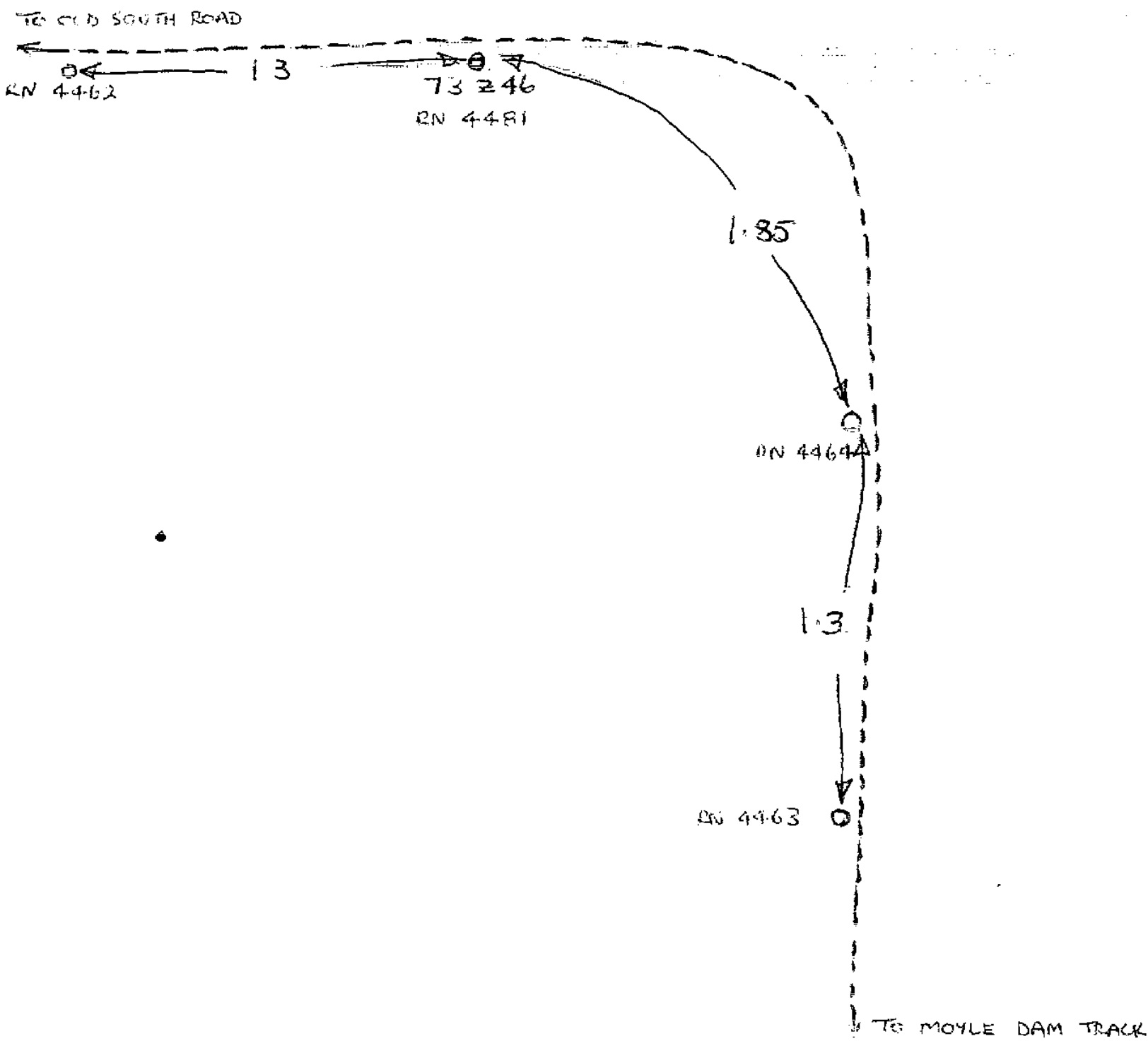




Bore 73 z 46

RN 4481

2" GWP





W R B / 1 2 4 6

INDUSTRY RESEARCH

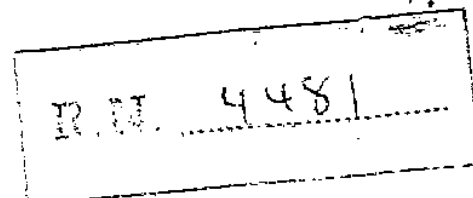
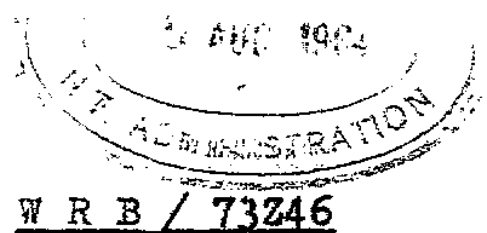
ADMINISTRATION

## Description of Samples

- 0- 20' Very coarse brown silty sand
- 20- 40' Brown medium to coarse sandy clayey silt
- 40- 50' Brown very coarse and gravelly silty sand
- 50- 60' Brown medium grained very sandy silt
- 60- 70' Brown medium to coarse sandy clayey silt
- 70- 80' Very coarse gravel. Average size of grains is  $\frac{1}{4}$ " or more.
- 80-100' Brown coarse to very coarse silty sand  
UNCONFORMITY - TOP OF TERTIARY
- 100-110' Pale grey fine to coarse sandy clay
- 110-130' Sample consists mainly of coarse Quaternary sand. Few chips of billy and hard drilling, suggest that this interval is all billy.
- 130-180' Grey and brown coarse sandy clay
- 180-190' Very coarse and gravelly greyish sand
- 190-200' Pale reddish-brown, mottled pale grey, fine sandy and silty clay
- 210-220' Coarse to very coarse sand
- 220-230' Pale reddish-brown and grey fine sandy clay
- 230-250' Coarse greyish sand
- 250-280' Mottled grey and red brown fine sandy clay
- 280-290' Medium to coarse sand
- 290-330' Grey and red-brown clay, with some coarse sand layers
- 330-350' Mottled grey and brown sandy clay
- 350-390' Mid grey slightly sandy clay with black ?carbonaceous streaks
- 390-400' Dark olive grey clay cuttings. Some cuttings of black ?carbonaceous clay

D. WOOLLEY

D. WOOLLEYResident Geologist  
22.7.64.



Description of samples

400-440'	White to pale grey silty and very fine sandy clay
440-450'	Brown and white coarse sandy clay
450-462'	White silicified fine sandy clay
462-510'	White very fine sandy clay
510-530'	Cream and grey billy
530-600'	White very fine sandy clay

*D. Woolley*  
.....

D. WOOLLEY

Resident Geologist  
30.7.64.

N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

SF53-14  
1700.43

NAME	73 Z 46	HEREENIE GRID Investigation	INDEX No.	16/715
LOCALITY	UNDOLYA		REG. No. ...	1481
DEPTH	600'		FILE No. ...	
CASINGS	28 LENGTHS 2' G.W.P.	PERFORATIONS 4 BLANK. BOTTOM 3. PERF.		
LOCATION	AMS 11-53-138965 E 736458 N	SCREENS 4 BLANK. 4 PERF 113 BLANK.		
CONTRACTOR	W.R.B.	DRILLER	M. CALLERY	DATE STARTED 15-7-64
				DATE FINISHED 24-7-64

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....							25 TOP SOIL AND SAND
AQUIFER THICKNESS..							55 BROWN SANDY CLAY
STANDING WATER LEVEL .....	201'						BROWN GREY SANDY CLAY AND QUARTZITE BOULDERS
PUMP TEST G.P.H. ....				100			103 WHITE SANDY CLAY
DRAWDOWN LEVEL..							119 BILLY BROWN SANDSTONE QUARTZITE
PUMP LEVEL .....							132 RED GREY SANDY CLAY
DURATION OF TEST HOURS ...	Pumped with air						134 BILLY
R.L. S.W.L. ....				200			BROWN GREY SANDY CLAY
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY .....							
STORAGE COEFF. ....							
ANALYSES				300			
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION .....							
T.D.S. ....	1190						370
CONDUCTIVITY .....							GREY SANDY CLAY
TOTAL HARDNESS .....	266			400			
CHLORIDE .....	150						430
BICARBONATE .....	357						451 WHITE SANDY CLAY
CARBONATE .....	NIL						468 BILLY AND LATERITE
SULPHATE .....	325			500			WHITE SANDY CLAY
NITRATE .....	NIL						512 BILLY AND LATERITE
FLUORIDE .....	1.5						540
SODIUM .....	250			600			WHITE SANDY CLAY
POTASSIUM .....	16						600
CALCIUM .....	65						
MAGNESIUM .....	25						
p.H.	7.8						
REG. ANAL. No. ....							
EQUIPMENT							
REMARKS	UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.						
	SULPHATE IN EXCESS OF 250 ppm.						

3/4-10,64 1850



DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR  
NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

MINES AND WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

Groundwater Section - Alice Springs District

RE: Alice Springs Mereenie Investigation Stage II

LOCATION: Alice Springs Mereenie Well Field

ELEVATION: 1753.01 Ground Level  
1754.59' Top of 2" Ø S.P.

DATE SPUNDED: 15/7/64

DATE COMPLETED: 24/7/64

ABBREVIATIONS

FORMATION

Q Quaternary  
T Tertiary  
Pzp Pertnjarra sandstone  
Dm Mereenie Sandstone  
Olp Pacoota Sandstone

TOOLS

B Blade Bits  
R Tricone Rock Roller  
HX Hammerbit - Tungsten Carbide Inserts

SIMULATION

s Bentonite (100 lb. sack Volclay)  
S Starch  
L Lime  
M Crushed Mica (100 lb. sack)  
Sd Sawdust (1 cub. ft. sack)  
LC Lost Circulation  
cfm Cubic Feet per Minute

INDMA NO: 16/715

REGISTERED NO: 4481

GRID LOCATION: 73 2 46

Drilling rig: W.P.B. 12 'Pilling' 4.4.1

Location: W. Gallery

CASING

Ø	diameter
gws	galvanised water pipe
6" Ø bb	6" ID Black Bore Casing
8" Ø bb	8" ID Black Bore Casing
10" Ø bb	10" ID Black Bore Casing
.	perforations
.	plotted

WATER

W.L.	Water Level - perched
S.W.L.	Standing Water Level
G.P.H.	Imperial Gallons per Hour

GENERAL

T.D.	Total Depth
S.N.T.	Supply Not Tested
F	Fahrenheit

GAMMA RAY — DRILLERS LOG

R.N. 4481

AREA MERREENIE

STATUS INVEST

DEPT. OF TRANSPORT & WORKS

LOCATION

SHEET NAME ALICE SPRINGS SE 53-14

GRID REF 170 043

LAT LONG

ELEVATION

METHOD A.H.D.

OTHER SERVICES

PERMANENT DATUM

ELEV.

LOG MEASURED FROM

m ABOVE PERM DATUM

LOGGING MEASURED FROM

DATE 3.3.76

RUN NO. 2

DEPTH DRILLER 182.92m

DEPTH LOGGER 124.0m

BTM LOG INTER.

TCP LOG INTER. 0.0m

TYPE LOG

GAMMA RAY

TYPE FLUID IN HOLE WATER

SALINITY PPM CL

DENSITY

LEVEL

61.25m

MAX REC. TEMP. °C

OPERATING PIG TIME 15.7.64

RECORDED BY C.J.B.

WITNESSED BY

BOREHOLE RECORD

CASING RECORD

NO BIT FROM TO SIZE TYPE FROM TO

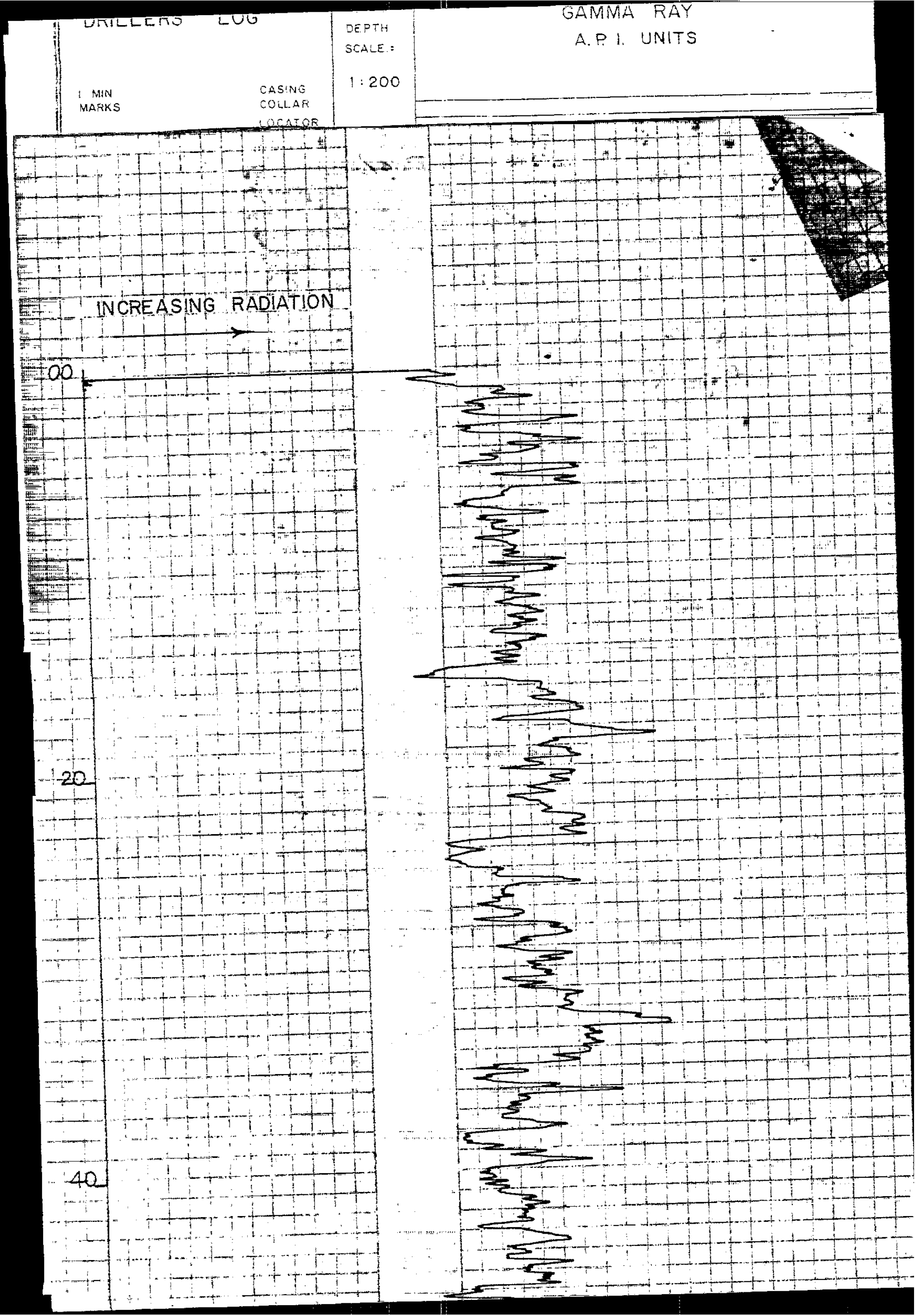
2" G.W.P. 0.0m 183.0m

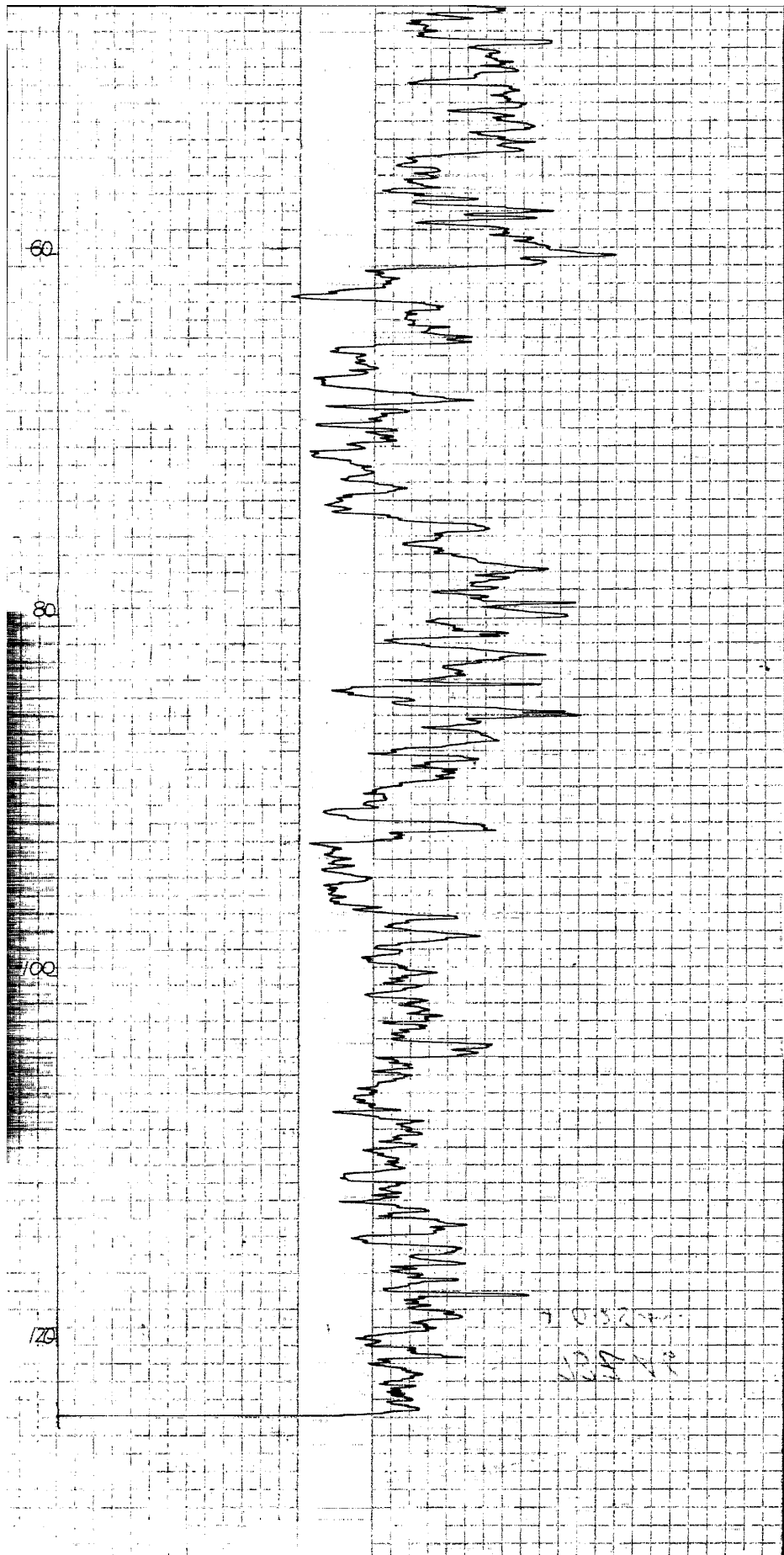
EQUIPMENT DATA					
GAMMA RAY			NEUTRON		
RUN NO.	2		RUN NO.		
TOOL MODEL NO.	LMG 15		LOG TYPE		
DIAMETER	38 mm		TOOL MODEL NO.		
DETECTOR MODEL NO.			DIAMETER	38 mm	
TYPE			DETECTOR MODEL NO.		
LENGTH			TYPE		
DISTANCE TO N SOURCE			LENGTH		
			SOURCE MODEL NO.		
GENERAL					
HOIST TRUCK NO.			SERIAL NO.		
INSTRUMENT <del>TRUCK</del> NO.	LMRD		SPACING		
TOOL SERIAL NO.			TYPE		
			STRENGTH		

LOGGING DATA										
GENERAL			GAMMA RAY				NEUTRON			
RUN NO	DEPTHS	SPEED	T.C.	SENS.	ZERO	A.P. GR. UNITS	T.C.	SENS.	ZERO	A.P. GR. UNITS
	FROM TO	m/MIN	SEC	SETTINGS	DIV. L or R	PER LOG DIV	SEC	SETTINGS	DIV. L or R	PER
2	124.0m 0.0m	10	4	Range 5	5 R					

REFERENCE LITERATURE

REMARKS







## TEMPERATURE LOG

DEPT. OF TRANSPORT &amp; WORKS

 R.N. 4481  
 AREA MEREENIE  
 STATUS INVEST

LOCATION

SHEET NAME ALICE SPRINGS SE 5314

GRID REF 170 043

LAT. LONG.

OTHER SERVICES

ELEVATION  
METHOD

A.H.D.

PERMANENT DATUM

LOG MEASURED FROM 1 m ABOVE PERM DATUM

B.M.

C.T. 536.923m

DATE 26.11.68

RUN NO

DEPTH DRILLER

DEPTH LOGGER 182.92m

BTM LOG WATER

TOP LOG INTER. 126.52m

TYPE LOG

TYPE FLUID IN HOLE

SALINITY PPM CL

DENSITY

LEVEL 60.06m

MAX. REC. TEMP. °C

OPERATING RIG TIME 15.7.64 — 24.7.64

RECORDED BY C. J. B.

WITNESSED BY

BORE - HOLE RECORD

NO. BIT FROM TO

2" G.W.P. 0.0m FROM TO 190.0m

CASING RECORD

SIZE TYPE FROM TO

2" G.W.P. 0.0m FROM TO 190.0m

## TEST DATA

## EQUIPMENT DATA

RUN NO	1	2	3
DEPTH FROM	0.0 m		
TO	126.52m		
LOGGING SPEED m/min	2.8 m		
TIME START			
FINISH			
TEMP LOG °C / cm	1 Div = 0.79° F		
MAX. TEMP.	Air 84° F		
DIFF LOG SENS.			
SPACING			

TOOL DIAM. 38 mm

NO.

PANEL NO.

TRUCK NO.

OTHER DATA

## BORE DATA

REMARKS

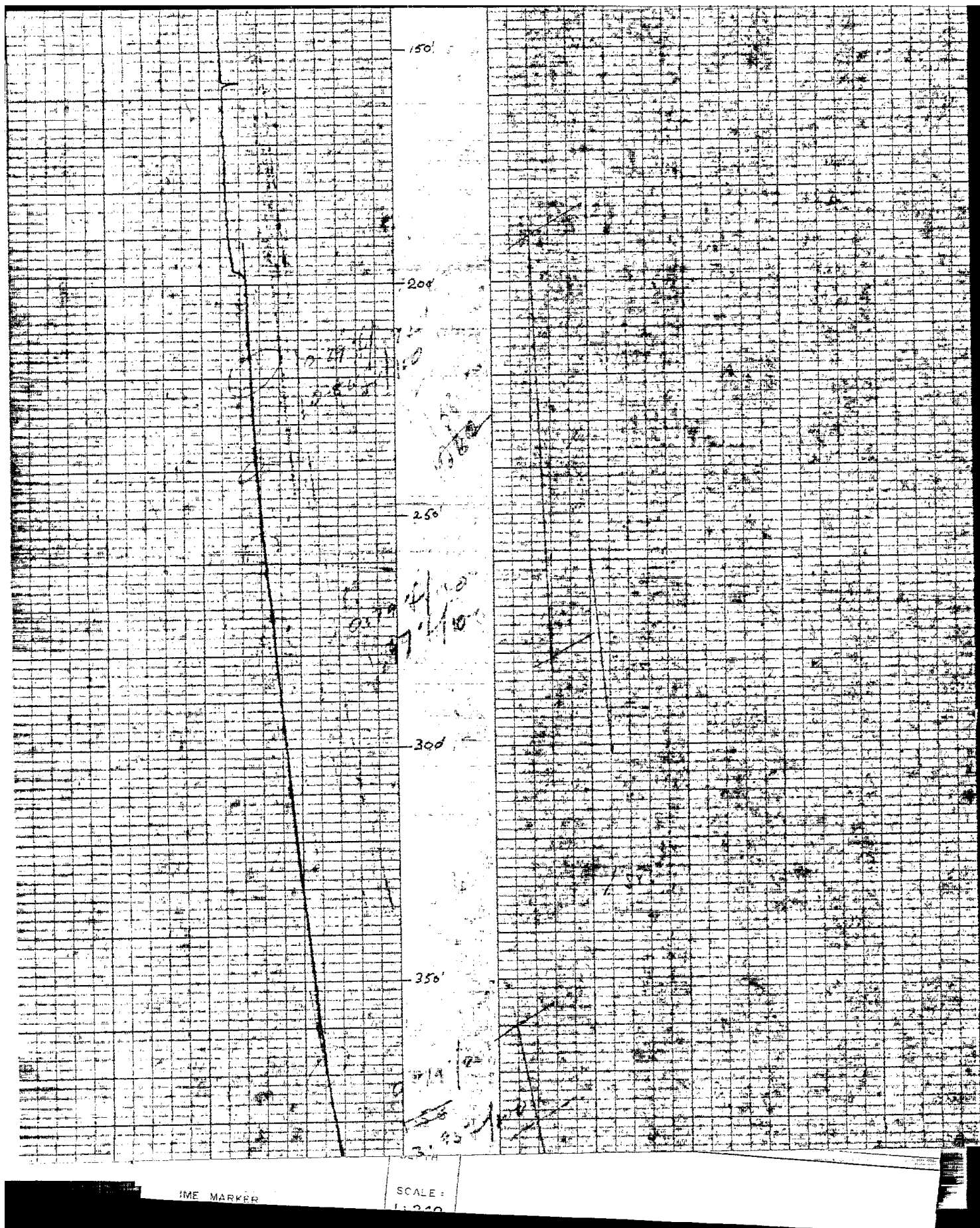
DEPTH

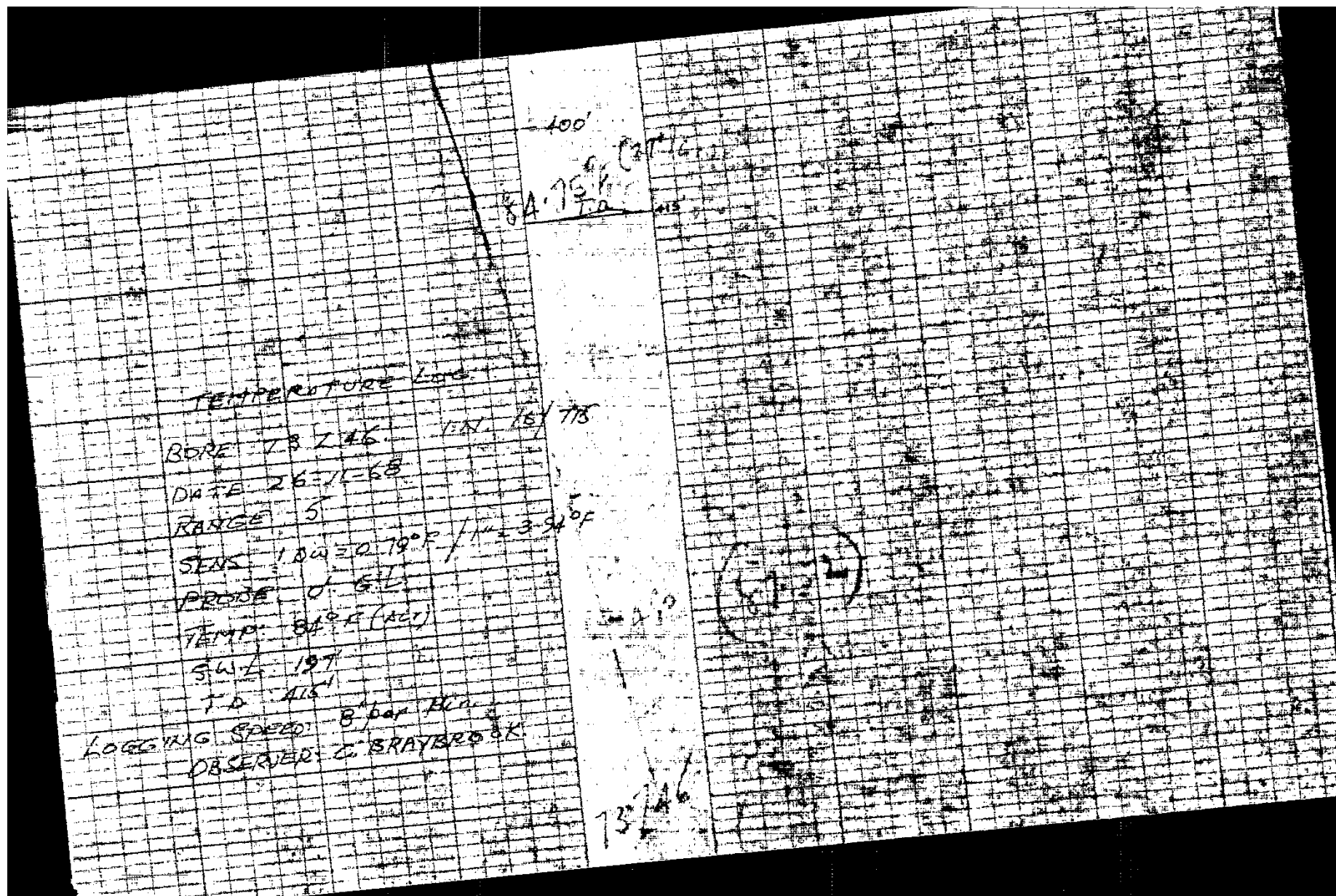
SCALE :

1:240

TIME MARKER







N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

Mereenie Grid Point 73Z46

NAME 73Z46

INDEX No.

16/715

LOCALITY Undoolya Station

REG. No. ...

4481

DEPTH 600 ft.

182.9m

FILE No. ...

CASINGS 28 lengths 2" pipe

PERFORATIONS 4 blank on bottom then 3 perforated  
SCREENS 4 blank 4 perforated and 13 blank

LOCATION

/

/

E

N

SURFACE R.L.  
LEVELB M R.L.  
LEVEL

DATUM

CONTRACTOR Water Resources Branch

DRILLER M.F. Callery

DATE  
STARTED 15/7/64DATE  
FINISHED 14/7/64

## WATER

## STRATA SECTION

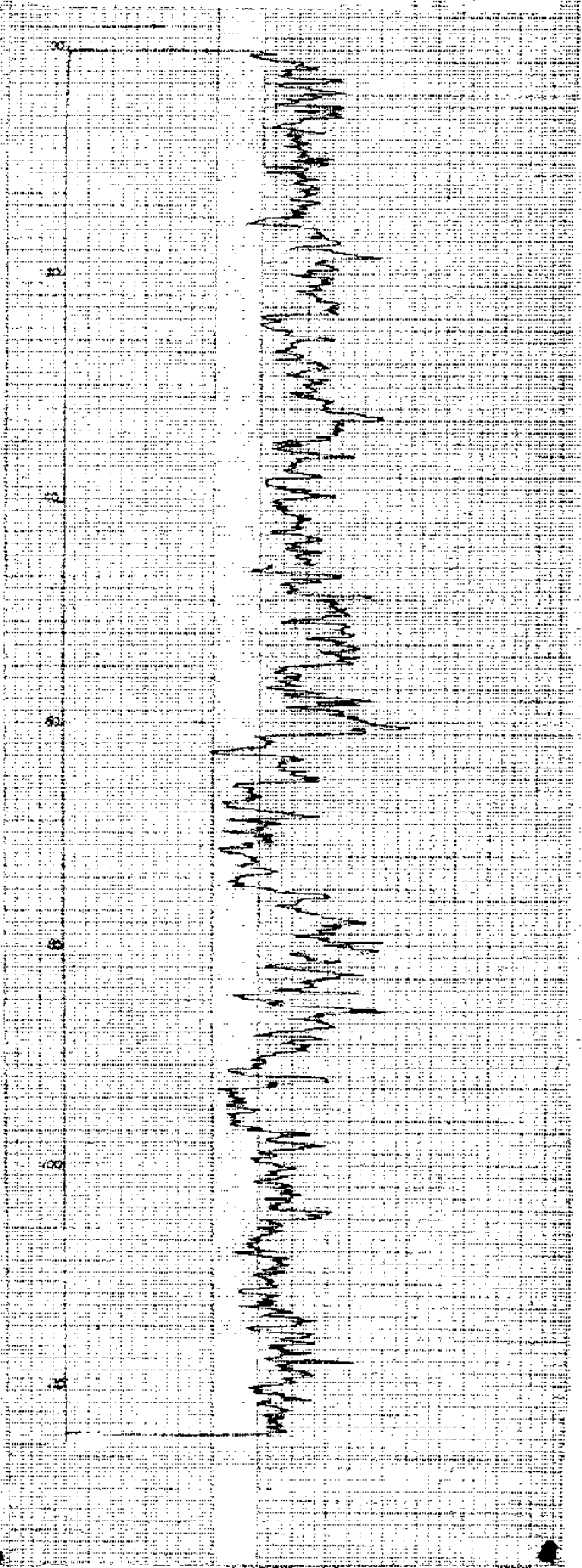
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	FOU	SEC.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....								Top soil and sand
AQUIFER THICKNESS..								Brown sandy clay
STANDING WATER LEVEL .....	200' 10"							Brown & grey sandy clay and quartzite boulders
PUMP TEST G.P.H. ....				180				White sandy clay
DRAWDOWN LEVEL..								Billy brown sandstone & quartzite
PUMP LEVEL .....								Red and grey sandy clay
ESTIMATION HOURS ...	Pumping							Billy
EST G.P.H. ....	with air							
R.L. S.W.L. ....				200				
WATER TEMPERATURE °C								
TRANSMISSIBILITY .....								
STORAGE COEFF. ....								Brown and grey sandy clay
ANALYSES	24/7/64			200				
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION .....								
T.D.S. ....	266							
CONDUCTIVITY .....								
TOTAL HARDNESS .....				400				Grey sandy clay
CHLORIDE .....								
BICARBONATE .....								White sandy clay
CARBONATE .....								Billy and laterite
SULPHATE .....				500				White sandy clay
NITRATE .....								Billy and laterite
FLUORIDE .....	1.5							White sandy clay
SODIUM .....				600				
POTASSIUM .....								
CALCIUM .....								
MAGNESIUM .....								
REG. ANAL. No. ....								
EQUIPMENT								
REMARKS								

SM-10.64 1556



DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHERN TERRITORY  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
GEOPHYSICAL BORE LOG  
MEDANIE GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION 1975-76

BORE 73746 R.N. 4481 STATUS Investigation  
GRID COORD. 389 254 535 E  
7924 28 438 N ELEVATION 536 923  
LOG GAMMA DRILLER W.R.B.  
DATE DATE COMMENCED 15/6/76  
DIPED 10m/min DATE COMPLETED 21/7/76  
SENSITIVITY BORE CONDITION  
I.C. 1.5sec CASING 28gms 2" G.W.P.  
RANGE 3 DEPTH DRILLER 18200  
FIRST READING 12400 DEPTH LOGGER 12400  
LAST READING 0.0m REMARKS  
INTERVAL 12400m  
INSTRUMENT MEDANIE  
SERVICE W.R.B.  
HORIZONTAL VERTICAL 1:200

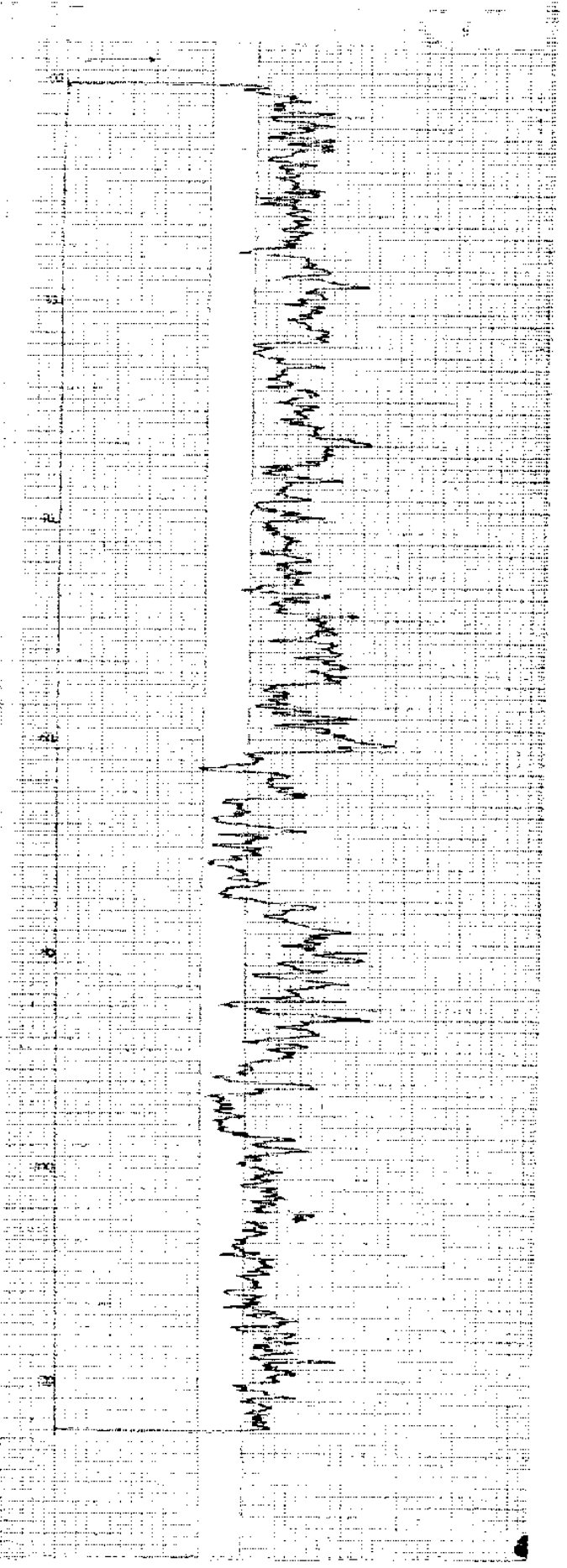


16/7/76

DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHERN TERRITORY  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
GEOPHYSICAL BORE LOG  
HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 1975-76

BORE 73746 R.N. 418/1      STATUS: *Investigation*  
RND COORD: 589 564 655 E      ELEVATION: 536.923  
             7154 581 458 N  
BO: 6.7MMA      DRILLER: WRB  
DATE:      DATE COMMENCED: 27/6/76  
REEL: 10m/30m      DATE COMPLETED: 27/6/76  
SENSITIVITY:      BORE CONDITION:  
BO: 1.5m/s      CASING: 28mm 2" G.W.P.  
CABLE: 3      DEPTH DRILLER: 18200  
FIRST READING: 22.00 m      DEPTH LOGGER: 12400  
LAST READING: 2.0 m      REMARKS:  
INTERVAL: 12.10 m  
INSTRUMENT: LWRB-LWRB 15  
SERIAL: 1073

HORIZONTAL:      VERTICAL: 1:100



RECEIVED  
12 FEB 2004  
GROUNDWATER DATA

THE NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA  
Water Act  
FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE

RECEIVED  
12 FEB 2004  
GROUNDWATER DATA

Name of Owner: N T GOVERNMENT  
Name of Bore: SHANNON 1/03  
Intended use: INVESTIGATION  
Location: *FAC Land (Alice Springs)*

Registration No.: 17850  
Index Map No.: *16/2776*  
Permit No.:

From	To	Particulars of Strata	Name of Contractor: NAT RES			
0	3	RED TOPSOIL SAND AND LATERITE	Name of Driller: P PARDON			
3	10	RED BROWN SANDY CLAYS	Date Commenced: 01/04/03			
10	14	BROWN CLAY WITH COARSE SAND/GRAVELS	Date Completed: 02/05/03			
14	52.8	YELLOW AND BROWN SANDY CLAY	Depth Drilled: 324 m			
52.8	55.3	YELLOW BROWN CLAY AND SANDSTONE	Completion Depth: 324 m			
55.3	99	BROWN SANDY CLAY	METHOD OF DRILLING			
99	134	BROWN CLAY WITH BANDS OF COARSE SAND	Rotary	Rev. Cir	Cable	Other
134	175	BROWN AND GREY CLAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
175	297	RED AND WHITE CLAY WITH BANDS OF SAND	HOLE DIAMETER			Drilling Fluid
297	310	SAND AND CLAY	From	To	Diam	Type
310	313	FIRM BROWN CLAY	0	6	310mm	AIR
313	320.7	SAND SANDSTONE AND BROWN CLAY	6	322	200mm	PAC R/PAC L
320.7	324	FIRM BROWN CLAY	322	324	90mm	PAC R/PAC L

PARTICULARS OF CASING				PARTICULARS OF PERFORATIONS OR SCREEN STRINGS				
From	To	Diam (ID)	Type	From	To	Diam (ID)	Aperture	Type
0	6	203mm	STEEL	6	324		OPEN HOLE	

Casing Suspended: Yes ☐ No ☒  
Method: SEATED AND CEMENTED  
Height of Casing above GL: 300mm

Top of Packer set at: N/A m  
Length of Packer: N/A m  
Method of Packer Connection: N/A

CEMENTING/GRAVEL PACKING			WATER BEARING BEDS									
From	To	Type	Depth (m)		Yield	SWL	Duration	Quality	EC	ph	Bottle	
			From	To	L/s	m	hr				No.	
0	6	CEMENT	HOLE	DRILLED	WITH	MUD	NO	AIRLIFT	DONE			

STRATA and WATER SAMPLES  
Have been ☒ Will be ☐  
Left at: ALICE SPRINGS

Completion Yield: NIL L/s Method: Duration: hr  
Complion SWL from GL: m Depth of lift: m

Viewed at 15:08:53 on 25/08/2016

Page 1 of 16.

LOCATION SKETCH OF BORE				LOCATION DESCRIPTION OF BORE			
<p style="font-size: 1.5em; margin: 0;">AGD66 390051 7366549</p>							m/km
				E <input type="checkbox"/>	SE <input type="checkbox"/>		
				W <input type="checkbox"/>	NE <input type="checkbox"/>		
				N <input type="checkbox"/>	SW <input type="checkbox"/>		
				S <input type="checkbox"/>	NW <input type="checkbox"/>		
				OF:			
<b>FINAL CONSTRUCTION STATUS</b> Capped <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Casing Pulled <input type="checkbox"/> Left for Obs. <input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned <input type="checkbox"/> Equipped <input type="checkbox"/> Backfilled <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>							
GPS DATUM:    AGD66 <input type="checkbox"/> WGS84 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GDA94 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Easting    Northing							
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INTEREST ABOUT THE BORE:</b> Hole was not completed due to lack of funds and to be completed at a later date							
Signature of Licensed Driller: <u>P PARDON</u> Date: <u>21/01/04</u>							
<b>FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY</b>							
How Located:    GPS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TST <input type="checkbox"/> Survey <input type="checkbox"/> Hand Plotted <input type="checkbox"/> other <input type="checkbox"/>							
ELEVATION OF BORE AHD:    (m) from:    GL <input type="checkbox"/> TOC <input type="checkbox"/>							
<b>DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:</b> Rural <input type="checkbox"/> Mineral <input type="checkbox"/> Pastoral <input type="checkbox"/> Reserve <input type="checkbox"/> VCL <input type="checkbox"/> SPL <input type="checkbox"/> EL <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							
Lease No:    Lot No:    Hundred of:    Portion No:    Section No:    Town of:							
Class of Bore:    Town <input type="checkbox"/> Domestic <input type="checkbox"/> Investigation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> Mineral <input type="checkbox"/> Pastoral <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>							
Use of Bore:    Production <input type="checkbox"/> Investigation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Irrigation <input type="checkbox"/> Observation <input type="checkbox"/> Monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Roads <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/>							
Grid Reference: <u>GDA94</u> AMG <input type="checkbox"/> Clark <input type="checkbox"/> Zone: <u>53</u> Scale: <u>1:100000</u> Easting: <u>390180</u> Latitude:    Map Name: <u>Alice Springs - Rural</u> Northing: <u>7366720</u> Longitude:    Map Number: <u>5650 map 16</u>							
AWRC stream Basin Number:    Major Geological Units Name: <u>Sheet</u>							
Geophysical Log Run:    Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Date:    Depth:    m Gamma <input type="checkbox"/> SP <input type="checkbox"/> Caliper <input type="checkbox"/> Point Res. <input type="checkbox"/> Density <input type="checkbox"/> Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Other ( )							
Test Pump carried out:    Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>							
Date Registered: <u>18/02/2004</u> Bore Plotted on the map?    Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>							
Officer: <u>P. Turner</u> Signature: <u>[Signature]</u>							
Remarks: <u>17850</u>							

DATE 1-4-03 TOB

BORE No  
RN 17850

Supervisor: \_\_\_\_\_

Silverson 1603

**Driller:**

[illegible]





## DRILLERS LOG

WR 9/1

[illegible]

[illegible]







# DRILLERS LOG

WR 9/1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.		
0730				Service Casing + Pull out COLLARS								
				TAKE OFF STAB AND PUT ON 2x3m COLLAR								
				6" TAIL INTO 163 AND SPAC CLEANED								
				Re Bottom ADD (25) + CONC Drilling								
				171.2 - 175.2 m Brown Gray Clay								
				Clear Hole AND ADD ROD (26) 175.2								
1023				187.3 White + Red Clay ADD (27)								
1039				181.3 - 187.4 White Clay ADD (28)								
				187.4 - 193.5 White Clay ADD (29)								
1132				193.5 - 199.6 AS ABOVE ADD (30)								
				199.6 - 205.7 AS ABOVE HARD BAND								
1216				AT 204.7 ADD ROD (31) 205.7 - 211.8								
				AS ABOVE ADD ROD (32) 211.8 - 218.9								
				AS ABOVE ADD (33) 217.9 - 224m AS								
				ABOVE ADD (34) 224-230.1 AS ABOVE								
				ADD (35) 230.1 - 236.2 White Clay								
1401				ADD (36) 236.2 - 242.3 White Clay								
1445				Clear Hole + Tail out								
1745				TRV. US HARD SPIN DOWN								
				LOTS OF TROUBLE WITH CLAY PUMPS								
				OUT CABLE ON LOSS BREAKS FALL								
				RODS OUT OF CASING TWICE.								



## DRILLERS LOG

WR 9/1

[illegible]

## DRILLERS LOG

WR 9/1

[illegible]



DRILLERS LOG Power and water authority

WR 9/1

DATE: 29-04-03

BORE NO. RN 17850

Supervisor: S HENRY

SILKMAN 1/03

Driller: P ANDERSON

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				MUDS OF BIT WERE UP FLIGHT	3	1 1/2"	DRILL		DRILL	8"	90	90	TANK 1		
0935				MIX MUD AND START RUNNING IN					DRILL	3"	28	118	9.1 PH		
				HOLE TIGHT? FROM 534 DOWN BUT					DRILL	6"	2.98	4.12	38 SECS		
				SANDSTONE + CONT THICKENING IN					DRILL	6"	3.00	7.12	1 BAG		
1310				HOLE ON ENGINE COMPRESSION BLOCK					DRILL	6"	5.88	13.00			
				OFF BIT NEW HOSE AND CONDITION					DRILL	5 1/2"	20	13.20	PH 1		
				MUD UP. (NEW PACE NOT THICKENING QUICK)					DRILL	5 1/2"	5.74	17.94	9.7		
1425				CONT RUNNING IN CLEAN BUT					DRILL	4 1/2"	5.98	23.92	37 SECS		
1600				TO 216 m PORE PRESS 8 RODS					DRILL	4 1/2"	30.5	54.42	1 BAG.		
				BACK UP + SHUT DOWN					DRILL	4 1/2"	120	174.42			
									DRILL	4 1/2"	42.74	712	TANK 2		
													PH 9.1		
													38 SECS		
													1 BAG		
													TANK 3		
													PH 9.3		
													38.5 SECS		
													3 BAGS		
													1 BAG IN PH		
													TANK 4		
													PH 9.1		
													38 SECS		
													2 BAGS		



[illegible]

# DRILLERS LOG

WR 9/1

[illegible]



N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

OCT. '68.  
SF53-14  
160038NAME Z.E. GRID REF 5F 74 Z 50.49

INDEX No.

16/329LOCALITY ROAD RESERVE

REG. No. ...

3602DEPTH 701' 213.67m

FILE No. ...

USINGS 387' / 4"

PERFORATIONS

SCREENS

NILLOCATION AMQ  
Surveyed 53 1385571 E7366766NSURFACE R.L. 1789.92

B.M. R.L.

DATUM M.S.L.PT AUGUSTA.CONTRACTOR W.R.B.DRILLER L. HARGRAVEDATE STARTED 12-1-62DATE FINISHED 18-1-62

## WATER

## STRATA SECTION

AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	YOU	SEC.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....	<u>84'</u>							TOP SOIL - SANDY CLAY SAND AND GRAVEL
AQUIFER THICKNESS..								
LANDING WATER LEVEL .....	<u>256'</u>	<u>78.03m</u>						YELLOW WHITE CLAY AND GRAVEL
IMP 5' G.P.H. ....	<u>SEEPAGE</u>			<u>200</u>				BROWN AND WHITE CLAY AND GRAVEL
LAWDOWN LEVEL..								
IMP LEVEL .....								
URATION TEST HOURS ...								
.. S.W.L. ....				<u>400</u>				WHITE SANDY CLAY
ATER MPERATURE °C								
ANSMISSIBILITY .....								WHITE CLAY & <del>SILT</del> SANDSTONE
ORAGE COEFF.....								WHITE CLAY & SILICEOUS SANDSTONE
ANALYSES				<u>600</u>				WHITE AND YELLOW SANDSTONE
NOMIAL ASSIFICATION .....								WITH ODD RED BROWN CLAY.
D.S. ....	<u>1023</u>							
NDUCTIVITY .....								
OTAL RDNESS .....	<u>34</u>			<u>800</u>				
ILL -DE .....	<u>335</u>							
CARBONATE .....	<u>164</u>							
ARBONATE .....	<u>9</u>							
LPHATE.....	<u>151</u>							
TRATE .....	<u>NIL</u>							
UORIDE.....	<u>0.5</u>							
IDIUM.....	<u>335</u>							
ITASSIUM .....	<u>20</u>							
ALCIUM .....	<u>NIL</u>							
AGNESIUM .....	<u>8</u>							
<u>P.H.</u>	<u>9.3</u>							
IG. ANAL. No.....								
QUIPMENT								

500  
350  
150  
1.90

PLACE THIS EDGE TO FILE SCORE OR FILE EDGE

FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION OF STRATA	Name of Bore
0	20	Top soil sandy clay <del>and</del>	Name of Property
20	160	sand & gravel	<u>EC</u>
160	300	Yellow white clay & gravel	Description of Property
300	482	Brown & white clay & "	ROAD RESERVE
482	500	White sandy clay	Name of Owner
500	590	White clay & sandstone	AS ABOVE
590	701	White clay & siliceous sandstone	Name of Contractor
		White & yellow sandstone with odd red brown clay	Name of Driller
LOCATION OF BORE: (or supply sketch on back hereof.) .....Miles			Date of Commencement
Shot point 15 On seismic line Circle appropriate direction Arrow to known point such as existing bore, homestead, outstation, etc.			Date of Completion
N      NE S      SE E      NW W      SW			Total Depth
of (b) ..... ..... .....			Particulars of Casing
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF INTEREST			Particulars of Perforations on Screens.
Losing water rapidly after 600			WATER 1st SUPPLY    2nd SUPPLY    3rd SUPPLY Struck at Standing Water 84    600 onward Level Pumping Supply, ccpage G.P.H. Duration of Pump Test Water Level during Test Quality- good, fair or bad
Samples of strata and Water supplies have been } or, will be } left at the following Trading Place ..... ..... (SIGNATURE) J. BENNAN			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.			

Origin of Water MERSENIE GRID Reference SN 65 / 451  
BORE ZE Specimen Advice Note No. 9628  
 Date Sampled 23-2-65 Date Received 26/2/65

## Results in parts per million

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

" Total . . . . . 424  
 " Temporary . . . . . 241  
 " Permanent . . . . . 183

## ALKALINITY IN EXCESS OF TOTAL

HARDNESS . . . . . Nil

CHLORIDE . . . . . 110 3.10

SULPHATE . . . . . 242 5.04

FLUORIDE . . . . . 0.9

CALCIUM . . . . . 90 4.49

BICARBONATE . . . . . 294 4.82

CARBONATE . . . . . Nil

SODIUM . . . . . 94 4.09

POTASSIUM . . . . . 11 0.28

MAGNESIUM . . . . . 49 4.03

NITRATE . . . . . 5 0.08

NITRITE . . . . . Not Determined

AMMONIA . . . . . H H

TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS . . . . . 896

pH 8.0

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

The above results are forwarded for your information.

Signature W. R. Newman

6,250 ppm. equals approx. 1 oz. per gall.

Date 23-3-65

1200-1.63 7521

Origin of Water MERSENIE GRID Reference SN 65 / 315  
BORE ZE Specimen Advice Note No. 9261  
 Date Sampled 9/12/64 Date Received 11/12/64

## Results in parts per million

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

" Total . . . . . 34  
 " Temporary . . . . . 34  
 " Permanent . . . . . Nil

## ALKALINITY IN EXCESS OF TOTAL

HARDNESS . . . . . 115

CHLORIDE . . . . .	335	9.45	
SULPHATE . . . . .	151	3.14	
FLUORIDE . . . . .	0.5		
CALCIUM . . . . .	Nil		
BICARBONATE . . . . .	164	2.69	
CARBONATE . . . . .	9	0.30	
SODIUM . . . . .	335	14.58	} 1970
POTASSIUM . . . . .	20	5.12	
MAGNESIUM . . . . .	8	0.66	
NITRATE . . . . .	Nil		
NITRITE . . . . .	NOT DETERMINED		
AMMONIA . . . . .	" "		
$\frac{HCO_3}{Cl} = 0.28$ . . . . .			
$\frac{HCO_3}{SO_4} = 0.86$ . . . . .			
TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS . . . . .	1023		

pH 9.3

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

The above results are forwarded for your information.

Signature *B. J. Smith*

Date 5/1/65

6,250 ppm. equals approx. 1 oz. per gall.

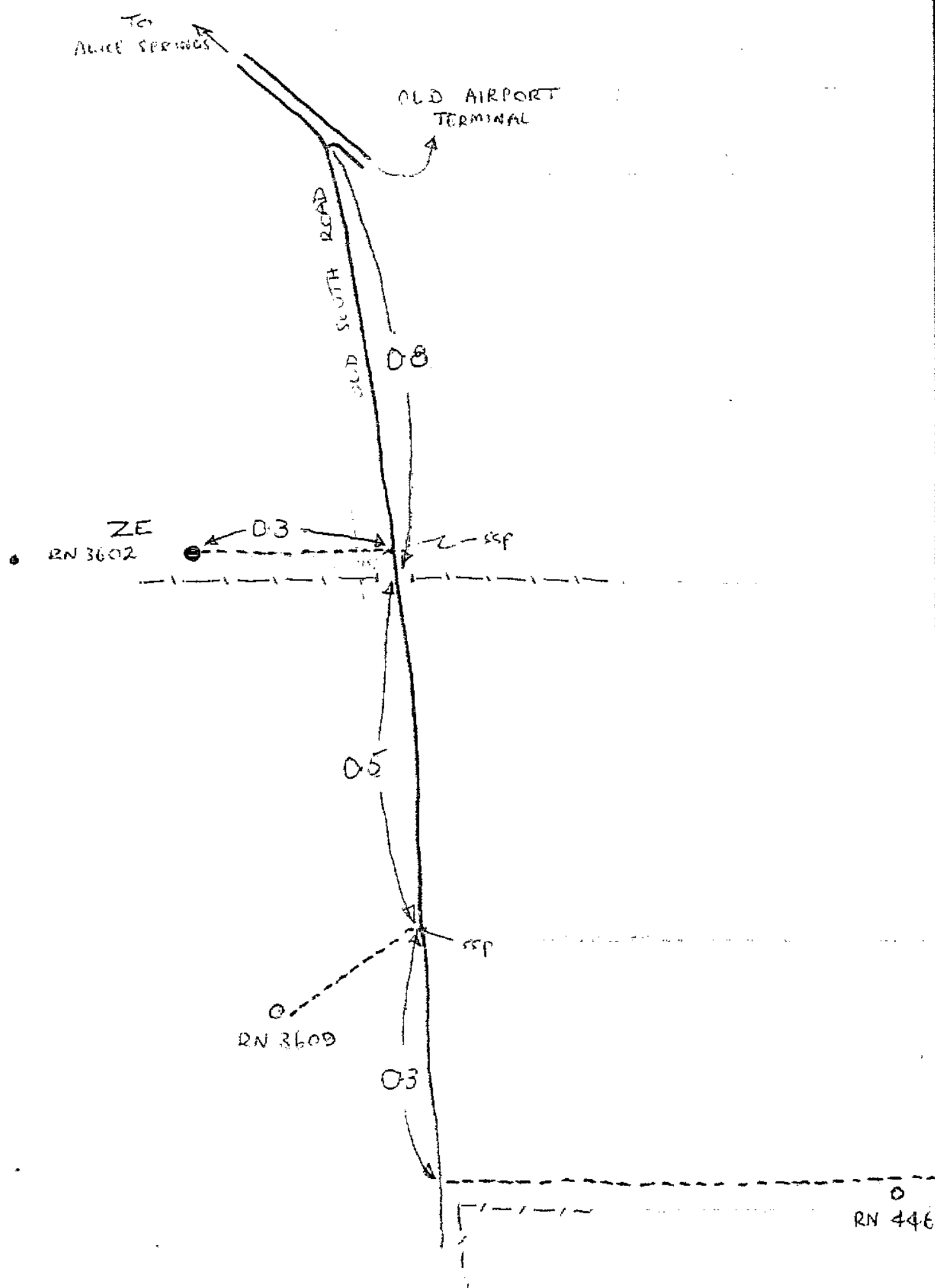
1200-1.63 7521



GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHERN TERRITORY	
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH	
GEOPHYSICAL BORE LOG	
GENERAL GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION 1915.75	
BORE NO. 3602	STATUS <i>Investigation</i>
BED LOGGED	ELEVATION <i>541.034</i>
LOG <i>Gamma</i>	DRILLER <i>KRB</i>
DATE	DATE COMMENCED <i>1956</i>
DEPTH <i>20 m</i>	DATE COMPLETED <i>1.11</i>
SENSITIVITY <i>100</i>	BORE CONDITION
TO A Scale	LOGGING C-151 00m 6.5
RANGE 5	DEPTH INDICATOR <i>180.00</i>
DRIFT READING <i>148.00m</i>	DEPTH LOGGER <i>178.00</i>
LAST READING <i>00.00</i>	REMARKS
ORIGINAL <i>148.00m</i>	
INSTRUMENT <i>1000 L.M.S.</i>	
SERVICE <i>W22</i>	
ABSCISSA	VERTICAL <i>11.200</i>

Bore ZE ... RN 3602

4" CASING WITH 2" GWP SOCKET



ALTERATION TO WATER LEVEL MEASURING POINT

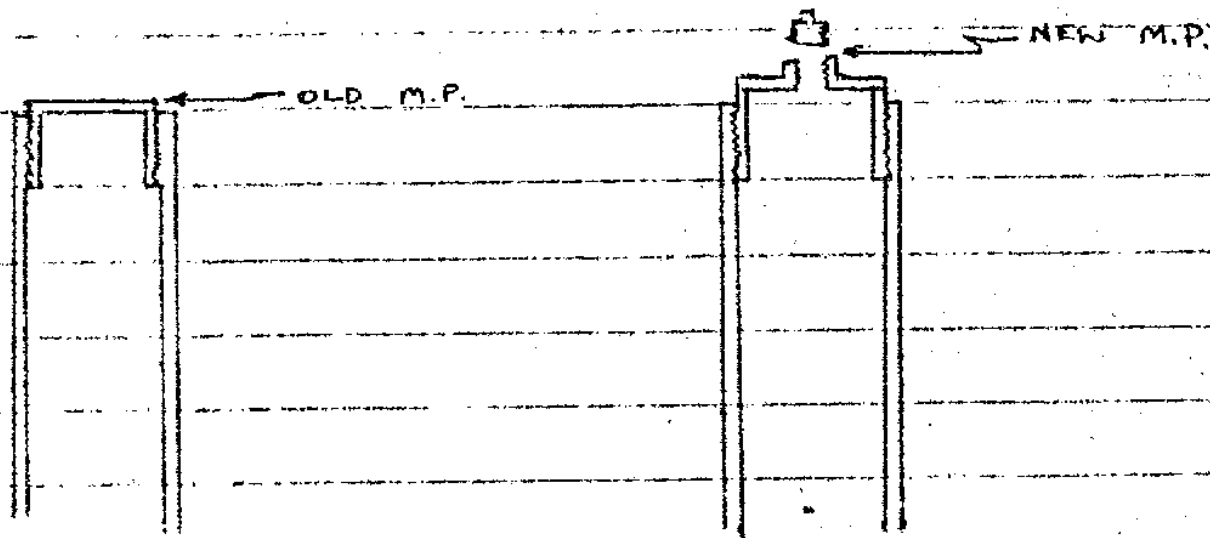
BORE ZE

RN 3602

PRIOR TO 19-12-77 THE MEASURING POINT  
FOR WATER LEVELS WAS THE TOP OF  
CASING R.L. 544.034

ON 19-12-77 THE MEASURING POINT  
WAS ALTERED BY REMOVING THE BLANK  
SCREW CAP OF THE CASING AND INSERTING  
A SCREW CAP WITH A 2 INCH G.W.P. SOCKET  
AND PLUG.

MEASURING POINT WAS RAISED BY 0.108 m  
AND IS NOW R.L. 544.142 m AHD.





RN...3602.....

LOCATION.....MERBENIE / AIRPORT WESTERN BOUNDRY.....

[illegible]

REMARKS e.g. Hole drilled with foam or mud ?



W.R.E/Z.E (drilled at SP 19)

- 6 Dark chocolate brown clayey silt.
- 17 Brown clayey silt with pebbles and boulders.
- 22 Fine to medium brown sand with coarse to very coarse sand grains and pebbles (damp).
- 30 Medium grained brown slightly silty sand (damp).
- 34 Brown medium to coarse sandy and slightly clayey silt (damp). (soakage at 36'). (~~damp~~)
- 40 Medium to coarse brown slightly silty sand. (damp).
- 52 Brown sandy slightly clayey silt with pebbles up to 1" (damp).
- 64 Very coarse sand and gravel.
- 74 Medium to coarse gravel, with some lumps of medium grained brown sandy clay.
- 80 Medium to very coarse brown clayey sand, with some pebbles.
- 85 UNCONFORMITY (Mesozoic Top).
- 90- 100 Coarse to very coarse clayey sand with pebbles, and lumps of pale grey fine sandy clay.
- 110 Fine to very coarse sandy and gravely pale grey clay. Cuttings indicate presence of cobbles and/or boulders.
- 120 Coarse to very coarse sand with pebbles and ? cobbles.
- 132 Red - brown and grey medium grained sandy clay.
- 140 Red - brown and grey medium to coarse grained sandy clay, with cuttings of pebbles and cobbles.
- 150 Fine to medium grained Red - brown and grey ~~medium~~ sandy clay, with cuttings of pebbles and cobbles.

160	Brown and grey clay and fine sandy clay with some medium to coarse sand.
170	Brown and grey fine sandy clay, with some chips of pebbles.
180	Brown and grey fine sandy clay, with some chips of pebbles, with some medium grained sand (possibly clayey sand interbeds)
190 - 210	Brown and grey clay with coarse to very coarse subangular to sub rounded sand grains.
220 - 230	Mottled brown and grey clay, with a few medium to very coarse sand grains, including some sub angular ironstone fragments.
240	Grey and brown very fine sandy clay, with some chips of deep red - brown clayey siltstone (or very fine sandstone).
250	Grey and red - brown very fine sandy clay, with a few coarse sand grains (quartz and ironstone)
260	Grey and red - brown very fine sandy clay, with a few coarse sand grains (quartz and ironstone) and chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.
270	Grey and yellow clay, with some chips of red - brown silty claystone.
280	Mottled grey and red - brown very fine very sandy clay.
290	Grey and brown clay, with some medium to coarse sand and chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.
300	Grey and brown very fine very sandy clay with some medium sand grains, and chips of pale grey claystone and deep red - brown clayey <del>silt</del> siltstone.
310	Pale grey fine grained (with some medium to coarse) very sandy clay, with few chips of purple clayey siltstone.
320	Medium to coarse grey clayey sand, with some grey fine sandy clay and few chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.

330 - 360	Pale grey fine to medium grained sandy clay.
368	White fine to medium sandy clay.
380	White fine grained sandy clay.
390	White fine grained sandy clay with chips of brown clayey siltstone.
400	Grey and brown fine slightly sandy clay and brown clayey siltstone.
400 - 410	Grey and brown fine sandy clay.
450	White yellow and brown very sandy very fine to fine grained sandy clay.
460	Fine to medium grey and brown sandy clay.
470	Fine, with some medium, sandy grey and brown clay.
480	Grey and yellow very fine extremely sandy clay and clayey sand.
<del>480</del> x 482	Grey and yellow very fine to fine clayey sand in <del>xx</del> sample and some quartz pebbles up $\frac{1}{8}$ ". Few chips of brown ferruginous fine sandstone, probably off bottom.
487	Hard white fine grained sandstone. Consists of colorless sub-angular to rounded moderately even grained quartz fragments, in a white kaolinitic. (? silicified) matrix.
490	Chips of yellow and grey porcellanised clayey sand (very fine to medium grained) and poorly sorted fine to medium grained grey and yellow hard sandstone, with a silicified clayey matrix.
500	Sample contains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Lumps of purple, grey, red and yellow very fine very sandy clay.</li> <li>b. Few medium and coarse rounded quartz grains, with patches of grey clay adhering.</li> <li>c. Fine to medium grained grey and yellow sandstone</li> </ul>

with a silicified clayey matrix.

d. Chips of ironstone. These consist of fine grained sandy clay, in which the clay has been almost completely feruginised, with a few small patches of clay remaining.

508

Sample consists of:

a. Small lumps (probably cuttings) of grey and brown fine sandy clay, and yellow very fine clayey sand.

b. Grey and cream poorly sorted fine to medium grained silicified clayey sandstone.

c. Dark red - brown slightly silty claystone.

520

Sample consists mainly of dark red - brown slightly silty clay, as small lumps (probably cuttings). Also some lumps of yellow very fine clayey sand and grey sand and grey sandy clay. Few chips of a. ironstone (feruginised micaceous sandstone)

b. Fine grained quartz sandstone with very little (siliceous) matrix.

530 - 540

Cuttings of fine even grained white quartz sandstone with small amount of siliceous cement. Quartz grains are colorless and sub - rounded. Red clay and grey sandy clay in sample may be lag.

546

Chips of two types of sandstone:

a. fine even grained creamy brown quartz sandstone, with yellow limonite coated grains and a siliceous and limonitic matrix.

b. White and cream fine grained quartz sandstone, with colorless sub-rounded grains, in a siliceous (and in patches feruginous) matrix.

Also in the sample is a lot of grey fine sandy clay, which may be lag, or stripped from the wall of the hole.

548

Chips of:

a. Dark red - brown silty claystone.

b. White fine grained well sorted siliceous quartz

sandstone (similar to sandstone from 540)

c. White poorly sorted very fine to medium grained silicified clayey sandstone. (Similar to the sandstone from 500'). One chip only. The chips of sandstone are mixed with grey and brown clay, possibly stripped from the side of the hole.

554 White fine grained siliceous quartz sandstone chips.  
Also a large proportion of small lumps of soft grey  
and brown fine sandy clay (Mesozoic) which appears  
to be cuttings from the bottom.

560 Chips of a. Pale grey fine grained slightly sandy claystone.

b. Dark red - brown slightly silty claystone.

c. Yellow - brown poorly sorted fine grained sandstone formed by silicification and feruginisation of a sandy clay.  
Also lumps of grey and brown sandy clay.

570 Chips of white fine grained quartz sandstone with a little quartz cement, and brown and grey fine sandy clay.

580 Chips of red and grey fine sandy claystone, and brown and grey sandy clay.

590 Small pieces (almost certainly cuttings) of extremely fine grained white and brown clayey sand. Some chips of red silty claystone.

600                      No sample.    Circulation lost.

610 White and pale grey poorly sorted very fine to *P* medium grained clayey sand, almost entirely disaggregated. The quartz grains are sub - angular, mostly colorless, but some have a feruginous coating. There appears to have been some silicification, and the sample contains a few chips of hard silicified sandy clay.

620 Chips of white, very fine grained very fine  
fine quartz sandstone, with very little clayey m



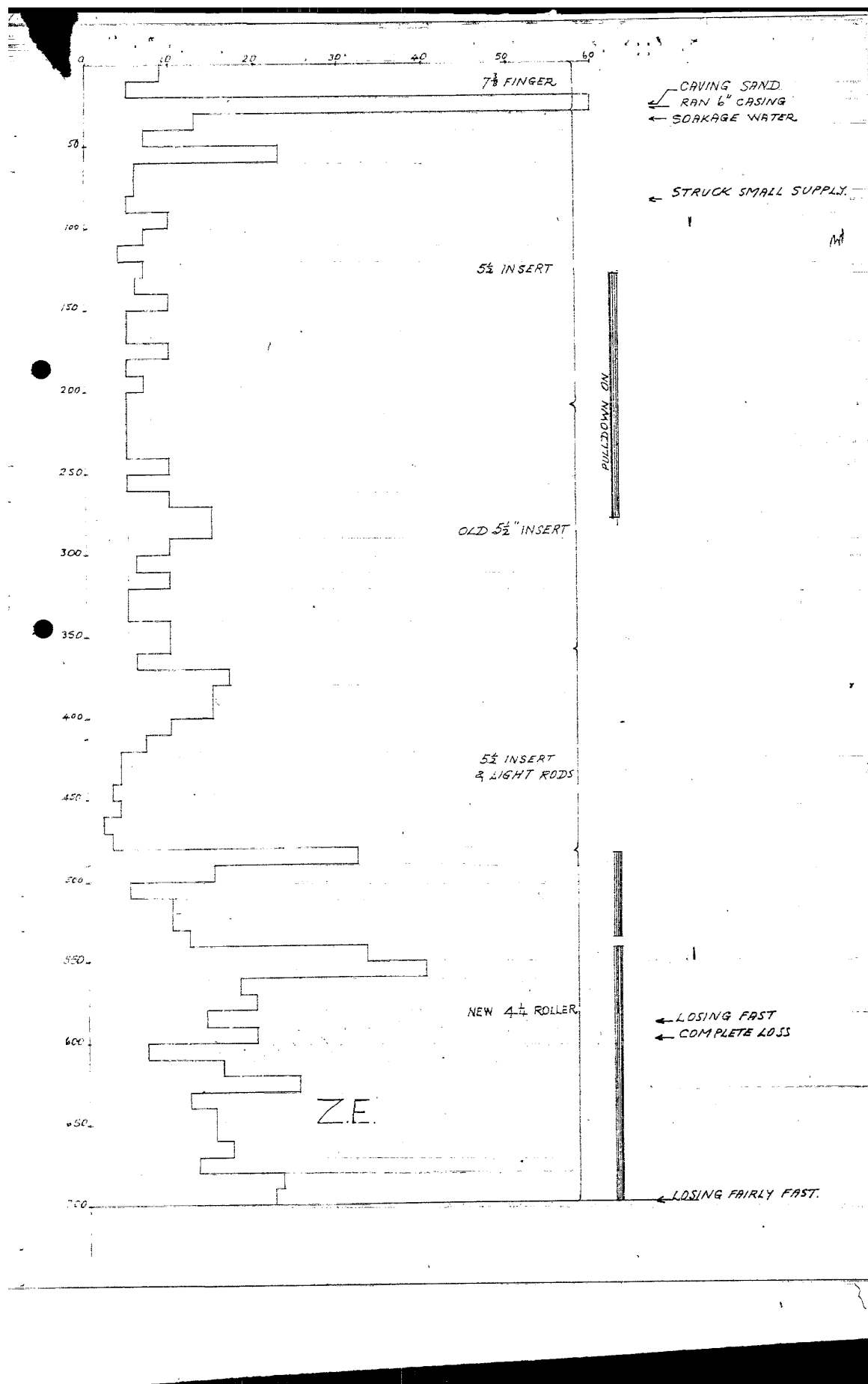
6.

matrix. Also a few chips of porcellanised medium grained white sandy clay.

- 630 Chips of a. brown porcellanised fine sandy clay  
b. White fine grained friable siliceous quartz sandstone.
- 640 Chips of fine grained friable white siliceous sandstone. Also some lumps of white soft fine to medium grained sandy clay. (These could have come from the wall of the hole)
- 650 - 660 <sup>02-2</sup> Grey, Kakhi and brick red poorly sorted very fine to medium grained sandy clay. Largely disaggregated (sample is very sandy) but a few original lumps in sample. The red clay is definitely from the bottom, since it was not penetrated anywhere highest in the hole. (Also chips of fine grained white sandstone at 660')
- 666 Bright red - brown clay, and chips of fine grained white sandstone.
- 678 Bright yellow and red clay, and chips of fine grained white cream and yellow quartz sandstone, with siliceous, and sometimes feruginous matrix. Colour of the sandstone is due both to coloured matrix and iron coated grains.
- 690 - 701 Chips of white, cream and yellow fine grained quartz sandstone, with a small amount of siliceous cement, and some clayey and limonitic matrix, varying from nil to considerable. The quartz grains are sub - rounded and mostly colourless but few have a yellow feruginous coat. Also lumps of red and yellow clay (claystone)

Note. The Mesozoic/Palaeozoic boundary is probably at approximately 600 feet. No undoubted Mesozoic type clay was encountered below this depth.

*D. Woolley*  
D. WOOLLEY.  
Resident Geologist.



## BORE DATA SHEET

NAME	ZE		INDEX No.	46/329
LOCALITY	Alto Springs		REG. No. ...	3602
DEPTH	70'		FILE No. ...	
CASINGS	387' / 4"		PERFORATIONS	NIL
LOCATION	/ /	E N	SURFACE R.L. LEVEL	B.M. R.L. LEVEL
CONTRACTOR	W.R.B.		DRILLER	H. MCRAVE
			DATE STARTED	12/1/62
			DATE FINISHED	12/1/62

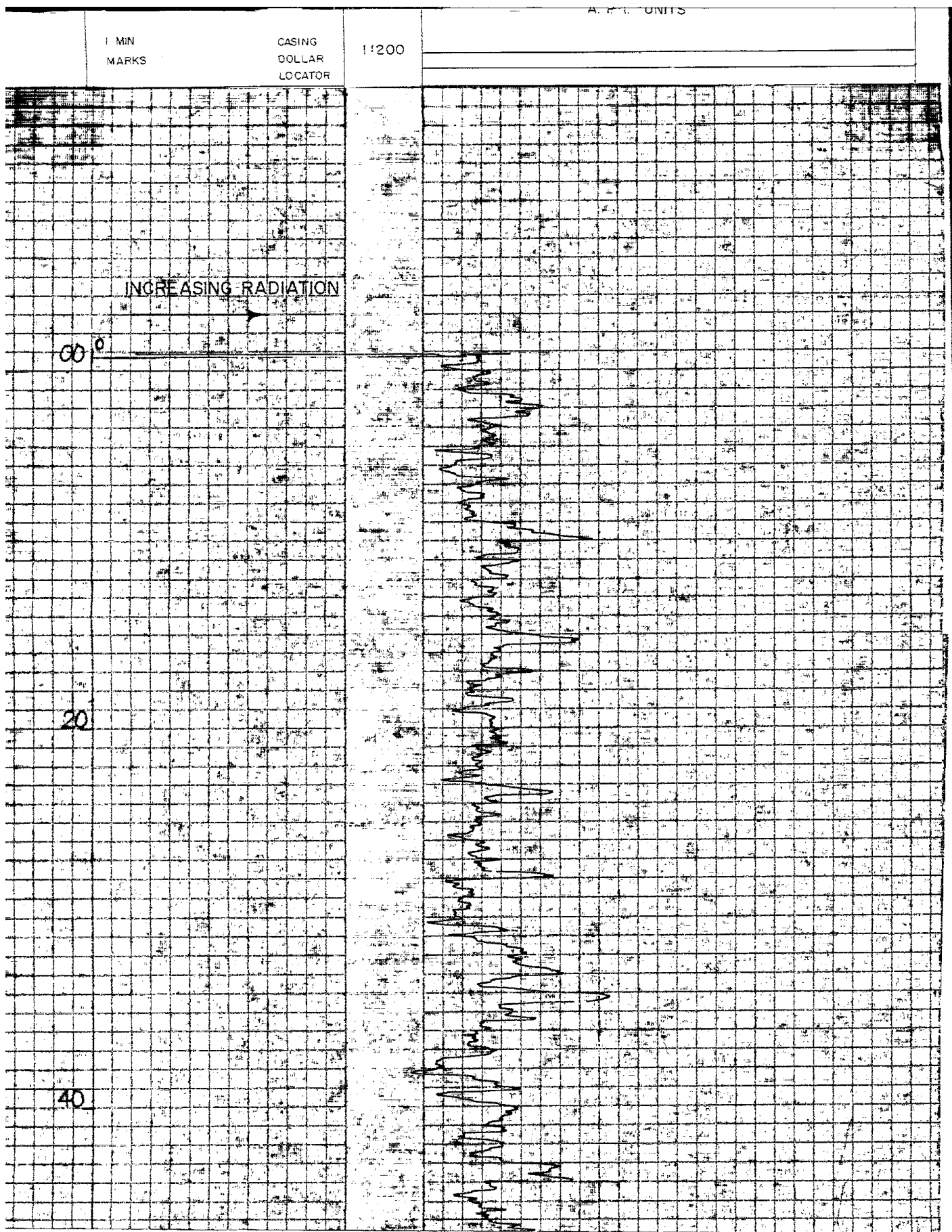
WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....	84+	600					Top soil & sandy clay sand and gravel.
AQUIFER THICKNESS..				190		80	Yellow and white clay & gravel
STANDING WATER LEVEL .....	Seepage					160	Brown and white clay & gravel
PUMP TEST G.P.H. ....	Seepage			200			
DRAWDOWN LEVEL..							
PUMP LEVEL .....				300		300	
DURATION OF TEST HOURS ...							White sandy clay
R.L. S.W.L. ....				400			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							White clay and sandstone
TRANSMISSIBILITY .....				500		482	
STORAGE COEFF. ....						500	590 White clay & siliceous sandstone
ANALYSES				500			White & yellow sandstone with odd red brown clay
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION .....							
T.D.S. ....	1,023			700		590	
CONDUCTIVITY .....						701	
TOTAL HARDNESS .....	34			800			
CHLORIDE .....	335						
BICARBONATE .....	164						
CALCIUM .....	9						
SULPHATE .....	151						
NITRATE .....	NIL						
FLUORIDE .....	0.5						
SODIUM .....	335						
POTASSIUM .....	20						
CALCIUM .....	NIL						
MAGNESIUM .....	8						
pH	9.3						
REG. ANAL. No. ....							
EQUIPMENT							
REMARKS							

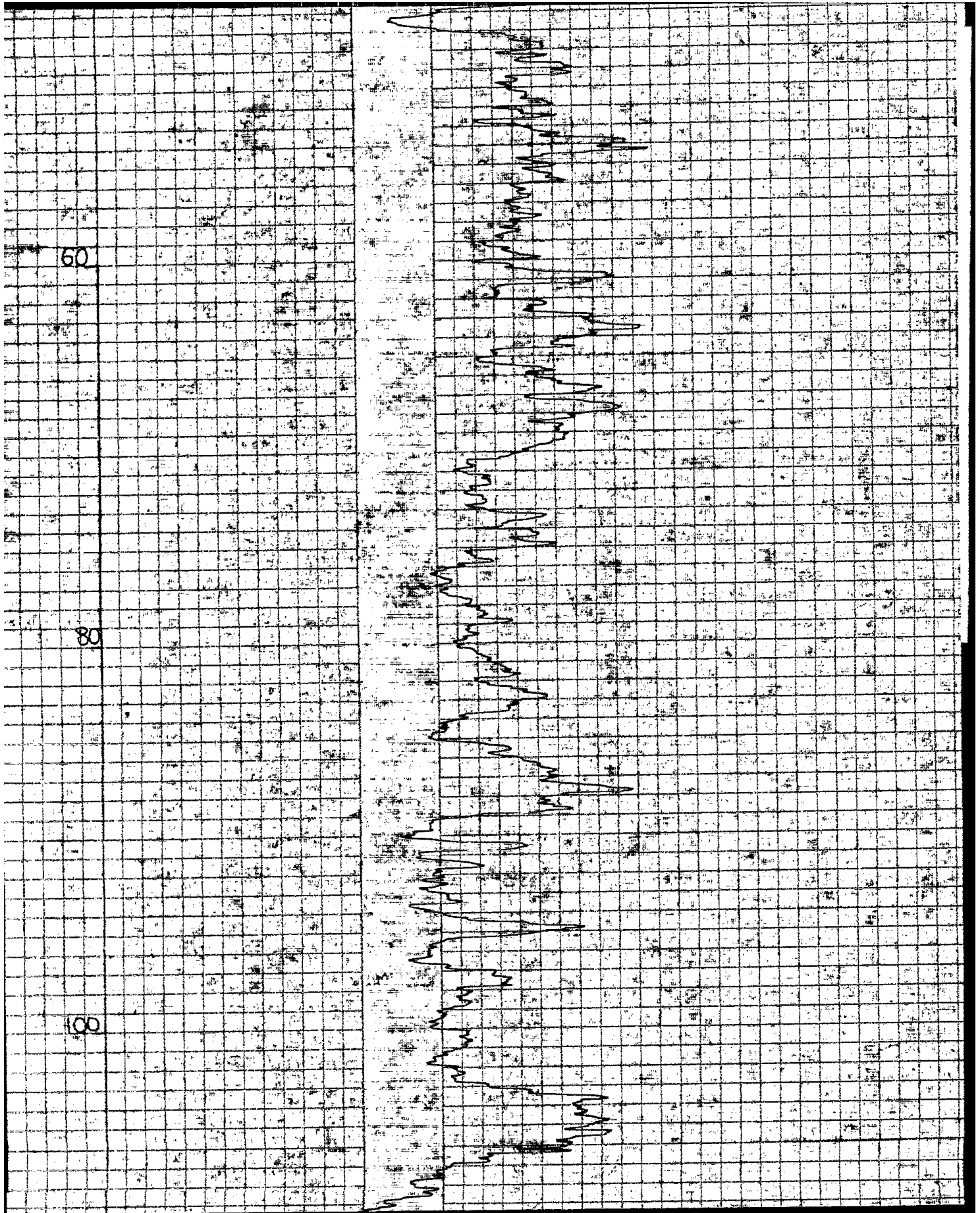
NAME		ZE		INDEX No.		16/329	
LOCALITY		A/S		REG. No.		3602	
DEPTH		701'		FILE No.			
CASINGS				PERFORATIONS			
387 1/4"				SCREENS			
LOCATION		/ /		SURFACE R.L.		B.M. R.L.	
		E N		LEVEL		LEVEL	
CONTRACTOR		WRB		DRILLER		Hargrave	
				DATE STARTED		DATE FINISHED	
				12/1/62		18/1/62	
WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				STRATA			
DEPTH STRUCK		84+		DEPTH FEET		CASING	
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL							
PUMP G.P.H.		Seepage					
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
PUMP LEVEL							
DURATION OF TEST		HOURS					
R.L. S.W.L.							
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY							
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES							
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.							
CONDUCTIVITY							
TOTAL HARDNESS							
CHLORIDE							
BICARBONATE							
CARBONATE							
SULFATE							
NITRATE							
FLUORIDE							
SODIUM							
POTASSIUM							
CALCIUM							
MAGNESIUM							
REG. ANAL. No.							
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							

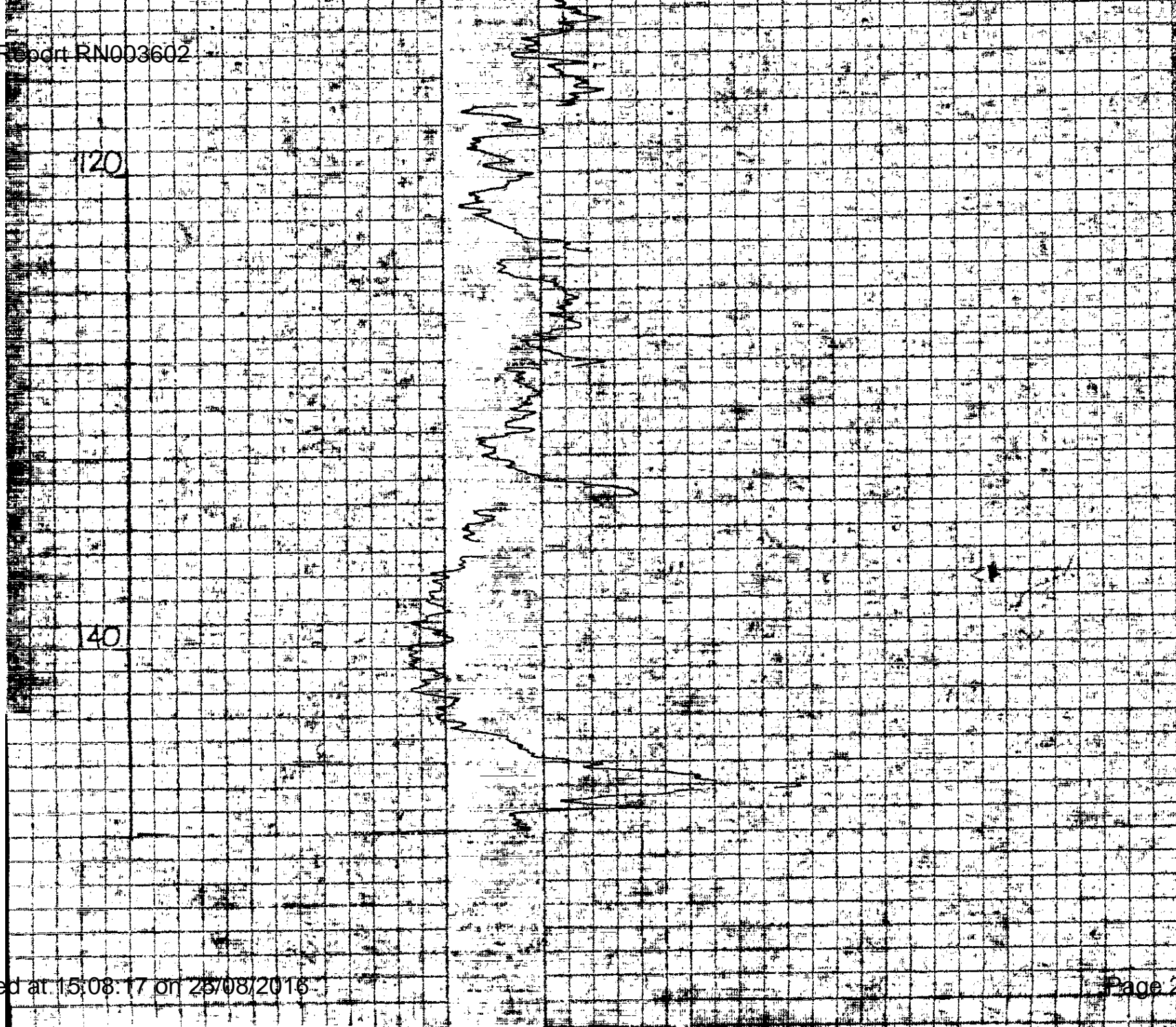
# GAMMA RAY - DRILLERS LOG

DEPT. OF TRANSPORT & WORKS									
R.N. 3602		AREA MERREENIE		STATUS Investigation		LOCATION		OTHER SERVICES	
PERMANENT DATUM		LOG MEASURED FROM		ELEV.		SHEET NAME ALICE SPRINGS 53-14		ELEVATION	
DRILLING MEASURED FROM		m ABOVE PERM DATUM		BM		GRID REF. 160 033		METHOD	
LAT		LONG.		A.H.D.		544.034m		GL	
DATE		18.2.76		RUN NO.		180.0m		DEPTH DRILLER	
DEPTH LOGGER		148.0m		DEPTH LOG INTER.		148.0m		TOP LOG INTER.	
TYPE LOG		GAMMA RAY		TYPE FLUID IN HOLE		WATER		SALINITY PPM CL	
DENSITY		78.04m		MAX REC. TEMP. °C		20.5.62		OPERATING RIG TIME	
RECORDED BY		C.J.B.		WITNESSED BY		21.6.62		BOREHOLE RECORD	
NO		BIT FROM		TO		SIZE		TYPE	
FROM		TO		FROM		TO		CASING RECORD	
EQUIPMENT DATA									
GAMMA RAY					DRILLERS LOG				
RUN NO.									
TOOL MODEL NO.					LMG 15				
DIAMETER					38 mm				
DETECTOR MODEL NO.									
TYPE									
LENGTH									
GENERAL									
HOIST NO.									
INSTRUMENT NO.					LMR-D				
TOOL SERIAL NO.									
LOGGING DATA									
GENERAL			GAMMA RAY				DRILLERS LOG		
RUN NO.	DEPTHS	SPEED	T.C.	SENS	ZERO	APR. G.R. UNITS			
NO	FROM TO	M/MIN SECS	SETTINGS	DIV. L or R	PER LOG DIV.				
	148.0m 0.0m	10 4	Range 5	5 L					
REFERENCE LITERATURE									
REMARKS									
DRILLERS LOG					GAMMA RAY				
DEPTH SCALE									









## TEMPERATURE LOG

## DEPT. OF TRANSPORT &amp; WORKS

R.N. 3602AREA MEREENIESTATUS Investigation

## LOCATION

SHEET NAME ALICE SPRINGS SF 53-14GRID REF 160 033LAT            LONG           

## OTHER SERVICES

## ELEVATION

A.H.D.

354.034m

## METHOD

PERMANENT DATUM            ELEV.             
LOG MEASURED FROM            m ABOVE PERM. DATUM  
DRILLING MEASURED FROM           B.M.             
C.T.             
G.L.           DATE 23.11.68RUN NO. 1DEPTH DRILLER           DEPTH LOGGER           BTM LOG INTER.           TOP LOG INTER.           TYPE LOG           TYPE FLUID IN HOLE           SALINITY PPM CL           DENSITY           MAX. REC. TEMP °C           OPERATING RIG TIME           RECORDED BY C. J. B.WITNESSED BY           

## BORE - HOLE RECORD

NO.            BIT            FROM            TO           

## CASING RECORD

SIZE            TYPE            FROM            TO           

## TEST DATA

## EQUIPMENT DATA

RUN NO

DEPTH FROM 0.0 m  
TO 150.6 mLOGGING SPEED m/min. 2.4 m/mTIME: START           FINISH           TEMP LOG 96 / cm 1" = 4.3°FMAX. TEMP           DIFF. LOG: SENS.           SPACING           TOOL: DIAM. 38 mmNO. 1 MI-JPANEL NO. LMR-DTRUCK NO.           OTHER DATA           

## BORE DATA

REMARKS           

ABSOLUTE

DEPTH

DIFFERENTIAL

SCALE: 1:240TIME MARKER           INCREASE



N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

\*RN003602\*

## BORE DATA SHEET

NAME	ZE <i>ROAD RESERVE</i>	INDEX No.	16/329
LOCALITY	A/S	REG. No.	3602
DEPTH	704' <i>213.7m</i>	FILE No.	
CASINGS	387' 1/4"	PERFORATIONS	SCREENS
LOCATION	/ / E N	SURFACE LEVEL R.L.	B M LEVEL R.L.
CONTRACTOR.	WRB	DRILLER.	Hargrave
		DATE STARTED.	12/1/62
		DATE FINISHED.	18/1/62

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	AOI	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK	84'						80 Top soil sandy clay sand and gravel
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL							160 Yellow & white clay & gravel
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	seepage			200			Brown & white clay & gravel
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
PU LEVEL							300
DURATION HOURS OF TEST							White sandy clay
R.L. S.W.L.				400			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							482
TRANSMISSIBILITY							500 White clay and sandstone
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES	23/2/65			600			590
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.	896						701
CONDUCTIVITY				800			
TOTAL HARDNESS							
CHLORIDE							
BICARBONATE							
CARBONATE							
SULPHATE							
NITRATE	5						
FLUORIDE	0.9						
SODIUM							
POTASSIUM							
CALCIUM							
MAGNESIUM							
REG. ANAL. No.							
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							



NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION.  
CONTROL OF WATERS ORDINANCE 1938-1959.  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH.

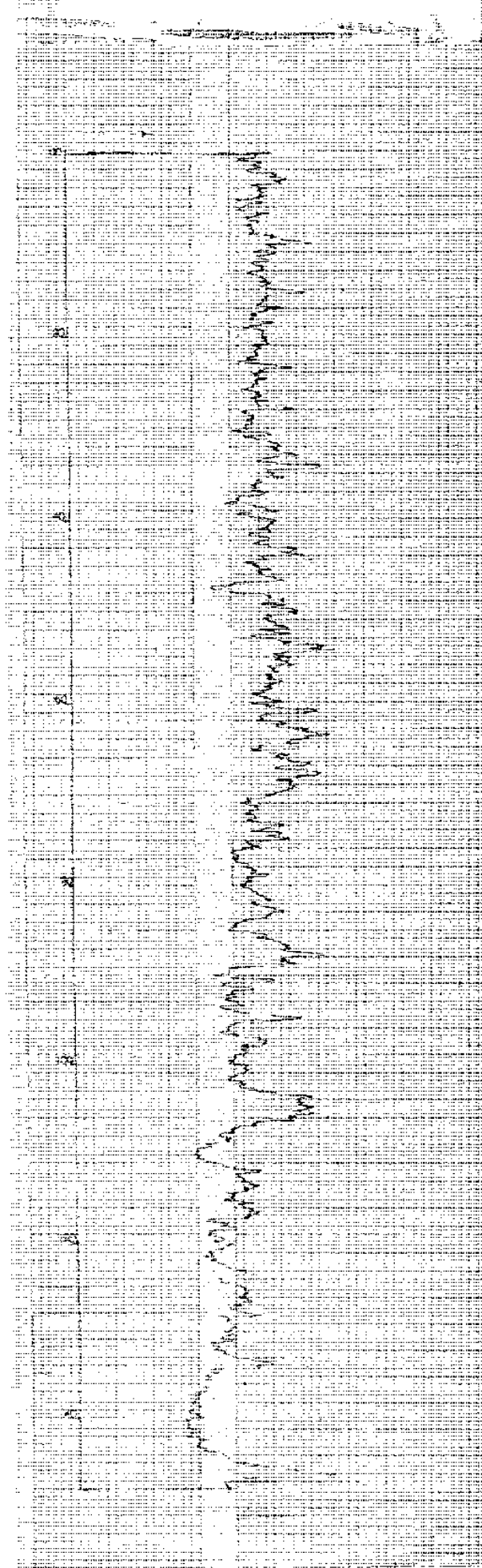
REGULATION 8:

FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE.

FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION OF STRATA	Name of Bore.
0	80	Top soil sandy clay sand and gravel	<u>ZE</u>
80	160	Yellow white clay + gravel	Name of Property.
160	300	Brown + white clay + "	<u>ROAD RESERVE</u>
300	482	White sandy clay	Description of Property.
482	500	White clay + sandstone	<u>AS ABOVE</u>
500	590	White clay + siliceous sandstone	Name of Owner.
590	701	White + yellow sandstone with red and brown clay.	<u>N. T. A</u>
			NAME OF CONTRACTOR.
			<u>Water Resources Branch</u>
			Name of Driller.
			<u>L. G. HARGRAVES</u>
LOCATION OF BORE: (or supply sketch on back hereof.)			Date of Commencement:
<u>540 ft. Point 19</u>			<u>12-1-62</u>
<u>Onlieone</u>			Date of Completion:
<u>Line near</u>			<u>18-1-62</u>
<u>Aerodrome</u>			Total Depth:
			<u>701</u>
(a) Circle appropriate direction			Particulars of Casing:
(b) Use known point such as existing bore, homestead, outstation, etc;			<u>387' of 4"</u>
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF INTEREST			Particulars of Perforations on Screens:
<u>Loosing water rapidly after 800</u>			<u>NIL</u>
Samples of strata and Water supplies have been } or, will be left at the following Trading Place			WATER 1st 2nd 3rd Supply Supply Supply
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Struck at <u>84</u> <u>600 onward.</u>
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Standing Water Level <u>surface</u>
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Flowing Supply, G.P.M. <u>-</u>
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.			Duration of Pump Test <u>-</u> <u>-</u>
<u>R.D 37</u>			Water Level during Test <u>-</u> <u>-</u>
			Quality - good, fair or bad <u>-</u> <u>-</u>

DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
HYDROLOGICAL BORE LOG  
HYDROLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 1975-76

BORE NO. RN 3602 STATUS *Investigation*  
BORE TYPE ELEVATION *549.034*  
BORE NAME *Gamma* DRILLER *NRB*  
DATE COMPLETED *1/6/76*  
BORE COMPLETION DATE COMPLETED *2/2/76*  
BORE CONDITION  
BORE TYPE *Hand* BORE NO. *0-164.00m SB*  
BORE DEPTH *5* DEPTH DRILLER *180.00*  
BORE READING *148.00m* DEPTH LOSSER *165.00*  
BORE READING *90.00* REMARKS  
INTERVAL *18.00m*  
INSTRUMENT *1.67D 1.65.75*  
SERVICE *NRB*  
HORIZONTAL VERTICAL *1.200*



# DRILLERS LOG

Government Printer of the Northern Territory

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RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA



# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE: 24-08-01      *THURSDAY*      BORE NO. 17598      Supervisor: S HERIOT

Driller: P PARDON

SILANNO 31G.1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.		
				SERVICE GEAR PUT ON BLUEY LINE								
				HEAD WORKS AND BOLT UP WIRE					CLAW	8"	.21	
				MAKE UP STRING, SAND LINE GETS			4 1/2 x 4 1/2		SUB	5 1/2	.72	-93
				TANGLED STOP AND FREE UP CUT					STAB	7 3/8	1.25	2-18
				SAND LINE AND FIX START MAKING					COLLAR	5 1/2	5.98	816
				UP STRING AGAIN 8" CLAW BIT.					SUB	5 1/2	.22	8.38
1040				29.8-31.2 BROWN SANDY CLAYS					COLLAR	5 1/2	5.73	14.11
				AND SOME COARSE SAND ABOVE					DP	4 1/2	5.98	20.09
				31.2-37.5 AS ABOVE ADD (4)					DP	4 1/2	6.1	26.19
				37.5-43.4 SANDY CLAY WITH					DP	4 1/2	6.1	32.29
				LOTS OF COARSE SAND + GRAVELS					DP	4 1/2	6.1	38.39
				SOME LARGE PIECES OF QUARTZ					DP	4 1/2	6.1	44.49
				ADD (5) 4-49.5 AS ABOVE					DP	4 1/2	6.1	50.49
				ADD (6) 49.5-51.5 AS ABOVE					DP	4 1/2	6.1	56.59
				51.5-55.5 AS ABOVE WITH SAND					DP	4 1/2	6.1	62.69
				LARGE BANDS OF QUARTZ STOP					DP	4 1/2	6.1	68.79
				PULL BACK TO FIX BLUE LINE					DP	4 1/2	6.1	74.89
				PULL BACK IN CLEAN HOLE + CONT					DP	4 1/2	6.1	80.99
1155				ADD (7) HOLE OPEN TO BOTTOM					DP	4 1/2	6.1	87.09
				SAND AND GRAVEL MUST BE CEMENTED 55-61.6					DP	4 1/2	6.1	93.19
1445				ADD (8) 61.6-65 AS ABOVE 65-67.6					DP	4 1/2	6.1	
1441				RED BROWN CLAY ADD (9) + CONT					DP	4 1/2	6.1	
				67.6-73.8 AS ABOVE ADD (10)								
				73.8-79.8 AS ABOVE ADD (11)								
				79.8-86.4 AS ABOVE ADD (12) 86.4								
				92.1 AS ABOVE BUT SANDY CLAY HOLE AND PULL OUT								

Government Printer of the Northern Territory

KNOCK OFF

RECEIVED 22 OCT 2002  
22 OCT 2002 LAY WITH BANDS OF QUARTZ  
65-86 RED BROWN CLAY  
GROUNDWATER DATA

# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE Fri 30/08/02      BORE NO. RN17598      1/02      Supervisor: .....

Driller: SHEPHERD SIG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth		
					No.	Size	Type	Worn condition	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		
				SERVICE GEAR AND TRIP IN					Previous Page	93.19				
				UBERINING HOLES AS WE GO					DP	4 1/2	6-1	98-29		
				ABUNDANT WATER 55-61 (SEARAGS)					DP	4 1/2	6-1	105.39		
				OVERNIGHT) HOLES BACKFILLED TO					DP	4 1/2	6-1	111-49		
				APPROX 74m WITH CLAY AND SAND					DP	4 1/2	6-1	117.59		
				AREA NO CONT CLAY AND SAND					DP	4 1/2	6-1	123.69		
				ADD ROD 13 + START DRILLING 92-98.1					DP	4 1/2	6-1	129.79		
0907				AS ABOVE ADD (14) 98.1 - 104.2					DP	4 1/2	6-1	135.89		
0907				AS ABOVE ADD (15) 104-110-3 BROWN					DP	4 1/2	6-1	141-99		
				SANDSTONE AND WATER AIRLIFTING					DP	4 1/2	6-1	148-09		
1030				APPROX 116m ARIEL + TAKE SAMPLE					DP	4 1/2	6-1	154-19 SAMPLE # 1		
				ADD ROD (16) + CONT 110.3 - 116.4					DP	4 1/2	6-1	160-29 DEPTH 110-3.4		
				AS ABOVE. ADD ROD (17) 116.4 - 122.5					DP	4 1/2	6-1	166.39 PH 7-75		
				AS ABOVE ADD ROD (18) 122.5 - 128.6					DP	4 1/2	6-1	172.49 TEMP 26.4°C		
				AS ABOVE INCREASE IN EROSION ADD					DP	4 1/2	6-1	178.59 COND 1210		
				ROD (19) 128.6 - 134.7 AS ABOVE ADD								TIME 1100		
				ROD (20) 134.7 - 140.8 AS ABOVE										
				ADD (21) 140.8 - 147m AS ABOVE									BOTTLES NO	
				ADD (22) 147 - 153.1 AS ABOVE									RL-01	
				ADD (23) 153.1 - 159.1 AS ABOVE										
				ADD (24) 159.1 - 165.2 AS ABOVE										
				ADD (25) 165.2 - 171.3 AS ABOVE										
				ADD (26) 171.3 - 177.4 AS ABOVE										
				CLEAR NOISE AND PULL OUT STRING										
				INCREASE IN SAND COMING UP										
				TRIP OUT AND BREAK DOWN STRING										

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE: 03-09-02 TUES.

BORE NO.

RN17598 1/02

Supervisor:

S. HERRIOT

Driller:

T. RARDON

SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES		
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.		Length	Prog. tally	No.
1800				SERVICO GRAY TRIP IN AND MIX				10	DRILL PIPE	4 1/2	6-1	8.99		
843				MUD. HOLD ABOUT 76M OR FOLLOW				(11)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	87.09		
				IN AROUND 98m START MUD CIRC.				(12)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	93.19		
				AND CLEANING OUT HOLE. 1-200 APPEARS				(13)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	99.29		
				TO BE CLEAN FROM 128. CONCR. C. LAMINATE				(14)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	105.39		
				HOLE STILL OPEN AT 105m. HOLE				(15)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	111.49		
				HAS BULK FILL FROM 110m. APPEARS				(16)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	117.59		
				CLEAN TO 188.5 AND RWD (28)				(17)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	123.69		
				AND DRILL TO 189.6 C. LAM.				(18)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	129.79		
930				HOLE NOT MANY CUTTINGS AND RWD (29)				(19)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	135.89		
				189.6 - 192.8 AS ABOVE SOFT BANDS				(20)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	141.99		
				192.8 - 195.7 HARD DRILLING				(21)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	148.09		
112				CLEAN HOLE AT 195.7 AND (30)				(22)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	154.19		
118				195.7 - 197 HARD 197 - 199 SOFT BANDS				(23)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	160.29		
200				199 - 201.8 HARD STOP AND CIRCULATE				(24)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	166.39		
207				ADD RWD (31) - CONC.				(25)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	172.49		
250				STOP AND COND MUD AND CLEAN OUT				(26)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	178.59		
				SETTLE PM AND DRAINS				(27)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	184.69		
25				CONT DRILLING. 201.8 - 208 HARD DRILLING				(28)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	190.79		
250				STOP AND CIRCULATE				(29)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	196.89		
13				START PULLING STRING OUT.				(30)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	202.99		
20				OUT OF HOLE BREAK DOWN BIT.				(31)	DP	4 1/2	6-1	208.09		
20				PACK IN AND SHUT DOWN				GROUNDWATER DATA						
				HAVE HOLE HOBBLED				192.8 - 208	HARD SANDSTONE.					

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA



# DRILLERS LOG

Department of Lands, Planning &amp; Environment

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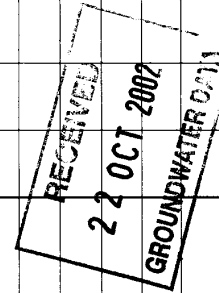
Driller: LAZDON

[illegible]

# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE 5/09/02      BORE No. RN 17598      1/02      Supervisor: S. HEBERT  
 Driller: P. PARSON      SHANNON STG I

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn condition	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally			
				SERVICE GEAR + TAP IN.				25	DRILL RPO				172-38		
0830				MIX MUD + CONDITION MUD.					8x DP	44	48.8	221-18			
				CLEAN OUT FROM 175m TO 220m					DP	44	6.1	227.28			
1010				ADD (34) + CONT 223-232.2. AS ABOVE					DP	44	6.1	233.38			
1021	6.1	33mins		ADD (36) + CONT 232.2 - 238.3 AS ABOVE					DP	44	6.1	239.48			
1102				ADD (37) + CONT 238.3 - 240.4 AS ABOVE					DP	44	6.1	245.58			
				240-240.5 HAND DRILLING TO 244.4					DP	44	6.1	251.68			
1246				STOP AND CIRCULATE. ADD ROD (38)					DP	44	6.1	257.78			
1258				CONT DRILLING 244.4 - 246 STOPPED											
1410	6.1	72m		LAND AGAIN 246 - 250.5 CLEAN HOLD									213-246 SANDY CLAY		
1415				ADD ROD (39) + CONT 250.5 - 252 AS ABOVE									BROWN WITHIN		
1445				STOP + CLEAN HOLD + PULL OUT + RALPH											
1430				KNOWLEDGE BOYS DRIVE BACK TO DENTON											
													246-303 BEAD + WITHIN		
													+ YELLOW CLAY		
													303-325 BANDS OF CLAY		
													+ SAND + CLAY SAND.		



# DRILLERS LOG

Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE 6-09-02		BORE No. RN 17598		1/02		Supervisor: S HERIOT		Driller: P PARDON		STATION: STG 1			
Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.			Length
				SERVICE GEAR CLEAN UP STABILIZER									
				AND TAKE OFF. RUN 8" CLAW BIT.									
				TRIP IN. CLEAN OUT MUD PIES									
				AND MIX MUD									
0810				CLEAN OUT HOLE FROM 214m TO 253									
1010				START DRILLING 253-256.6 CLAY									
1042				STOP + CLEAN HOLE ADD ROD (40)									
1106				+ CONT DRILLING 256.6 - 262.7 AS ABOVE									
1111				ADD (41) 262.7 - 268.8 AS ABOVE MIX MUD.									
1202		6.1	20	ADD (42) + CONT. 268.8 - 274.9 AS ABOVE									
1222		4	23	ADD (43) + CONT 279 PULP PACK AND									
1245		2	24	CONDITIONS MUD (THICKEN UP)									
1255				281m CIRCULAR									
1305				ADD ROD (44) + CONT 281-287 AS ABOVE									
1341		6.1		SAME FROM BANDS. CIRCULAR									
				ADD ROD (45) + CONT. 287-293 AS ABOVE									
				SAME FROM BANDS. CIRCULAR TO KEN									
				WAS THICKEN UP MUD									
1450				START TRIPPING OUT. FILL DOWN CASING									
				COMPASS STOP + FIX + TENSION UP BIT									
				WENT									
1549				START PULLING OUT AGAIN, BUT									
				TRAVELLING BLOCK ON HOLE KNO AND									
				PULL OUT TO CASING									
1715				PACK UP + START DOWN.									

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

DATE 7-09-02 SAT BORE No. Q-17598 1/02 Supervisor: J. HAYES Driller: P. PARDON

Supervisors: \_\_\_\_\_

Driller: ..... P. H. D. W. A. N.

[illegible]

FILED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE TUES 10/09/02      BORE NO. RN17598      102      Supervisor: S. Hession  
 Driller: P. Pardon      SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally	No.	Depth
				SERVICE CORN AND CLEAN OUT			JF	20	2000	4 1/2	18.87	18.87		
				<del>BRICK</del> MUD PIT. SETTLING P.T				33x	DP	4 1/2	20.13	20.17		
				CONDITION MUD + TRIP IN AND				19x	DP	4 1/2	73.22	93.37		
				CLEAN OUT TO 298m AND SUMP				(46)	DP	4 1/2	6.0	298.37		
1055				DRILLING 297.2 - 303 AS ABOVE				(47)	DP	4 1/2	6.0	304.37		
				ADD (48) 303-307 AS ABOVE SAME				(48)	DP	4 1/2	6.0	310.37		
				FRAM BARS, CLEAN HOLE, PUMP										
				BACK 7 FEET AND ADD MORE 6.0					STAINC	WITH	6.0	Reps		
				Reps.					Now			304.67		
1200				CONT DRILLING 309-315.7 SOME FINE SANDS.				(48)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	310.87		
1305				CLEAN HOLE ADD ROD (50)				(49)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	316.87		
1315				+ CONT 315.7 - 321.8 FIRM HARD DRILLING				(50)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	322.97		
				SANDSTONE? 324-321.8 Soften.				(51)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	329.07		
1406				ADD CIRCUMFERENCE										
1413				ADD ROD (51) + CONT 321.8 - 324										
				SECTION AS ABOVE 324-325 HOLE AGAIN.										
				STOP + CLEAN HOLE.										
1420				TRIP OUT										
1637				OUT OF HOLE START BACKING UP.										
				SHOT DOWN.										

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA



# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE: WED 11-09-02      BORE NO. RN 17598 1-02      Supervisor: S HENRY  
WARRVIEW STG 1      Driller: P RANDON

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length		
0630				TRAVEL TO SITE MORE CASING					①	5-96			
				SERVICE GEAR AND PREPARE TO					②	5-92	11-88		
				RUN CASING.					③	5-99	17-87		
0700				START RUNNING					④	5-98	23-85		
									⑤	5-97	24-82	-	BASIC CROOKER
									⑥	5-99	35-81		TAKE OFF
									⑦	5-99	41-8		SUATH ONE STAG
									⑧	5-36	48-80		
									⑨	6-79	53-95		
									⑩	6-01	59-96		
									⑪	6-00	65-96		
									⑫	5-99	71-95		
									⑬	5-95	77-9		
									⑭	6-01	83-91		
									⑮	6-01	89-92		
									⑯	5-98	95-9		
									⑰	5-95	101-85		
									⑱	5-47	107-32		
									⑲	6-42	113-74		
									⑳	5-96	119-70		
									㉑	6-44	126-16		
									㉒	5-98	132-11		
									㉓	5-97	138-08		
									㉔	6-03	144-11		
									㉕	5-97	150-08		
									㉖	6-03	156-11		

RECEIVED

22 OCT 2002

GROUNDWATER DATA

RECEIVED

22 OCT 2002

GROUNDWATER DATA

## DRILLERS LOG

## Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length			Prog. tally
				SERVICE GEAR AND CUT OFF CASING										
				TRIP IN WITH 5 7/8 BRAD8 R17 STAFF										
				CLEAN OUT FROM 245m TO 325m										
				DRILL 325-325.5 SOFT AS IF CLAY.										
				STOP + CIRCULATE CLEAN HOLE.										
1348				TRIP BACK TO CASING AND WORK ON										
1355				SLIGHT PIECE OF CASING THAT WAS CUT OFF										
				NO (47) TRIP BACK AND FORCEING CASING										
				DOT STUCK FIRST CUT EXCESS CASING										
1530				OFF AGAIN AND FIT UP BLUWY LINE.										
				RAINING STOP AND RIG UP										
				FRAM BOLT ON RIG MORE SMOKEY										
				UP RUBBING ON GUARD										
1600				RETURN TO DRILL										

DATE: THURS 12-09-02 BORE NO. RN 17598 1602 SUPERVISOR: S HENRY

Driller: P PARDON

SHANNON STG 1

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

Government Printer of the Northern Territory

Government Printer of the Northern Territory

# Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

[illegible]

# DRILLERS LOG

DATE: Nov 16-09-02 BORE No. R217598 Supervisor: S HERIOT  
Driller: P BARDON SHANNON SIG 1

[illegible]



# DRILLERS LOG      Department of Lands, Planning & Environment

DATE Tues 17/09/02      BORE NO. RN17598      Supervisor: S HERIOT

Driller: P PARDON

SITANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins elapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA			STRING DATA			MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES No. Depth	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn condition	Item	O.D.			Length
				SERVICE Casing + Clean out SETTING									
				P.T. BRING OUT MORE DRILL PIPE				58	DC	4 1/2	27.48	385.78	
				AND EXTRA GET TRIP IN HOLD				65	DC	4 1/2	4.58	390.36	
				BACKLOGGED TO APPROX 36m START				66	DC	4 1/2	4.58	394.93	
				CLEANING OUT HOLE TO BUILD UP				67	DC	4 1/2	6.1	401.03	
				SLIPS FOR 4.58 DRILL PIPE CONT CLEANING				68	DC	4 1/2	6.1	407.13	
				WITH CARROSSSEL PULL BACK 7 PIPE				69	DC	4 1/2	6.1	413.23	
				AND RUN 8 PIPE OFF TAILER				70	DC	4 1/2	6.1	419.37	
1025				COMMENCE DRILLING FROM 394m				71	DC	4 1/2	6.1	425.43	
1052				394-400 AS ABOVE ADD (68) 400-403				72	DC	4 1/2	6.1	431.53	
				WHITE + GRAY CLAY 403-406 WITHIN				73	DC	4 1/2	6.1	437.63	
1124				AND RED CLAY ADD ROD (69) 406-412.1									
				AS ABOVE NOISS IN MUD POND									
				STOP AND FIX DEFLECTOR PUMP									
1330				ADD ROD (70) + CONT. 412-418.2									
1354				CHANGE CLAY ADD ROD (71) + CONT. 418.2-424.3 AS ABOVE									
1430				ADD ROD (72) 424.3-430.4									
				ADD (73) 430.4-436.5 AS ABOVE									
				SOME THIN BANDS CLAY / FINE									
				AND PULL BACK TO CASING									
1732				SHUT DOWN									

RECEIVED  
 22 OCT 2002  
 GROUNDWATER DATA

Viewed at 15:08:24 on 25/08/2016

THE NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA  
Water Act  
FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

Name of Owner: DIPE NATURAL RESOURCES				Registration No.: RN17598							
Name of Bore: SHANNON 1/02											
Intended use: INVESTIGATION				Index Map No.: 16/2672							
Location: ALICE SPRINGS AIRPORT PROPERTY				Permit No.: 551							
From	To	Particulars of Strata		Name of Contractor: DIPE							
0	1.5	CLAY AND TOPSOIL		Name of Driller: P PARDON							
1.5	16.2	RED BROWN SANDSTONE SAND AND CLAY		Date Commenced: 27/08/02							
16.2	51.5	BROWN SANDY CLAYS AND SANDSTONE		Date Completed: 18/09/02							
51.5	55.5	AS ABOVE WITH QUARTZ BANDS		Depth Drilled: 468 m							
55.5	104	SAND AND GRAVELS CEMENTED WITH		Completion Depth: 468 m							
		RED BROWN CLAYS		METHOD OF DRILLING							
104	192.8	SANDSTONE SAND AND CLAY		Rotary	Rev. Cir	Cable	Other				
192.8	208	FIRM SANDSTONE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
208	213	SANDSTONE AND SANDY CLAYS		HOLE DIAMETER			Drilling Fluid				
213	303	BROWN WHITE AND YELLOW CLAYS		From	To	Diam	Type				
303	325	BANDS OF CLAY CLAYSTONE AND SAND		0	29.8	310mm	MUD				
325	339.5	GREY AND WHITE CLAY		29.8	177.4	200mm	AIR/FOAM				
339.5	370	DARK GREY CLAY		177.4	325	200mm	MUD				
370	403	WHITE AND GREY CLAY		325	468	145mm	MUD				
403	468	BROWN RED AND WHITE CLAY									
PARTICULARS OF CASING				PARTICULARS OF PERFORATIONS OR SCREEN STRINGS							
From	To	Diam (ID)	Type	From	To	Diam (ID)	Aperture	Type			
0	29.8	254mm	STEEL	278	468			OPEN HOLE			
0	278	152mm	STEEL								
Casing Suspended: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				Top of Packer set at: N/A m							
Method:				Length of Packer: N/A m							
Height of Casing above GL: .6 M				Method of Packer Connection: N/A							
CEMENTING/GRAVEL PACKING			WATER BEARING BEDS								
From	To	Type	Depth (m)	Yield	SWL	Duration	Quality	EC	ph	Bottle No.	
			From	To	L/s	m	hr				
			104	110	1	56	DRILL	GOOD	1210	7.75	RL01
			278	304	4		1	GOOD	1010	7.6	RL03
STRATA and WATER SAMPLES											
Have been <input type="checkbox"/> Will be <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
Left at: ALICE SPRINGS			Completion Yield: L/s Method: Duration: hr								
			Completion SWL from GL: m Depth of lift: m								

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

LOCATION SKETCH OF BORE

LOCATION DESCRIPTION OF BORE

E

W

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SE

NE

SW

NW

☐

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☐

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m/km

OF:

FINAL CONSTRUCTION STATUS

Capped

Casing Pulled

Left for Obs.

Abandoned

Equipped

Backfilled

Other

☒

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☐

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GPS DATUM:

AGD66

WGS84

GDA94

Other

Easting

Northing

☐

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390182

7366720

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INTEREST ABOUT THE BORE:

THIS HOLE HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED

Signature of Licensed Driller:

P PARDON

Date:

21/10/02

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

How Located:

GPS

TST

Survey

Hand Plotted

other

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ELEVATION OF BORE AHD:

(m) from:

GL

TOC

☐

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DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:

Rural

Mineral

Pastoral

Reserve

VCL

SPL

EL

Other

☐

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Lease No:

Lot No:

Hundred of:

Portion No:

Section No:

Town of:

Alice Springs

Class of Bore:

Town

Domestic

Investigation

Agriculture

Mineral

Pastoral

Other

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Use of Bore:

Production

Investigation

Irrigation

Observation

Monitoring

Roads

None

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Grid Reference:

AMG

Clark

Zone:

Scale:

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53

1:100,000

Easting:

Latitude:

Northing:

Longitude:

390182

7366720

Map Name:

Map Number:

Alice Springs

Sheet 5650 / map 16

AWRC stream Basin Number:

Major Geological Units Name:

Geophysical Log Run:

Yes

No

Date:

Depth:

Gamma

SP

Caliper

Point Res.

Density

Camera

Other

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( )

m

Test Pump carried out:

Yes

No

☐

☐

Date Registered:

Bore Plotted on the map?

Yes

No

22/10/2002

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☐

Officer:

Signature:

P. Turner

Remarks:

17598

THE NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA  
Water Act  
FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

Name of Owner: DIPE NATURAL RESOURCES				Registration No.: RN17598							
Name of Bore: SHANNON 1/02											
Intended use: INVESTIGATION				Index Map No.: 16/2672							
Location: ALICE SPRINGS AIRPORT PROPERTY				Permit No.: 551							
From	To	Particulars of Strata		Name of Contractor: DIPE							
0	1.5	CLAY AND TOPSOIL		Name of Driller: P PARDON							
1.5	16.2	RED BROWN SANDSTONE SAND AND CLAY		Date Commenced: 27/08/02							
16.2	51.5	BROWN SANDY CLAYS AND SANDSTONE		Date Completed: 18/09/02							
51.5	55.5	AS ABOVE WITH QUARTZ BANDS		Depth Drilled: 468 m							
55.5	104	SAND AND GRAVELS CEMENTED WITH		Completion Depth: 468 m							
		RED BROWN CLAYS		METHOD OF DRILLING							
104	192.8	SANDSTONE SAND AND CLAY		Rotary	Rev. Cir	Cable	Other				
192.8	208	FIRM SANDSTONE		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
208	213	SANDSTONE AND SANDY CLAYS		HOLE DIAMETER			Drilling Fluid				
213	303	BROWN WHITE AND YELLOW CLAYS		From	To	Diam	Type				
303	325	BANDS OF CLAY CLAYSTONE AND SAND		0	29.8	310mm	MUD				
325	339.5	GREY AND WHITE CLAY		29.8	177.4	200mm	AIR/FOAM				
339.5	370	DARK GREY CLAY		177.4	325	200mm	MUD				
370	403	WHITE AND GREY CLAY		325	468	145mm	MUD				
403	468	BROWN RED AND WHITE CLAY									
PARTICULARS OF CASING				PARTICULARS OF PERFORATIONS OR SCREEN STRINGS							
From	To	Diam (ID)	Type	From	To	Diam (ID)	Aperture	Type			
0	29.8	254mm	STEEL	278	468			OPEN HOLE			
0	278	152mm	STEEL								
Casing Suspended: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				Top of Packer set at: N/A m							
Method:				Length of Packer: N/A m							
Height of Casing above GL: .6 M				Method of Packer Connection: N/A							
CEMENTING/GRAVEL PACKING			WATER BEARING BEDS								
From	To	Type	Depth (m)	Yield	SWL	Duration	Quality	EC	ph	Bottle No.	
			From	To	L/s	m	hr				
			104	110	1	56	DRILL	GOOD	1210	7.75	RL01
			278	304	4		1	GOOD	1010	7.6	RL03
STRATA and WATER SAMPLES											
Have been <input type="checkbox"/> Will be <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
Left at: ALICE SPRINGS			Completion Yield: L/s Method: Duration: hr								
			Completion SWL from GL: m Depth of lift: m								



RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

LOCATION SKETCH OF BORE

LOCATION DESCRIPTION OF BORE

E

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SE

NE

SW

NW

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m/km

OF:

FINAL CONSTRUCTION STATUS

Capped

Casing Pulled

Left for Obs.

Abandoned

Equipped

Backfilled

Other

☒

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GPS DATUM:

AGD66

WGS84

GDA94

Other

Easting

Northing

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390182

7366720

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INTEREST ABOUT THE BORE:

THIS HOLE HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED

Signature of Licensed Driller:

P PARDON

Date:

21/10/02

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

How Located:

GPS

TST

Survey

Hand Plotted

other

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ELEVATION OF BORE AHD:

(m) from:

GL

TOC

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☐

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DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:

Rural

Mineral

Pastoral

Reserve

VCL

SPL

EL

Other

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Lease No:

Lot No:

Hundred of:

Portion No:

Section No:

Town of:

Alice Springs

Class of Bore:

Town

Domestic

Investigation

Agriculture

Mineral

Pastoral

Other

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Use of Bore:

Production

Investigation

Irrigation

Observation

Monitoring

Roads

None

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☐

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Grid Reference:

AMG

Clark

Zone:

Scale:

☐

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53

1:100,000

Easting:

Latitude:

Northing:

Longitude:

390182

7366720

Map Name:

Map Number:

Alice Springs

Sheet 5650 / map 16

AWRC stream Basin Number:

Major Geological Units Name:

Geophysical Log Run:

Yes

No

Date:

Depth:

Gamma

SP

Caliper

Point Res.

Density

Camera

Other

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( )

m

Test Pump carried out:

Yes

No

☐

☐

Date Registered:

Bore Plotted on the map?

Yes

No

22/10/2002

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☐

Officer:

Signature:

P. Turner

Remarks:

17598

DATE 16-08-02

BORE No. SHANNAN STG 1  
RN17598

Supervisor: S HERIOT

Driller: P. BARDON

[illegible]

Government Printer of the Northern Territory

DATE: 27-08-02 TUES.				BORE No. SHANNON. 1102		Supervisor: S. HERLOT										
53 K 0390182 — UTM 7366720 RN.17598						Driller: P. PARDEN										
Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	0935 AM ON WGS 84 Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA			MUD DATA		WATER SAMPLES		
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length					Prog. tally
				SET UP HOSES FOR MUD LINE					RR	12-1/4	.28					
				FINISH PUTTING STRING TOGETHER					5 1/2 x 4 1/2 SUB	6"	.90	1 18				
				SEND TRUCK FOR MORE WATER.					RETARD STAB	4 7/8	1.44	2.62				
0940				TRUCK BACK WITH WATER CONT					COLLAR	6"	5.98	8.60				
1030				MIXING MUD AND CLEAN HOLE OUT					4 1/2 x 3 1/2 SUB	5 1/2	.20	8.80				
				TO 8-4m FIX LEAK IN SWIVEL SOLE					COLLAR	5 1/2	5.73	14.53				
1152				ADD 6" COLLAR AND CONT. CLEAN OUT					① DP	4 1/2	6.10	20.63				
				TO 10.4 SWIVEL RACKING LEAKING BAD												
				STOP PULL BACK AND REPAIR RUBBER												
1400				COMMENCE DRILLING AGAIN. 12.4-13.6												
				BROWN SANDY CLAY WITH SOME												
				COARSE SAND. CLEAR HOLE AND												
1500				ADD 5 1/2" COLLAR. CONT DRILL												
				Pipe Bent SWAP FOR ANOTHER.												
				CONT DRILLING 13.6-18.7 AS ABOVE												
				FIRM BAND AT 16.2												
1600				TALK TO DAVID AND ADVISED TO STOP												
				AND CBE PULL BACK CLEAR HOLE AND												
				PULL BACK TO 5 1/2" COLLAR.												

RECEIVED

22 OCT 2002

GROUNDWATER DATA

[illegible]

DATE: 24-08-02 *THUR* BORE No. 17598  
 Supervisor: S HERIOT  
 Driller: P PARDON  
 SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES		
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth	
				SERVICE GEAR PUT ON BLUE LINE												
				HEAD WORKS AND BOLT UP WING					CLAW	8"	.21					
				MAKE UP STRING SAND LINE GETS					SUB	5 1/2	.72	-93				
				TANGLED STOP AND FREE UP CUT					STAB	7 7/8	1.25	2-18				
				SAND LINE AND FIX START MAKING					COLLAR	5"	5.98	816				
1040				UP STRING AGAIN 8" CLAW BIT.					SUB	5 1/2	.22	8.38				
				29.8-31.2 BROWN SANDY CLAYS					COLLAR	5 1/2	5.73	14.11				
				AND SOME COARSE SAND AND (3)					COLLAR	4 1/2	5.98	10.09				
				31.2-37.3 AS ABOVE ADD (4)					(1) DP	4 1/2	6.1	26.79				
				37.3-43.4 SANDY CLAY WITH					(2) DP	4 1/2	6.1	32.29				
				LOTS OF COARSE SAND + GRAVEL					(3) DP	4 1/2	6.1	38.39				
				SOME LARGE PIECES OF QUARTZ					(4) DP	4 1/2	6.1	44.49				
				ADD (5) 43.4-49.5 AS ABOVE					(5) DP	4 1/2	6.1	50.49				
				ADD (6) 49.5-51.5 AS ABOVE					(6) DP	4 1/2	6.1	56.59				
				51.5-55.5 AS ABOVE WITH SOME					(7) DP	4 1/2	6.1	62.69				
				HARD BANDS OF QUARTZ STOP					(8) DP	4 1/2	6.1	68.79				
				PULL BACK TO MIX BLUE LINE					(9) DP	4 1/2	6.1	74.89				
1155				TRIP BACK IN CLAW HOLE + CONT					(10) DP	4 1/2	6.1	80.99				
				ADD ROD (7) HOLE OPEN TO BOTTOM					(11) DP	4 1/2	6.1	87.09				
				SAND AND GRAVEL MUST BE CATCHED 55-61.6					(12) DP	4 1/2	6.1	93.19				
1415				ADD ROD (8) 61.6-65 AS ABOVE 65-67.6												
1441				RED BROWN CLAY ADD ROD (9) + CONT												
				67.6-73.8 AS ABOVE ADD ROD (10)												
				73.8-79.9 AS ABOVE ADD (11)												
				79.9-86.1 AS ABOVE ADD (12) 86-												
				92.1 AS ABOVE BUT SANDY CLEAR HOLE AND PULL OUT.												
				KNOCK OFF												

RECEIVED 22 OCT 2002  
 GROUNDWATER DATA  
 51.5-65 BROWN SAND,  
 65-86 RED BROWN CLAY



## DRILLERS LOG

DATE FRI 30/08/02BORE No. RN 17598 1/02

Supervisor: .....

Driller: .....

SHANNON SIG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				SERVICE GEAR AND TRIP IN					PREVIOUS PAGE		93.19				
				CLEANING HOLE AS WE GO					(13) DP	4 1/2	6.1	99.29			
				AIRLIFTING WATER 55-61 (SEARAGS					(14) DP	4 1/2	6.1	105.39			
				OVERNIGHT) HOLE BACKFILLED TO					(15) DP	4 1/2	6.1	111.49			
				APPROX 74m WITH CLAY AND SAND					(16) DP	4 1/2	6.1	117.59			
				ADD ROD CONT CLEANING OUT TO 92m					(17) DP	4 1/2	6.1	123.69			
0907				ADD ROD 13 + START DRILLING 92-98.1					(18) DP	4 1/2	6.1	129.79			
0917				AS ABOVE ADD (14) 98.1-104.2					(19) DP	4 1/2	6.1	135.89			
				AS ABOVE ADD (15) 104-110.3 BROWN					(20) DP	4 1/2	6.1	141.99			
				SWASTONE AND WATER AIRLIFTING					(21) DP	4 1/2	6.1	148.09			
1030				APPROX 1 1/2 AIRLIFT + TAKE SAMPLE					(22) DP	4 1/2	6.1	154.19			
				ADD ROD (16) + CONT 110.3-116.4					(23) DP	4 1/2	6.1	160.29			
				AS ABOVE. ADD ROD (17) 116.4-122.5					(24) DP	4 1/2	6.1	166.39			
				AS ABOVE ADD ROD (18) 122.5-128.6					(25) DP	4 1/2	6.1	172.49			
				AS ABOVE INCREASE IN EROSION ADD					(26) DP	4 1/2	6.1	178.59			
				ROD (19) 128.6-134.7 AS ABOVE ADD											
				ROD (20) 134.7-140.8 AS ABOVE											
				ADD (21) 140.8-147m AS ABOVE											
				ADD (22) 147-153.1 AS ABOVE											
				ADD (23) 153.1-159.1 AS ABOVE											
				ADD (24) 159.1-165.2 AS ABOVE											
				ADD (25) 165.2-171.3 AS ABOVE											
				ADD (26) 171.3-177.4 AS ABOVE											
				CLEAR HOLE AND PULL OUT STRING											
				INCREASE IN SAND COMING UP (CONTINUOUS COMING UP)											
				TRIP OUT AND BREAK DOWN STRING											

86-104  
 RECEIVED  
 22 OCT 2002  
 GROUNDWATER DATA  
 104-177 Cemented SAND  
 OR LOOSELY CEMENTED SAND STONE.

BOTTLE NO  
 RL01

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

[illegible]

RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

## DRILLERS LOG

DATE 04-09-02 WED

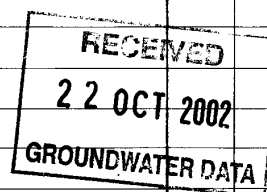
BORE No. RN17598 1/02

Supervisor: S HERLOT

SITANNON STG 1

Driller: P PARDON

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				SERVICE GEAR AND MAKE UP 7 7/8					RR	7 7/8	.20				
0820				RR STRING AND TRIP IN TO					SUB	5 1/2	.52	.72			
				153m MIX MUD ROTATION NOT WORKING					REAR STAB	7 7/8	1.25	1.97			
0900				STOP AND REPAIR. GO TO TOWN FOR NEW					COL	6"	5.98	7.95			
				RESISTOR RETURN TO RIG & REPLACE.					SUB	5 1/2	.22	8.17			
1300				CONT MAKING MUD. ADD (23) CLOW TO					COL	5 1/2	5.73	13.90			
				159 ADD (24) ADD (25) ADD (26) ADD (27)					COL	4 1/2	5.98	19.88			
				ADD (28) ADD (29) ADD (30) ADD (31) AND					20x DP	4 1/2	122	141.88			
				CLOW TO 207.7 ADD ADD (32)					(21) DP	4 1/2	6.1	147.98			
1346				START DRILLING. 208 - 213.8 AS ABOVE					(22) DP	4 1/2	6.1	154.08			
1400				STOP + CLOW HOLD					(23) DP	4 1/2	6.1	160.18			
1425				ADD ADD (33) + CLOW 213.8 - 219.9 AS ABOVE					(24) DP	4 1/2	6.1	166.28			
				SOFT BANDS ADD ADD (34)					(25) DP	4 1/2	6.1	172.38			
23				CONT DRILLING 219.9 - 223 SOME FIRM					(26) DP	4 1/2	6.1	178.48			
25				BANDS STOP AND CIRCULATE					(27) DP	4 1/2	6.1	184.58			
530				PULL OUT STRING + PACK UP					(28) DP	4 1/2	6.1	190.68			
630				SHOT DOWN.					(29) DP	4 1/2	6.1	196.78			
									(30) DP	4 1/2	6.1	202.88			
									(31) DP	4 1/2	6.1	208.98			
									(32) DP	4 1/2	6.1	214.08			
									(33) DP	4 1/2	6.1	220.18			
									(34) DP	4 1/2	6.1	227.18			
									208 - 213 FIRM SANDSTONE?						
									+ SANDY CLAYS						



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## DRILLERS LOG

## Department of Lands, Planning &amp; Environment

DATE 6-09-02 Friid

BORE No. RN 17598 1/02

Supervisor: S HERIOT

Driller: P PARDON

SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA		WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally			No.	Depth
				SERVICE GEAR CLEAN UP STABILIZER					CLAW 8"		.21					
				AND TAKE OFF. RUN 8' CLAW BIT.					SUB 5 1/2		.23	.44				
0810				TRIP IN. CLEAN OUT MUD PITS					SUB 5 1/2		.52	.96				
				AND MIX MUD					COLLAR 6"		5.98	6.94				
1010				CLEAN OUT HOLE FROM 214m TO 253					SUB 5 1/2		.22	7.16				
1042				START DRILLING 253-256.6 clay					COLLAR 5 1/2		5.73	12.89				
1108				STOP + CLEAN HOLE ADD ROD (40)					COLLAR 4 1/2		5.98	18.87				
1111				+ CONT DRILLING 256.6 - 262.7 AS ABOVE					32xDP 4 1/2		185.2	214.87				
				ADD (41) 262.7 - 268.8 AS ABOVE MIX MUD.					(33) DP 4 1/2		6.1	220.97				
1202	6.1	20		ADD (42) + CONT. 268.8 - 274.9 AS ABOVE					(34) DP 4 1/2		6.1	227.07				
1222				ADD (43) + CONT 279 Full Rock AND					(35) DP 4 1/2		6.1	233.17				
1245	4	23		CONDITIONS MUD (THICKEN UP)					(36) DP 4 1/2		6.1	239.27				
<del>1245</del>	2	<del>20</del>		281m CIRCULAR					(37) DP 4 1/2		6.1	245.37				
				ADD ROD (44) + CONT 281 - 287 AS ABOVE					(38) DP 4 1/2		6.1	251.47				
1311	6.1			SOME FIRM BANDS. CIRCULAR					(39) DP 4 1/2		6.1	257.57				
1341				ADD ROD (45) + CONT. 287 - 293 AS ABOVE					(40) DP 4 1/2		6.1	263.67				
				SOME FIRM BANDS. CIRCULAR TO COLLAR					(41) DP 4 1/2		6.1	269.77				
				MUD THICKEN UP MUD					(42) DP 4 1/2		6.1	275.87				
1450				START TRIPPING OUT. TILL DOWN CASING					(43) DP 4 1/2		6.1	281.97				
				CONTR. ON STOP + FIX + TENSION UP BIT					(44) DP 4 1/2		6.1	288.07				
				WENT					(45) DP 4 1/2		6.1	294.17				
1548				START PULLING OUT AGAIN. NOT												
				TRAVELLING BLOCK ON HOLE WIND AND												
				PULL OUT TO CASING												
1705				PULL UP + START DOWN.												

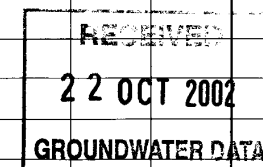
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22 OCT 2002

GROUNDWATER DATA

**DRILLERS LOG****Department of Lands, Planning & Environment**DATE 7-09-02 SATBORE No. RN17598 1/02Supervisor: S. HEALOTSHEWAN STC 1Driller: P. PANDON

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
0810				SERVICE GEAR AND TRIP IN				4 1/2	COLLIN			18.87			
				STRINGS STOPS 157m START CLEANING				22x	DP	4 1/2	134.2	153.07			
0840				HOLE FROM 157m TO 293 ADD RED				23x	DP	4 1/2	140.3	293.37			
				(46) 293-298.2 AS ABOVE PUMP NOT				(46)	DP	4 1/2	6.0	299.37			
				WORKING PROPERLY. AND HOLE NOT CLEANING											
				GETTING TIGHT WHEN PULLING BACK PULL BACK											
1030				AND CIRCULATE. MECHANIC DOES CHECKS											
				ON HYDRAULICS AND SAYS PRESSURE DOWN											
				MAYBE PUMP IS DOWN TAKES MECHANIC											
				BACK TO TOWN TO GET MORE GADGETS.											
1110				STAND DOWN TIME.											
1200				DAVE + MECHANIC ARRIVE BACK											
				DO MORE TEST BUT PUMP AT 95%											
1315				PERFORM CAPACITY CLEAN HOLE + PULL OUT.											
1455				BACK TO CASING STOP, PULL UP + CLEAN											
				DOWN GEAR											
				SHUT DOWN TAKE LOADER TO DEPOT.											
9/9/02				Mon WORK IN DEPOT PUTTING											
				MUD PUMP TOGETHER AND TRANSPORT											
				OUT TO SITE + TEST RUN.											

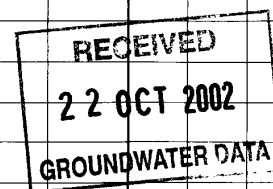


## DRILLERS LOG

DATE TUES 10/9/02BORE No. RN17598 1/02Supervisor: S HuttonDriller: P Pardon

SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				SERVICE CORN AND CLEAN OUT			JP	20	COCLR	4 1/2	18.87	18.87			
				<del>DRILL</del> MUD PIT. SETTLING PIT					33x DP	4 1/2	201.3	220.17			
				CONDITION MUD + TRIP IN AND					12x DP	4 1/2	23.2	293.37			
				CLEAN OUT TO 298m AND START					(46) DP	4 1/2	6.0	298.37			
1045				DRILLING 297.2 - 303 AS ABOVE					(47) DP	4 1/2	6.0	304.37			
				ADD (48) 303 - 307 AS ABOVE SOME					(48) DP	4 1/2	6.0	310.37			
				FIRM BANDS, CLEAN HOLE, PULL											
				BACK 7 RODS AND ADD MORE 6.0											
				RODS.					STRING WITH	6.0	Reps				
									NOW			304.67			
1200				CONT DRILLING 309 - 315.7 SOME FIRM BANDS.					(48) DP	4 1/2	6.1	310.77			
1305				CLEAN HOLE ADD ROD (50)					(49) DP	4 1/2	6.1	316.87			
1315				+ CONT 315.7 - 321.8 FIRM HARD DRILLING					(50) DP	4 1/2	6.1	322.97			
				SANDSTONE? 321 - 321.8 SOFT.					(51) DP	4 1/2	6.1	329.07			
1406				ADD CIRCULATE											
1413				ADD ROD (51) + CONT 321.8 - 324											
				SOFTEN AS ABOVE 324 - 325 HARD DRILL.											
				STOP + CLEAN HOLE.											
1420				TRIP OUT											
1637				OUT OF HOLE START PULLING UP.											
				SHOT DOWN.											

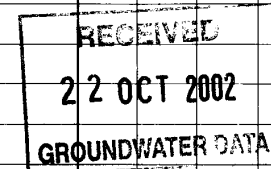


## DRILLERS LOG

## Department of Lands, Planning &amp; Environment

DATE WED 11-09-02BORE No. RN 17598 1-02Supervisor: S. HenaoDriller: P. PardonSWANVIEW STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA		WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally			No.	Depth
0630				TRANSFER TO SITE MORE CASING					(1) 5.96							
				SERVICE GEAR AND PREPARE TO					(2) 5.92	11.87						
				RUN CASING.					(3) 5.99	17.87						
0700				START RUNNING					(4) 5.98	23.85						
									(5) 5.97	29.82						
									(6) 5.99	35.81						
									(7) 5.99	41.8						
									(8) 5.36	48.80						
									(9) 6.79	53.95						
									(10) 6.01	59.96						
									(11) 6.00	65.96						
									(12) 5.99	71.95						
									(13) 5.95	77.9						
									(14) 6.01	83.91						
									(15) 6.01	89.92						
									(16) 5.98	95.9						
									(17) 5.95	101.85						
									(18) 5.47	107.32						
									(19) 6.42	113.74						
									(20) 5.96	119.70						
									(21) 6.44	126.16						
									(22) 5.98	132.11						
									(23) 5.97	138.08						
									(24) 6.03	144.11						
									(25) 5.97	150.08						
									(26) 6.03	156.11						



DATE: THURS 12-09-02				BORE No. RN 17598 1/02				Supervisor: S HERUOT								
				SHANNON STG 1				Driller: P PARDON								
Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA		WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally				
				SERVICE GEAR AND CUT OFF CASING					BIT	5 7/8	-10	-16				
				TRIP IN WITH 5 7/8 BRAD8 BIT START					SUB	4 1/2	-42	-52				
				CLEAN OUT FROM 245m TO 325m					COLUMN	5 1/2	5-73	6-25				
				DRL 325-325.5 SORT AS IF CLAY.					COLUMN	4 1/2	5-78	12-03				
1348				STOP + CIRCULATE CLEAN HOLE.					37 DP	4 1/2	225.7	237-73				
1355				TRIP BACK TO CASING AND WELD ON					9X DP	4 1/2	54	291-73				
				SHORT PIECE OF CASING THAT WAS CUT OFF												
				NO (47) TRY PUSHING AND PULLING CASING												
1530				BUT STUCK FART CUT EXCESS CASING												
				OFF AGAIN AND FIT UP BLOWY LINE.												
				RAINING STOP AND RUSH UP												
				FAN BELT ON RIG MORE SMOKEY												
				UP RUBBING ON GEAR												
1600				RETURN TO DEPOT												

TEST WATER  
 Put 100  
 down 157

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 22 OCT 2002  
 GROUNDWATER DATA

[illegible]



DATE SAT 14-09-02

BORE No.

RN 17598

1/02

Supervisor:

S HERIOT

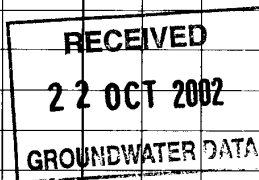
Driller:

P PARDON.

SHANNON

STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				SERVICES GEAR AND GET SERVICED					BUOBBIT	5 3/8	1.10	1.10	SWL	35.8m	
				NO OFF RIG ENGINE 11002902					SUB	4 1/2	1.42	1.52			
				DEPTH SWL 35.8m PULL OFF					COLLAR	4 1/2	5.98	6.50			
				HEAD WORKS + 5 1/2 COLLAR + TRIP					38 x DP	4 1/2	23.8	238.3		6.1	
				IN WATCH FLOWING OVER CASING BUT STOPS					8 x DP	4 1/2	48.0	286.3			
				265m PIPE STOPPING DOWN 280-286 CHANGE					5 x DP	4 1/2	30.0	316.3	2	AQUA POL	
				WATER TO MUD AND MIX MUD. 1.5x MUD					52 DP	4 1/2	6.1	322.4	2	EXTRA GEL	
1/25				PUMP ROD GLANDS AND START CLEANING					53 DP	4 1/2	6.1	328.5			
				OUT FROM 280m LOTS OF GREY PURPLE					54 DP	4 1/2	6.1	334.6			
				CLAY CLEAN OUT TO 285.2m					55 DP	4 1/2	6.1	340.7			
				HOLE MUST HAVE BACKFILLED TO BOTTOM											
				OF CASING OVERNIGHT. CLEAN OUT											
				TO 325m AND DRILL TO 327.4 CLEAN											
1345.				HOLE ADD ROD (54) 327.4 - 333.5											
1410				GRAY CLAY ADD ROD (55) 333.5 - 339.6											
				AT MORE MUD PRESSURE BUILDING UP											
1444				CLEAN HOLE AT 339.6											
1447				TRIP OUT, PULL BACK TO CASING.											
1520				SHOT DOWN											



## DRILLERS LOG

DATE Mon 16-09-02BORE No. RN17598Supervisor: S HERIOT

SHANNON STG 1

Driller: P PARDON

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA		WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally			No.	Depth
				SERVICE GEAR AND TRIP IN					UP to COLLAR			6.5				
				MIX MUD AND CLEAN OUT FROM					38x DP 4 1/2	231.8	238.3					
				325m MUD PUMP HAS HOLE IN					15x DP 4 1/2	90.0	328.3					
				UNDER PART OF LINER CASING					(54) DP 4 1/2	6.1	334.4					
				ABOUT THE SIZE OF A PENCIL					(55) DP 4 1/2	6.1	340.5					
				CONT CLEAN TO 339.5 ADD					(56) DP 4 1/2	6.1	346.6					
				ROD (56) + START DRILLING					(57) DP 4 1/2	6.1	352.7					
				339.5 - 345.5 DARK GRAY CLAY. (DARK)					(58) DP 4 1/2	6.1	358.8					
1015				+ WHITE ADD (57) 345.5 - 351.6 AS ABOVE					(59) DP 4 1/2	6.1	364.9					
1047				ADD (58) 351.6 - 357.7 DARK GRAY					(60) DP 4 1/2	6.1	371.0					
1116				CLAY ADD (59) 357.7 - 363.8 AS ABOVE					(61) DP 4 1/2	6.0	377.0					
				ADD (60) 363.8 - 370 AS ABOVE					(62) DP 4 1/2	6.0	383.0					
1225				ADD (61) 370 - 376 AS ABOVE					(63) DP 4 1/2	6.0	389.0					
1304				ROD (62) + CONT DRILLING 376 - 382 WHITE					(64) DP 4 1/2	6.0	395.0					
				+ GRAY CLAY. CLEAN HOLE AND												
1340				ADD ROD (63) 382 - 388 AS ABOVE												
				DO REPAIRS TO MUD PUMP AND												
				ADD (64) 388 - 394 AS ABOVE												
				SOME FIRM BANDS CLEAN HOLE												
1544				START TRIPPING OUT.												
				PACK UP AND TAKE PIPES TRUCK												
				BACK TO DEPOT FOR MORE DRILL												
				PIPS.												

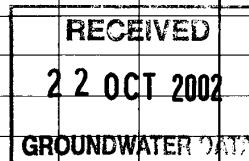
RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA

## DRILLERS LOG

DATE Tues 17/09/02BORE No. RN17598Supervisor: S HERIOTDriller: P PARDON

SHANNON STG 1

Time	Depth	Metres drilled	Mins lapsed	Drillers remark, casing details	BIT DATA				STRING DATA				MUD DATA	WATER SAMPLES	
					No.	Size	Type	Worn cond'n	Item	O.D.	Length	Prog. tally		No.	Depth
				SERVICE GEAR + CLEAN OUT SETTLING				58	DP	TALLY	<del>375</del>	358.3			
				P.T. BRING OUT MORE DRILL PIPE				6x	DP	4 1/2	27.68	385.78			
				AND EXTRA GEL TRIP IN / HOLD				(65)	DP	4 1/2	4.58	390.36			
				BALANCE TO APPROX 362m START				(66)	DP	4 1/2	4.58	394.93			
				(CLEANING OUT HAVE TO BUILD UP				(67)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	401.03			
				SLIPS FOR 4.58 DRILL PIPE CONT CLEANING				(68)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	407.13			
				WITH CARROUSEL PULL BACK 7 PIPE				(69)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	413.23			
				AND RUN 8 PIPE OFF TAILER				(70)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	419.33			
1025				COMMENCED DRILLING FROM 394m				(71)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	425.43			
1052				394-400 AS ABOVE ADD (68) 400-403				(72)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	431.53			
				WHITE + GRAY CLAY 403-406 WITHIN				(73)	DP	4 1/2	6.1	437.63			
1124				AND RED CLAY ADD ROD (69) 406-412.1											
				AS ABOVE NOISS IN MUD PUMP											
				STOP AND FIX REPAIRING PUMP											
1330				ADD ROD (70) + CONT. 412-418.2											
1354				WHITE CLAY ADD ROD (71) + CONT.											
				418.2-424.3 AS ABOVE											
1430				ADD ROD (72) <del>424.3</del> 424.3-430.4											
				ADD (73) 430.4-436.5 AS ABOVE											
				SOME FILM BANDS CLEAN HOLE											
				AND PULL BACK TO CASING											
1732				SHUT DOWN											



RECEIVED  
22 OCT 2002  
GROUNDWATER DATA



Robert Paul

24/02/2005 10:58 AM

To: ntel@bigpond.com  
cc: Scotty Balfour/IPE/NTG@NTGeMAG  
Subject: Water Samples RN17598

Alastair,

We are sending two water samples up to you today. The samples can be added to the water sample from RFDS bore, RN2799, sent up on 22/02/2005. There are two 1 litre samples. The samples are marked:

RL01 : RN17598 30/08/2002 @ 11:00 Depth 110.3 metres EC 1210  $\mu$ S/cm 1 l/sec.

RL03 : RN17598 13/09/2002 @ 14:25 Airlift Depth 304 metres EC 1010  $\mu$ S/cm 4 l/sec.

We would like a Potable water analysis on this sample, ie complete chemical analysis and selected metals. The results should be sent to:

Scotty Balfour

PO Box 2130

Alice Springs NT 0870

scotty.balfour@nt.gov.au

If there are any problems give me a ring.

Bob.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Bob Paul

Resource Assessment Branch

Natural Resources Division

Department of Infrastructure, Planning & Environment

PO Box 2130, Alice Springs NT 0871

Phone: (08) 8951 9202 Fax: (08) 8951 9222

e-mail: robert.paul@nt.gov.au  
\*\*\*\*\*

2709



**NORTHERN TERRITORY  
ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES PTY LTD**

**CHEMICAL ANALYSIS REPORT**

**Dept Infrastructure Planning & Environment**  
NATURAL RESOURCES ALICE SPRINGS  
PO Box 2130 ALICE SPRINGS NT 0871  
AUSTRALIA

**NTel**  
ABN 95 095 369 289  
PO Box 1382 Berrimah 0828  
3407 Export Drive  
Berrimah NT 0828  
Ph: (08) 8947 0510  
Fax: (08) 8947 0520

**REPORT CODE:** EL04300  
**Report Date:** 07/03/05  
**Samples Received:** 25/02/05  
**Number of Samples:** 3

**Report Distribution:**  
Scotty Balfour

**Purchase Order:**  
**Project:** ADWQG TM & GP  
**Cost Code:**

Resource Assessment Branch  
**Tel:** 08 8951 9202  
**Fax:** 08 8951 9222  
**E-mail:** scotty.balfour@nt.gov.au

---

**Sample Details:**

---

**Report Details:** **NATA ACCREDITATION No: 14610**  
Test results only apply to samples received  
Samples were analysed between 25/02/05 and 07/03/05

**Comments:** Waters samples will be disgarded one month from date of report.

Due to high levels of dissolved solids some samples have been diluted to reduce matrix effects.  
The dilution factors are listed in the report & the detection levels are increased accordingly.

Samples with concentrations greater than the linear working range (>LWR) of the ICPMS were  
reanalysed by ICPOES.



National Association of Testing  
Authorities, Australia

**Authorisation:**

*Fiona Dunbar-Smith*

Fiona Dunbar-Smith

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NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300

Methodology:

Analysis	Analytical Method	Technique	Accuracy/ Precision +/-%	Detection Data Limit Units
pH	ALK1	EA	10	0.1 units
EC	ALK1	EA	10	1 µS/cm
Alkalinity	ALK1	EA	10	1 mg/L
CO3	ALK1	EA	10	1 mg/L
HCO3	ALK1	EA	10	1 mg/L
OH	ALK1	EA	10	1 mg/L
NO2_N	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.005 mg/L
NO3_N	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.005 mg/L
Cl	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.1 mg/L
PO4_P	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.005 mg/L
NO2	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.02 mg/L
NO3	FIAS_4	FIA	10	0.02 mg/L
F	FISE1	EA	10	0.1 mg/L
NH3_N	NH3_N	FIA	10	0.005 mg/L
Hardness	TH1	CALC.	10	0.1 mg/L
TSS	TSSTDS	GRAV	10	10 mg/L
TDS	TSSTDS	GRAV	10	10 mg/L
Turbidity	TURB1	CA	10	1 NTU
Ca_F	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.1 mg/L
K_F	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.1 mg/L
Mg_F	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.1 mg/L
Na_F	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.1 mg/L
SO4_F	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.1 mg/L
SiO2	W108I	ICPOES	10	0.2 mg/L
Al_T	W205I	ICPOES	10	0.02 mg/L
Fe_T	W205I	ICPOES	10	0.05 mg/L
Ag_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	10 µg/L
Al_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	20 µg/L
As_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	0.5 µg/L
B_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	20 µg/L
Ba_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	50 µg/L
Be_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	1 µg/L
Br_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	2 µg/L
Cd_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	0.2 µg/L
Cr_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	5 µg/L
Cu_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	10 µg/L
Fe_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	20 µg/L
Hg_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	0.1 µg/L
I_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	10 µg/L
Mn_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	5 µg/L
Mo_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	5 µg/L
Ni_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	2 µg/L
Pb_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	1 µg/L
Sb_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	0.2 µg/L
Se_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	1 µg/L
Sn_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	10 µg/L
U_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	0.01 µg/L
Zn_T	W205M	ICPMS	10	10 µg/L

NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300 Project:

Element:		pH	EC	Alkalinity	CO3	HCO3	OH	Turbidity	TSS	TDS
Sample ID	Method:	ALK1	ALK1	ALK1	ALK1	ALK1	ALK1	TURB	TSSTD	TSSTD
	Units:	units	µS/cm	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	NTU	mg/L	mg/L
RN2799 18/02/05		7.2	1790	353	<1	353	<1	1	<10	1140
RN17598 300802 RL01		7.8	1500	209	<1	209	<1	33	5480	1000
RN17598 130902 RL03		7.8	1100	114	<1	114	<1	150	30	760

NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300 Project:

Sample ID	Element:	NO2_N	NO2	NO3_N	NO3	Cl	PO4_P	NH3_N	F	Hardness
	Method:	FIA_4	FIA_4	FIA_4	FIA_4	FIA_4	FIA_4	FIA	FISE1	TH1
	Units:	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
RN2799 18/02/05		<0.005	<0.02	1.26	5.58	285	0.095	0.010	0.4	275
RN17598 300802 RL01		<0.005	<0.02	0.260	1.14	174	0.015	0.040	1.2	450
RN17598 130902 RL03		<0.005	<0.02	<0.005	<0.02	87.9	0.010	0.020	1.2	352

NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300 Project:

Sample ID	Element:	Ca_F	K_F	Mg_F	Na_F	SO4_F	SiO2	Ag_T	Al_T	Al_T
	Method:	W108I	W108I	W108I	W108I	W108I	W108I	W205M	W205M	W205I
	Units:	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	µg/L	µg/L	mg/L
RN2799 18/02/05		62.1	9.5	29.0	271	168	26.2	<10	<20	--
RN17598 300802 RL01		107	9.4	44.2	134	381	29.0	<10	>LWR	265
RN17598 130902 RL03		99.3	10.6	25.3	99.2	339	26.8	<10	1480	--

NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300 Project:

Sample ID	Element:	As_T	B_T	Ba_T	Be_T	Br_T	Cd_T	Cr_T	Cu_T	Fe_T
	Method:	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M
	Units:	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L
RN2799 18/02/05		2.0	140	50	<1	1670	<0.2	<5	<10	40
RN17598 300802 RL01		11.0	160	950	10	1340	<0.2	290	140	>LWR
RN17598 130902 RL03		1.0	280	<50	<1	848	<0.2	<5	<10	<20

NORTHERN TERRITORY ENVIRONMENTAL  
LABORATORIES

REPORT CODE: EL04300 Project:

Element:	Fe_T	Hg_T	I_T	Mn_T	Mo_T	Ni_T	Pb_T	Sb_T	Se_T
Method:	W205I	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M	W205M
Units:	mg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L
Sample ID									
RN2799 18/02/05	--	<0.1	90	5	<5	4	<1	0.8	10
RN17598 300802 RL01	213	<0.1	40	2160	10	128	104	<0.2	14
RN17598 130902 RL03	--	<0.1	50	60	15	6	<1	<0.2	4



## Page 53 of 53.

**Project:**

Element:	Sn_T	U_T	Zn_T
Method:	W205M	W205M	W205M
Units:	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L
Sample ID			
RN2799 18/02/05	<10	19.8	10
RN17598 300802 RL01	<10	38.9	270
RN17598 130902 RL03	<10	6.29	<10

# NTA WATER RESOURCES BRANCH BORE DATA SHEET

SF53-1A

164034

NAME	Aerodrome Bore	INDEX No.	16/181
LOCALITY	A/S	REG. No.	3421
DEPTH	404' 123.1m	FILE No.	
CASINGS	368' 7"/6" 46' 5"	PERFORATIONS SCREENS	
LOCATION	/ / E N	SURFACE LEVEL R.L.	B M LEVEL R.L.
CONTRACTOR.	DRILLER. J. G. G. G.	DATE STARTED. 1942	DATE FINISHED.

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS	DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU.	STRATA			
DEPTH STRUCK	1761	377	53.65m	<p>1942 G. G. G.</p> <p>TD 404</p> <p>PC 340</p> <p>0-404' H. H. H.</p> <p>T. D. S. @ 1000 gpl</p> <p>2 hrs @ 1440 gpl</p>			
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL	256		7801 m.				
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	1400						
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
PUMP LEVEL	340						
DURATION OF TEST. HOURS							
R.L. S.W.L.							
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY							
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES							
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.	1009						
CONDUCTIVITY							
TOTAL HARDNESS	508						
CHLORIDE	138						
BICARBONATE	308						
CARBONATE	19						
SULPHATE	262						
NITRATE	6						
FLUORIDE	0.8						
SODIUM	110						
POTASSIUM	8						
CALCIUM	113						
MAGNESIUM	55						
REG. ANAL. No.	5096						
EQUIPMENT.							

WATER ANALYSIS

18/

Origin of water.....D.C.A...... Reference Sn.....66 / 354..........AIRPORT..... Specimen Advice Note No. 9487.....Date sampled.....18/3/66..... Date received.....18/3/66.....\* Results in milligrams per litre  
of filtered sample.Recommended Maximums  
(see over page).

	Sample	Domestic	Stock	Agriculture
HARDNESS (calculated as $\text{CaCO}_3$ )—				
" Total .. . . . .	<u>514</u>	500	—	—
" Carbonate .. . . . .	<u>289</u>	—	—	—
" Non-Carbonate .. . . . .	<u>225</u>	—	—	—
ALKALINITY IN EXCESS OF				
TOTAL HARDNESS .. . . . .	<u>211</u>	—	—	—
CHLORIDE .. . . . .	<u>123</u>	500	—	—
SULPHATE .. . . . .	<u>294</u>	250	2,000	—
BICARBONATE .. . . . .	<u>352</u>	—	—	—
		Child 20	—	—
NITRATE .. . . . .	<u>2</u>	Adult 120	—	—
FLUORIDE .. . . . .	<u>0.9</u>	1.5	5.0	—
CARBONATE .. . . . .	<u>211</u>	—	—	—
SODIUM .. . . . .	<u>120</u>	—	—	—
POTASSIUM .. . . . .	<u>11</u>	—	—	—
CALCIUM .. . . . .	<u>116</u>	100	—	—
MAGNESIUM .. . . . .	<u>54</u>	100	300	—
TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS .. . . . .				
	<u>1075</u>	3,000	8,000	1,000
RESIDUE ON EVAPORATION .. . . . .				
	<u>—</u>	3,000	8,000	1,000
pH..... <u>8.3</u> .....				

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

**The sample, as analysed, is chemically unsuitable for human consumption due to the excess of calcium and sulphate present in the water.**

Signature.....Don H. R. Newman.....Date.....27-4-66.....

\* 14.3 milligrams per litre equals 1 grain per gallon. 437.5 grains equals 1oz.

16/181

Alice Fring. Aerodrome Base 13/2/59

Cations

120

284

0.4

5.5

111

346

0

5.2

120

24

9

1.3

52

1

15.24

TDS

1043

Cations

3-38

5-95

5.66

14.99

Cast 119

2 9.8

1.5 - 38

11-28

# WATER ANALYSIS

Origin of Water: TOWNSITE DROME  
(E. CONNELLYAN)

Reference: SN / 53/251

Specimen Advice Note No. 1568

Date Received 12/5/53

34.21

16/181

## ANALYSIS

(Results in parts per million .6250 p.p.m. = approx. 1 oz. per gal.)

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )		
Total		620
Temporary		350
Permanent		270
FREE ALKALI (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )		
CHLORIDE		550
SULPHATE		295
FLUORIDE		1.2
NITRATES		
CALCIUM		158
PHOSPHOROUS		
Bicarbonates		427
Carbonates		
Sodium		275
Potassium		
Magnesium		107
Silica Iron and Aluminium		38
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS		1844
		oz./gal.

REACTION: (pH)

## HYPOTHETICAL COMPOUNDS

(Results in parts per million)

CALCIUM BICARBONATE	568
MAGNESIUM BICARBONATE	
CALCIUM SULPHATE	57
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE	312
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE	171
SODIUM BICARBONATE	
SODIUM SULPHATE	
SODIUM CHLORIDE	698
Silica Iron & Aluminium	38

N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
**BORE DATA SHEET**



RN003421

NAME <i>Aerodrome bore</i>		INDEX No. <i>16/181</i>	
LOCALITY <i>A/S</i>		REG. No. <i>3421</i>	
DEPTH <i>404.1</i>		FILE No.	
CASINGS <i>368 17 1/8"</i> <i>468 5"</i>		PERFORATIONS SCREENS	
LOCATION <i>/ / E N</i>		SURFACE LEVEL R.L.	B M LEVEL R.L. DATUM
CONTRACTOR.		DRILLER.	DATE STARTED. DATE FINISHED.

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS	DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU SEC.	STRATA			
DEPTH STRUCK	<i>176</i>	<i>377</i>					
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL	<i>256</i>						
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	<i>1400</i>						
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
P.G. LEVEL							
DURATION OF TEST HOURS							
R.L. S.W.L.							
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY							
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES							
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.	<i>1009</i>						
CONDUCTIVITY							
TOTAL HARDNESS	<i>508</i>						
CHLORIDE	<i>133</i>						
BICARBONATE	<i>303</i>						
CARBONATE	<i>19</i>						
SULPHATE	<i>262</i>						
NITRATE	<i>6</i>						
FLUORIDE	<i>0.8</i>						
SODIUM	<i>110</i>						
POTASSIUM	<i>8</i>						
CALCIUM	<i>113</i>						
MAGNESIUM	<i>55</i>						
REG. ANAL. No.	<i>5996</i>						
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							



## Northern Territory Administration - Animal Industry Division

997

## WATER ANALYSIS

Origin of Water. TOWNSITE 'DROME,

ALICE SPRINGS. R/N 3421

E. CONNELLAN. 16/18/1

Reference: SN.../... 53/200

Specimen Advice Note No. 2130

Date Received 24/2/53.

## ANALYSIS

(Results in parts per million .6250 p.p.m. = approx. 1 oz. per gal.)

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	
" Total	620
" Temporary	385
" Permanent	235
FREE ALKALI (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	-
CHLORIDE	497
SULPHATE	426
FLUORIDE	-
NITRATES	-
CALCIUM	151
PHOSPHOROUS	-
Bicarbonate	470
Carbonate	-
Sodium	218
Potassium	-
Magnesium	165
Silica Iron and Aluminium	7
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1934
	ozs/gal.

REACTION: (pH)

## HYPOTHETICAL COMPOUNDS

(Results in parts per million)

CALCIUM BICARBONATE	616
MAGNESIUM BICARBONATE	8
CALCIUM SULPHATE	-
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE	554
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	-
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE	217
SODIUM BICARBONATE	-
SODIUM SULPHATE	-
SODIUM CHLORIDE	554
Silica Iron and Aluminium	7

Northern Territory Administration

Animal Industry Division

**WATER ANALYSIS**

Origin of Water..... TOWNSITE DROME

(E. MURRELLIAN)

Reference: SN.../.... 53/251.....

Specimen Advice Note No... 1568.....

Date Received ..... 12/5/53.....

r/w 3421.....

16/181

**ANALYSIS**

(Results in parts per million .6250 p.p.m. = approx. 1 oz. per gal.)

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	
" Total	620
" Temporary	350
" Permanent	270
FREE ALKALI (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	-
CHLORIDE	550
SULPHATE	295
FLUORIDE	1.2
NITRATES	-
CALCIUM	158
PHOSPHOROUS	-
Bicarbonates	427
Carbonates	-
Sodium	275
Potassium	-
Magnesium	107
Silica Iron and Aluminium	38
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1844
	ozs/gal.

REACTION: (pH)

**HYPOTHETICAL COMPOUNDS**

(Results in parts per million)

CALCIUM BICARBONATE	568
MAGNESIUM BICARBONATE	-
CALCIUM SULPHATE	57
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE	312
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	151
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE	-
SODIUM BICARBONATE	-
SODIUM SULPHATE	-
SODIUM CHLORIDE	698
Silica Iron & Aluminium	38

File: B/100

Northern Territory Administration  
Water Resources Branch

BORE COMPLETION REPORT

BORE NAME: J. Jones No. 1  
LOCATION: N.T. Portion 428  
MAP: SP 53-14

Registered No. 3450  
Index No. 16/209  
Reference: 166034

GENERAL DATA

DATE BORE COMPLETED: 1955

TOTAL DEPTH: 92.9 metres (305 ft)

WATER STRUCK AT	First supply	Second supply	Third supply
	78 m (256 ft)	----	----
in (aquifer)	Sand with clay bars	----	----

STANDING WATER LEVEL 66.9 metres (219.5 ft)

CASING DETAILS  
Interval

Diam. of casing, screens; size of perforations or  
slots in casing or screen slot openings.

143 mm internal diameter black bore casing

This branch has no record of casing length or of the type of screens used in this bore but there is good reason to believe the screens are 143 mm I.D., perforated or slotted black bore casing.

Casing straightness tested yes 40 ft dolly passed yes  
no mirror test no

Casing plumbness tested yes maximum permissible passed yes  
no deviation per test no

PUMPING TEST Completed on 2.2.72

DURATION 2 hours

Recommended maximum continuous pumping rate 0.38 l/sec (300 gph)

Recommended pump setting 91.4 m (300 ft)

WATER ANALYSIS - results will be forwarded when they become available.COMMENTS:

While pumping this bore an amount of sand was produced also the bore is now 5.6 metres shallower than when first constructed. This indicates either the bore has not been properly developed or that the screen apertures are too large and allow sand into the bore from the unconsolidated sediments of the aquifer. The true cause is probably a combination of both points.

Because of the low yield and age of this bore it would not be economical to rehabilitate.

Prepared by: J. Elliott  
Designation: T/O 1  
Date: 2.2.72

Approved by:  
Designation: District Engineer  
Date: 10.2.72

NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

**WATER ANALYSIS**

WR 4/1

NTA 152.

Laboratory Register No. 72/0188

Date received in laboratory 24.2.72

Time of sampling (hrs.) Date of sampling

1600

2.2.72

## LOCATION AND DETAILS

N.T. PORTION 428, 9 MILES SOUTH ALICE SPRINGS

RN 3450 IN 16/709 300 ft. 550 G.P.H. PUMP DISCHARGE

ANALYSIS in milligrams per litre — mg/l (unless otherwise stated) —

Appearance

Colour (Hazen units)

Turbidity (A.P.H.A. units)

Odour

Suspended solids

pH 7.1 Total solids

Specific conductivity (micromhos/cm) 1240

Total dissolved solids 870

Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)

Total alkalinity (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) 134Total hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) 401

Chloride, Cl 121

Sodium, Na 110

Sulphate, SO<sub>4</sub> 320

Potassium, K 9

Nitrate, NO<sub>3</sub> 1

Calcium, Ca 101

Carbonate, CO<sub>3</sub>

Magnesium, Mg 36

Bicarbonate, HCO<sub>3</sub> 163

Iron (total), Fe 2820

Fluoride, F 1.0

Silica, SiO<sub>2</sub> 22Phosphate, PO<sub>4</sub> <1

Analysed by JUDITH A. GRIMES

Date 5 / 5 / 72

## REMARKS:

Excessive iron, otherwise the sample as tested is chemically suitable for human consumption according to World Health Organization Drinking Water Standards.



\*RN003450\*

## N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

NAME Jones bore		INDEX No. 16/209	
LOCALITY A/S Block		REG. No. 3450	
DEPTH 323'		FILE No.	
CASINGS		PERFORATIONS SCREENS	
LOCATION / / E N		SURFACE LEVEL R.L.	B M LEVEL R.L.
CONTRACTOR.		DRILLER.	DATUM
DATE STARTED.		DATE FINISHED.	
WATER		STRATA SECTION	
AQUIFERS	DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU SEC.
DEPTH STRUCK	250		
AQUIFER THICKNESS			
STANDING WATER LEVEL	230		
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	800		
DRAWDOWN LEVEL			
P. LEVEL	300		
DURATION HOURS OF TEST			
R.L. S.W.L.			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C			
TRANSMISSIBILITY			
STORAGE COEFF.			
ANALYSES			
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION			
T. D. S.	818.		
CONDUCTIVITY			
TOTAL HARDNESS	292		
CHLORIDE	135		
BICARBONATE	203		
CARBONATE			
SULPHATE	250		
NITRATE	4		
FLUORIDE	1.47		
SODIUM	130		
POTASSIUM	9		
CALCIUM	37		
MAGNESIUM	49		
REG. ANAL. No.	5627.		
EQUIPMENT.			
REMARKS.			

NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

**WATER ANALYSIS**

WR 4/1

Laboratory Register No. 72/0188

Date received in laboratory 24.2.72

Time of sampling (hrs.) Date of sampling

1600

2.2.72

## LOCATION AND DETAILS

N.T. PORTION 428, 9 MILES SOUTH ALICE SPRINGS

RN 3450 IN 16/709 300 ft. 550 G.P.H. PUMP DISCHARGE

ANALYSIS in milligrams per litre — mg/l (unless otherwise stated) —

Appearance

Colour (Hazen units)

Turbidity (A.P.H.A. units)

Odour

Suspended solids

pH

7.1

Total solids

Specific conductivity (micromhos/cm)

1240

Total dissolved solids

870

Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)

Total alkalinity (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

134

Total hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

401

Chloride, Cl

121

Sodium, Na

110

Sulphate, SO<sub>4</sub>

320

Potassium, K

9

Nitrate, NO<sub>3</sub>

1

Calcium, Ca

101

Carbonate, CO<sub>3</sub>

Magnesium, Mg

36

Bicarbonate, HCO<sub>3</sub>

163

Iron (total), Fe

2820

Fluoride, F

1.0

Silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>

22

Phosphate, PO<sub>4</sub>

&lt;1

Analysed by

JUDITH A. GRIMES

Date 5 / 5 / 72

## REMARKS:

Excessive iron, otherwise the sample as tested is chemically suitable for human consumption according to World Health Organization Drinking Water Standards.



### WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION DRINKING WATER STANDARDS

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>PERMISSIV E</u>	<u>EXCESSIVE</u>
Colour (Hazen units)	5	50
Turbidity (A.P.H.A. Units)	5	25
Odour	Unobjectionable	
pH range	7.0-8.5	Less than 6.5 or Greater than 9.2
Total dissolved solids	500 mg/l	1500 mg/l
Chloride, Cl	200 mg/l	600 mg/l
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	200 mg/l	400 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	50 mg/l	100 mg/l
Fluoride, F	1.0 mg/l	1.5 mg/l
Calcium, Ca	75 mg/l	200 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	50 mg/l	150 mg/l
Iron (total), Fe	0.3 mg/l	1.0 mg/l

NOTE: **Iron** gives rise to potability and aesthetic problems.

**Nitrate** in excess of 45 mg/l is dangerous to health in some infants under one year.

**Fluoride** in excess of 1.5 mg/l may give rise to dental fluorosis.

### WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR STOCK USE

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>LIMIT</u>
pH range	5.5-9.0
Total dissolved solids	8000 mg/l
Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)	Not more than 75% when total dissolved solids near limit
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	2000 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	400 mg/l
Fluoride, F	5.0 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	300 mg/l

NOTE: Stock standards are intended as a guide only.

NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

**WATER ANALYSIS**

WR 4/1

Laboratory Register No.	72/0186
Date received in laboratory	24.2.72
Time of sampling (hrs.)	Date of sampling
1422	2.2.72

LOCATION AND DETAILS	N.T. PORTION 428 9 MILE SOUTH ALICE SPRINGS
	RN 3450 IN 16/309 300 ft. 550 G.P.H. PUMP DISCHARGE

ANALYSIS in milligrams per litre — mg/l (unless otherwise stated) —

Appearance

Colour (Hazen units)

Turbidity (A.P.H.A. units)

Odour

Suspended solids

pH

7.9

Total solids

Specific conductivity (micromhos/cm)

1180

Total dissolved solids

800

Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)

Total alkalinity (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

220

Total hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

357

Chloride, Cl

116

Sodium, Na

111

Sulphate, So<sub>4</sub>

218

Potassium, K

9

Nitrate, No<sub>3</sub>

2

Calcium, Ca

92

Carbonate, Co<sub>3</sub>

Magnesium, Mg

31

Bicarbonate, HCo<sub>3</sub>

268

Iron (total), Fe

11

Fluoride, F

1.1

Silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>

39

Phosphate, PO<sub>4</sub>

&lt;1

Analysed by

JUDITH A. GRIMES

Date 5 / 5 / 72

REMARKS:

Excessive iron, otherwise the sample as tested is chemically suitable for human consumption according to World Health Organization Drinking Water Standards.

WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION DRINKING WATER STANDARDS

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>PERMISSIV E</u>	<u>EXCESSIVE</u>
Colour (Hazen units)	5	50
Turbidity (A.P.H.A. Units)	5	25
Odour	Unobjectionable	
pH range	7.0-8.5	Less than 6.5 or Greater than 9.2
Total dissolved solids	500 mg/l	1500 mg/l
Chloride, Cl	200 mg/l	600 mg/l
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	200 mg/l	400 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	50 mg/l	100 mg/l
Fluoride, F	1.0 mg/l	1.5 mg/l
Calcium, Ca	75 mg/l	200 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	50 mg/l	150 mg/l
Iron (total), Fe	0.3 mg/l	1.0 mg/l

NOTE: **Iron** gives rise to potability and aesthetic problems.

**Nitrate** in excess of 45 mg/l is dangerous to health in some infants under one year.

**Fluoride** in excess of 1.5 mg/l may give rise to dental fluorosis.

WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR STOCK USE

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>LIMIT</u>
pH range	5.5-9.0
Total dissolved solids	8000 mg/l
Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)	Not more than 75% when total dissolved solids near limit
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	2000 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	400 mg/l
Fluoride, F	5.0 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	300 mg/l

NOTE: Stock standards are intended as a guide only.

NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

**WATER ANALYSIS**

WR 4/1

Laboratory Register No.	72/0187
Date received in laboratory	24.2.72
Time of sampling (hrs.)	Date of sampling
1540	2.2.72

## LOCATION AND DETAILS

N.T. PORTION 428, 9 MILES SOUTH ALICE SPRINGS

RN 3450 IN 16/209 300 ft. 550 G.P.H. PUMP DISCHARGE

ANALYSIS in milligrams per litre — mg/l (unless otherwise stated) —

Appearance

Colour (Hazen units)

Turbidity (A.P.H.A. units)

Odour

Suspended solids

pH

7.9

Total solids

Specific conductivity (micromhos/cm)

1240

Total dissolved solids

880

Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)

Total alkalinity (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

246

Total hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

408

Chloride, Cl

116

Sodium, Na

110

Sulphate, SO<sub>4</sub>

243

Potassium, K

8

Nitrate, NO<sub>3</sub>

3

Calcium, Ca

109

Carbonate, CO<sub>3</sub>

Magnesium, Mg

33

Bicarbonate, HCO<sub>3</sub>

300

Iron (total), Fe

28

Fluoride, F

1.1

Silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>

61

Phosphate, PO<sub>4</sub>

&lt;1

Analysed by

JUDITH A. GRIMES

Date 5 / 5 / 72

## REMARKS:

Excessive iron, otherwise the sample as tested is chemically suitable for human consumption according to World Health Organization Drinking Water Standards.

WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION DRINKING WATER STANDARDS

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>PERMISSIVE</u>	<u>EXCESSIVE</u>
Colour (Hazen units)	5	50
Turbidity (A.P.H.A. Units)	5	25
Odour	Unobjectionable	
pH range	7.0-8.5	Less than 6.5 or Greater than 9.2
Total dissolved solids	500 mg/l	1500 mg/l
Chloride, Cl	200 mg/l	600 mg/l
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	200 mg/l	400 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	50 mg/l	100 mg/l
Fluoride, F	1.0 mg/l	1.5 mg/l
Calcium, Ca	75 mg/l	200 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	50 mg/l	150 mg/l
Iron (total), Fe	0.3 mg/l	1.0 mg/l

NOTE: **Iron** gives rise to potability and aesthetic problems.

**Nitrate** in excess of 45 mg/l is dangerous to health in some infants under one year.

**Fluoride** in excess of 1.5 mg/l may give rise to dental fluorosis.

WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR STOCK USE

<u>SUBSTANCE</u>	<u>LIMIT</u>
pH range	5.5-9.0
Total dissolved solids	8000 mg/l
Sodium chloride (calc. from chloride)	Not more than 75% when total dissolved solids near limit
Sulphate, $\text{SO}_4$	2000 mg/l
Nitrate, $\text{NO}_3$	400 mg/l
Fluoride, F	5.0 mg/l
Magnesium, Mg	300 mg/l

NOTE: Stock standards are intended as a guide only.

NAME		LOCALITY		DEPTH		CASINGS		PERFORATIONS		LOCATION		CONTRACTOR		DRILLER		DATE		DATE	
Airpbrt Bore No.2		A/S		392' 119' 48"				SCREENS		16 / 01 / 24.0 E 15.5 N				G. Gorey		1959			
INDEX No.		REG. No.		FILE No.				perfs. from 311'-366'		SURFACE LEVEL R.L.		B M LEVEL R.L.		DATUM		STARTED		FINISHED	
16/276		3563																	
WATER										STRATA SECTION									
AQUIFERS										STRATA									
DEPTH STRUCK										DEPTH FEET									
280 85.34																			
AQUIFER THICKNESS																			
STANDING WATER LEVEL																			
231 70.41																			
PUMP TEST G.P.H.																			
750 626 685																			
DRAWDOWN LEVEL																			
37' 36'																			
PUMP LEVEL																			
DURATION HOURS																			
2.4 hr 2.4 hr																			
R.L. S.W.L.																			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C																			
TRANSMISSIBILITY																			
STORAGE COEFF.																			
ANALYSES																			
MINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION																			
T.D.S.										909									
CONDUCTIVITY																			
TOTAL HARDNESS										408									
CHLORIDE										95									
BICARBONATE										395									
SULPHATE										154									
NITRATE										13									
FLUORIDE										0.2									
SODIUM										105									
POTASSIUM										8									
CALCIUM										395									
MAGNESIUM										38									
pH										7.6									
REG. ANAL. No.										6558 12092									
EQUIPMENT.																			
MARKS.																			

Rosewall No 2  
also at airport  
1200 gpd  
1959  
78 240

Rosewall No 2  
2000' No 1



**AERODROME - ALICE SPRINGS** **63 705**  
 Origin of Water ..... Reference. SN. ....  
**ROSEWALL'S BORE NO. 2** ..... **10777**  
 Date Sampled **25/2/63** ..... Specimen Advice Note No. ....  
 Date Received ..... **11/3/63**

## Results in parts per million

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	392
"    Total ....	392
"    Temporary ....	70
"    Permanent ....	Nil
FREE ALKALI (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	Nil
CHLORIDE ....	100
SULPHATE ....	139
FLUORIDE ....	0.8
CALCIUM ....	101
BICARBONATE ....	392
CARBONATE ....	Nil
SODIUM ....	96
POTASSIUM ....	9
MAGNESIUM ....	34
NITRATE ....	9
NITRITE ....	
AMMONIA ....	
TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS	881
pH	7.3

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

The sample, as analysed, is chemically suitable for human consumption.

Signature

Date

6,250 ppm. equals approx. 1 oz. per gall.

HFE/SJB:

R/90.

16th April, 1963.

The Director.,  
 Water Resources Branch,  
 N. T. Administration,  
DARWIN.

Attention: Senior Engineer, Groundwater.

Airport No.2 Bore Test - Job No.134.  
Your File W865.

Further to my memorandum of 8th April, the following is  
 the analysis of water from the above bore:-

Hardness (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	392
" Total	392
" Temporary	70
" Permanent	---
Free Alkali (Calculated as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	Nil
Chloride	100
Sulphate	139
Fluoride	0.8
Calcium	101
Bicarbonate	392
Carbonate	Nil
Sodium	96
Potassium	9
Magnesium	34
Nitrate	9
Nitrite	---
Ammonia	---
Total Dissolved Salts	881
pH....7.3.....	

  
 (H.F. Eggington )  
DISTRICT ENGINEER.

Ref: R31/12

EC/CM - 20/2/67

(9)

PUMP TEST - AIRPORT BORE NO. 2  
NEW TERMINAL

R29/10

IN/276

1. Bore data:

Depth: 392'  
S.W.L.: 227'  
Perforations: 311' - 366'  
Pump Setting: C.D.W. 302'  
Pump Rate: Approx. 750 g.p.h.

2. D.C.A. require a pump test on this bore to determine the supply (and quality) available for future planning. This work will be costed against C.D.W. who will pull the existing pump and re-run it at the completion of our testing.

3. Tests required are:-

a) Step drawdown test for approx. 2 hours each at rates of 700 g.p.h. 1,000 g.p.h. and 1,400 g.p.h. approximately.

b) Long-term medium rate test at a rate to be determined from the above test (approximately 1,000-1,200 g.p.h.). Megger readings for draw-down are to be taken in the bore at intervals as previously laid down.

4. It is recommended that the Southern Cross pump jack be used with a 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ " draw plunger pump. Pump setting should be approx. 360-370'

5. Water samples are required at the start and near completion of each test.

6. Work should commence on 22/2/67.

( E. Cutler )

T/D

R 31/12.

R 29/10

DISTRICT ENGINEER.Report on Pump Test on Airport Bore No. 2.

IN 16/276

Bore Data:

R.N. 3563

I.N. 16/276

Name: Airport No. 2 or Rosewall No. 2

Depth: 392 feet

S.W.L. : 239 feet

Aquifer : 280' - 284' - Coarse Gravel?

Perforations: 311 - 366 feet

Pump setting for test: 363 feet

Water Quality: Good - Conductivity 1100 m/mhos / cm<sup>3</sup>

Pump tested 7/3/67 to 12 2/3/67

Pump Test:

The test was carried out using a 3½" draw plunger pump and the Southern Cross Pump Jack.

A 24 hour test at 626 g.p.h. was first carried out. The drawdown at 1,440 mins was 37'6". The bore was then allowed to recover to 10'2" (at 28 mins). At this stage, a 6 hour test at 900 g.p.h. was commenced, but the pumping unit failed at 55 mins. and the pump was shut down. No recovery measurements were taken.

PA Book 101

Analysis:

The results of the above tests were plotted, drawdown against time. The plot of the 24-hour test revealed three (3) "boundaries". These were also seen in the plot of the 900 g.p.h. test.

Since no bore log or Reg. 8 has been submitted for this bore, very little is known of aquifers intersected. First supply was obtained in coarse gravel from 280' - 284'.

From analysis of the graph, it seems likely that at least two similar aquifers were intersected beneath 284 feet. The transmissibility of these aquifers has been calculated at approximately 0.70 TC/D/F. From known geology of the area, it is likely that these aquifers are separated by layers of clay and sandy clays.

Recommendations:

This bore should be equipped to pump at 750 g.p.h. At this rate, the expected drawdown, after 24 hours pumping, would be 50 feet. From this drawdown the bore should fully recover in 12 hours. The pumping times should be restricted to this pattern until such a time as further tests can be carried out. This will be done using the existing pump.

The pump setting should be approximately 340 feet and the drawdown at any stage should not exceed 60 feet if possible.

( E. CUTLER )  
T/O

Results No 2

$$T = \frac{4.39 \times .685}{5.5} = 0.55 \text{ thq. per day per ft.}$$

$$\frac{1}{Q} (\text{day}) = \frac{.37}{.658} = 56 \text{ ft per thq.}$$

(or a spec. cap of 18 gals per ft)

Sw. L. 231 ft.

Perforations 311 — 366

Water?  $\frac{(212 - 218) / (236 - 228)}{276 - 280}$

Sand. 300 — 308 (main permeability)  
364 — 366

$$\text{Result No 2} \approx 300 - 231 = 69 \text{ ft.}$$

at 1100 Sand immediately upon commencing  
pumping.

ended after 55 min

COSTING DATA - BORE DRILLED BY BRANCH CREW.

JOB No. 134 JOB NAME AIRPORT NO 2  
EX ROSE WAZZ BORE...

PLANT HIRE.  
 RIG No. WAB 4 HYDROMASTER TOTAL HOURS USED 16  
 PUMP TEST UNIT SX DTB 22HR TOTAL HOURS USED 24

-----ooOoo-----

LABOUR - (DRILLING AND PUMP TESTING).

NAME	DATES:-
1. R. LINDON BORE INSPECTOR.	25-8 HRS 26-8 HRS 27 <sup>th</sup> 14 HRS
2. R. ADAMSON DRILLER.	25 <sup>th</sup> 8 HRS 26 <sup>th</sup> 8 HRS 28 <sup>th</sup> 8 HRS
3. DE MCCONNELL - FITTER	28 <sup>th</sup> 8 HRS
4.	
5.	

NOTE: Record hours worked each day on Job. (Include time travelling to and from Job)

-----ooOoo-----

MATERIALS (CASING, SHOES, CLAMPS, CEMENT, ETC.).

DESCRIPTION: QUANTITY: ORDER TO TRANSFER No.:

PUMP TEST ONLY

NOTE: Net quantities, i.e., less materials returned to Store.

-----ooOoo-----

CARTAGE (INCLUDES TRANSPORT OF PLANT AND MATERIALS).

	Trip No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
DATE.....	25/8/63	26/8/63		
VEHICLE No.....	12116			
VEHICLE TYPE.....	INTER CITY			
DRIVER (Name).....	LINDON ADAMSON			
TOTAL MILEAGE.....	125			
TOTAL HOURS.....	32 HRS			

NOTE: Total hours and mileage to include Depot to Depot unless other Jobs concerned in which case an apportionment is to be made.

-----ooOoo-----

NOTE: In recording details of Plant Hire and Labour when a bore results from investigational drilling, also include an estimate of time for the job if work had not been of an investigational nature. Required for estimated cost if bore is to be sold to a landholder.

All inspection costs covered by 6% oncost.

Signature..... Designation..... Date.....



HFE/SJB:

R/90.

11th March, 1963.

The Senior Engineer, Groundwater.,  
Water Resources Branch,  
Northern Territory Administration,  
DARWIN.

Airport No.2 Bore Test - Job No.134.

Prior to the pump testing the bore was logged with the electric logger as the only information available was that included in my letter of 13th December, 1962.

The following were determined:-

Depth 392 feet.

Perforations in interval 311 to 366 feet.

Standing Water Level 231 feet.

The Gamma Ray Log would suggest that the most likely aquifer is at 300 - 308 feet with minor sands at 276 - 280 and possibly 364 - 366 feet. Thus it would appear that the bore was completed with the perforations not opposite the main supply. The pump test results tend to confirm this.

A 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ " Draw-Plunger pump was set with pump suction at 312 feet. Pumping at 685 gallons per hour the rate of increase of drawdown stabilized after 40 minutes at a figure appropriate to a transmissability of 550 gallons per day per foot. The drawdown at the end of the 24 hour test was 36 feet.

As this drawdown figure is only approximately half that apparently available to the major aquifer, short tests were run at higher rates of 757 g.p.h and 1100 g.p.h.

These tests established that at the two lower rates the well-loss is extraordinarily high. At the highest rate the well-loss is lower but the bore pumped sand immediately pumping commenced. The critical rate for the onset of sand production is between 800 and 850 g.p.h.

Thus it is evident that a far better bore than this could be constructed in this area. My recommendation for equipping the existing bore follows:-

Recommendation.

The Bore should be equipped to produce not more than 750 gallons per hour.

Pump suction should be set at a depth of 310 feet.

The bore is suitable for pumping continuously for periods of up to one week at the above rate.

The water analyses will be available on the 18th March. The water is expected to be suitable for human consumption with an analysis of the order of 900 p.p.m T.D.S although the hardness will very likely be high (400 p.p.m).

(H.F. Eggington)  
DISTRICT ENGINEER.

HFE/SJB:

R/90

8th April, 1963.

The Director.,  
Water Resources Branch,  
N. T. Administration,  
DARWIN.

Attention: Senior Engineer, Groundwater.

Airport No.2 Bore Test - Job No.134.  
Your W865 Dated 14th March, 1963.


I have discussed this hole with J.P. Cole who, as you suggest, drilled the hole in partnership with A.J. Gorey. Cole states that the hole was cased with 1 plain joint of casing and then possibly up to 5 joints of finely perforated casing followed by plain casing.

The Single-Point Resistance and Self Potential Logs attached (Figure 1) clearly indicate that the perforations are in the interval 311 - 366 ft so presumably only 3 joints of perforated casing were run. You will note that the scales are set so that the Single Point Resistance (Right Side of Plot) is writing  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch above the Self Potential pen, thus the left side must be raised  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch to obtain side by side correlation. The scales are 1" = 100 m.v Self Potential and 1" = 5 ohms Resistance. The logging speed is 40 ft per minute.

Figure II shows a temperature log (Scale 1" = 6°F) on the right side with a Gamma Activity Log (Scale 1" = 5 mv. output from Gamma Probe Amplifier) on the left. A second Gamma Activity at a lower sensitivity (1" = 10 mv Amplifier Output) was taken to achieve a clearer record. My experience to date suggests the 20 m.v line as being a useful demarkation point when logging Central Australian Tertiary Age Sediments, the beds have a gamma activity recording above 20 mv being predominately clays and those below predominately sand.

With the exception of the temperature log all logs were recorded with the probe travelling up-hole. All vertical scales are 1" = 20 feet.

Yours faithfully,

  
(H.F. Eggington)  
DISTRICT ENGINEER.

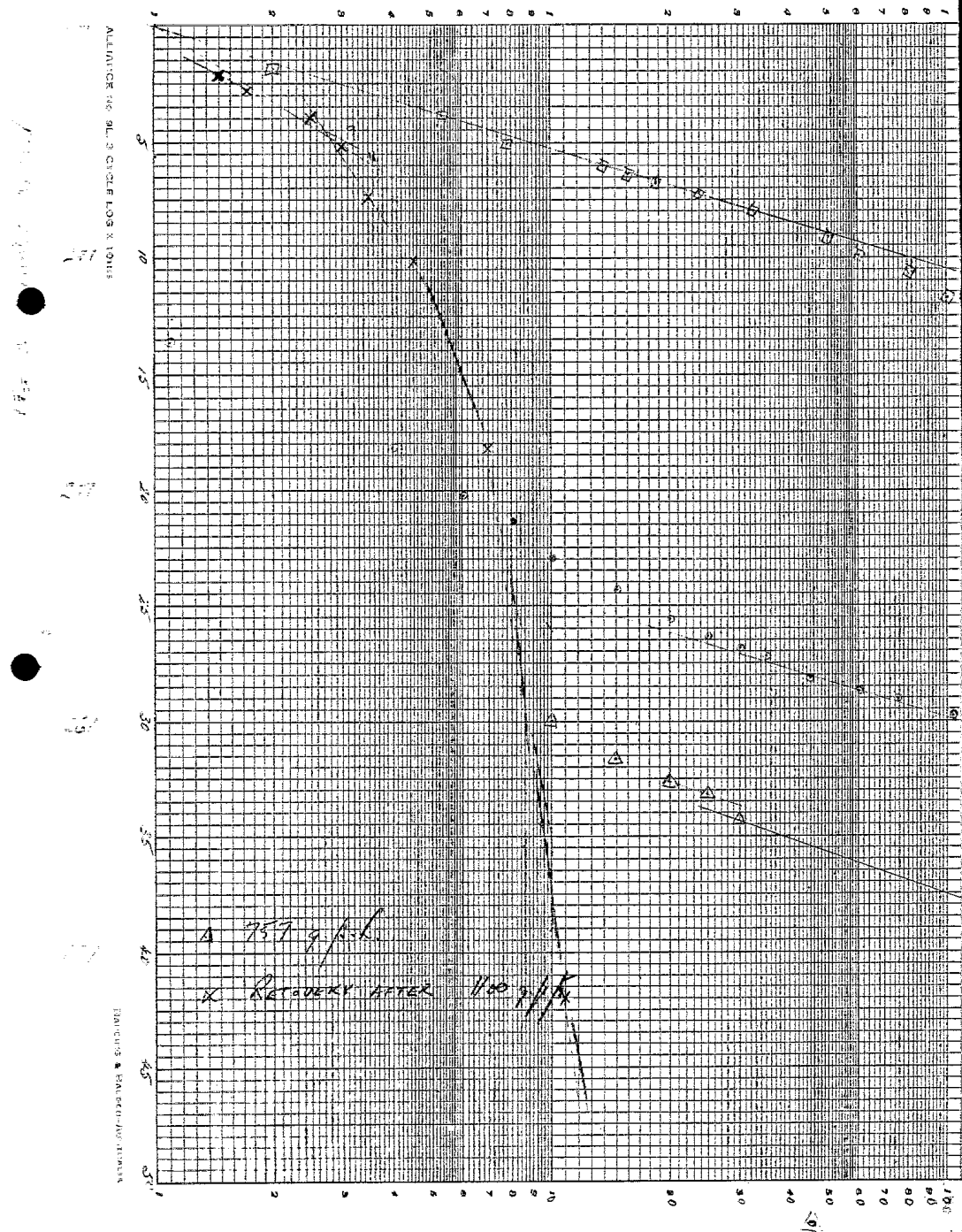
*Copies of logs attached*

- Aerodrome 1<sup>st</sup> -

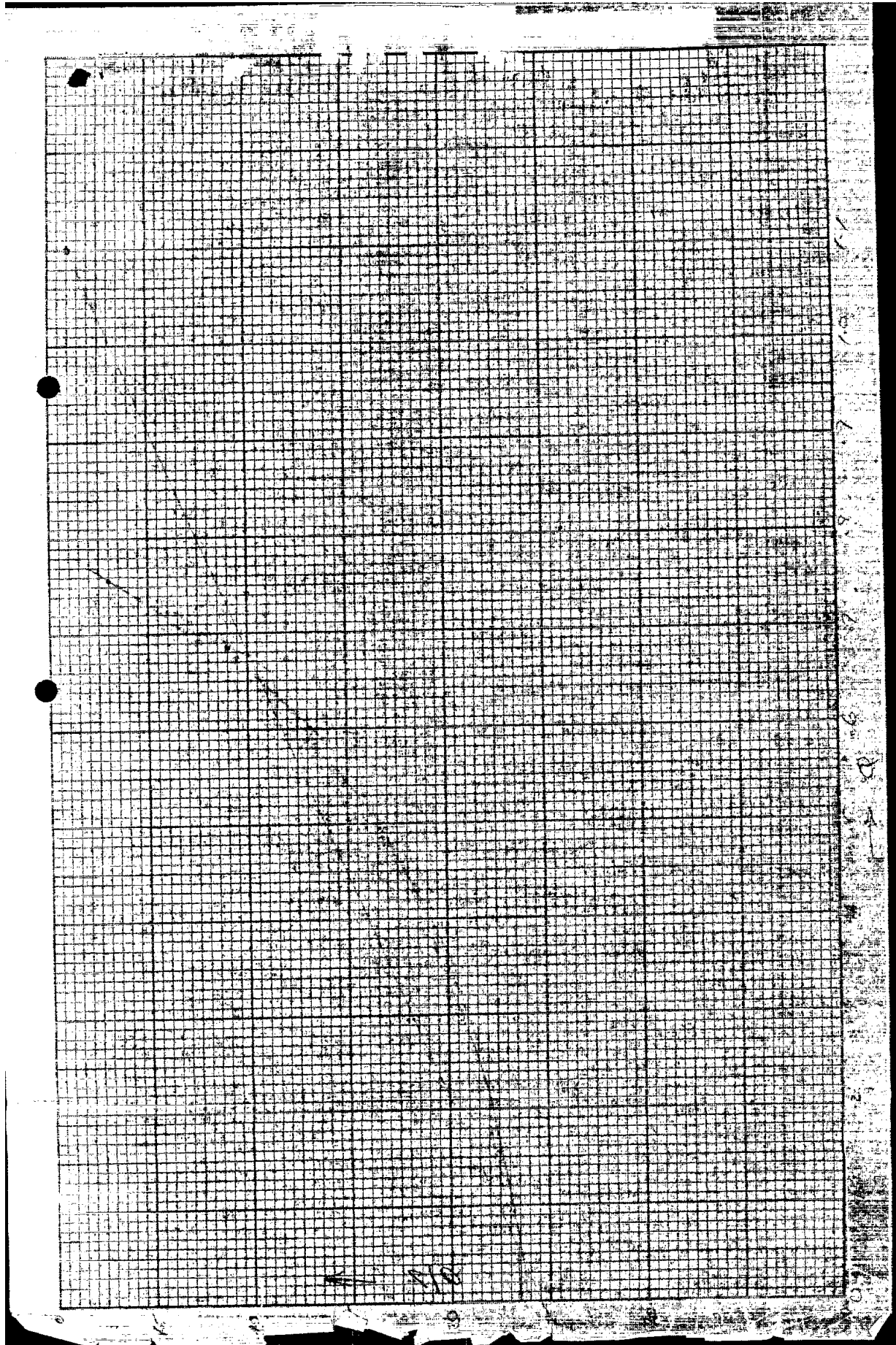
Total	392
Temporary	322
Permanent	70
Free alkalinity	—
Cl	100
SO <sub>4</sub>	139
F-	0.8
Ca	101
HCO <sub>3</sub>	392
CO <sub>3</sub>	—
Na	96
K	9
Mg	34
NO <sub>3</sub>	9
	<hr/>
	881

*PH 7.3.*

PUMP TEST ROSEDALE BORE AREODROME 34" DRAW P16  
 100 FT. S.W. 1/4 SEC. 35, T. 12N, R. 10E, S. 10E, SW-L 231 FT. PUMPING RATE 100 g.p.h.











\*RN003563\*

## N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

NAME Airport Bore No 2		INDEX No. 16/276	
LOCALITY A/S		REG. No. 3563	
DEPTH 392'		FILE No.	
CASINGS		PERFORATIONS SCREENS perfs. from 311'-366'	
LOCATION 16 / 01 / 24.0 E 13.5N		SURFACE R.L. LEVEL	B.M. R.L. LEVEL
CONTRACTOR.		DRILLER. G. Gorey	DATE 1959 app. DATE FINISHED.

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK							
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL	231						
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	750						
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
F. LEVEL							
DURATION HOURS OF TEST							
R.L. S.W.L.							
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY							
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES							
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION PH.	7.6						
T. D. S.	909						
CONDUCTIVITY							
TOTAL HARDNESS	408						
CHLORIDE	96						
BICARBONATE	395						
CARBONATE							
SULPHATE	154						
NITRATE	13						
FLUORIDE	0.2						
SODIUM	105						
POTASSIUM	8						
CALCIUM	395						
MAGNESIUM	36						
REG. ANAL. No.	6558. 12092						
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							

COPY

RN 3563

AR76/392

Alice Springs.

7th July, 1959.

16/276

Director of Works.

DARWIN.ATTENTION : PRINCIPAL ENGINEER.ALICE SPRINGS AERODROME

Delay in replying to your memorandum 58/702/14 of 20/5/59 is regretted.

Two bores, known locally as No. 1 and No. 2, have been sunk by the Contractor in the vicinity of the new 116' runway. Referred to runway centreline, the approximate positions of these bores are :-

No. 1 Chainage 5490	775L
No. 2 Chainage 3580	1400L

Centreline of apron and taxiways is at chainage 3765' and the northern edge of the apron is 815' left of runway centreline.

No. 1. bore is at present equipped with pump, pumphead and engine, all of which are the property of the contractor, and is in constant use for runway construction. It has been tested to 1800 galls/hour, but drawdown is not known. Casing is 6" dia. This bore has a marked tendency to draw in sand, and although a screen is fitted and the bore has been sand pumped several times, it is proving to be necessary to change pump leathers every fortnight when pumped continuously at about 1600 g.p.h. A sample of water has been chemically analysed by A.I.B. with the following results.

Total hardness	386
Temporary hardness	296
Permanent Hardness	90
Free alkali	Nil
Chloride	105
Sulphate	170
Flouride	1.1
Calcium	90
Bicarbonate	361
Carbonate	Nil
Sodium	100
Potassium	8
Magnesium	39
Nitrate	8
	<u>882</u>

The analysis report stated "The sample analysed is chemically suitable for domestic use, human consumption and for agriculture."

- 2 -

No. 2 bore was located, by agreement with the Contractor, in the position which was considered most suitable for supplying the new terminal area. It is equipped with pump rods and column, which are the property of the contractor, but has no engine or pumphead fitted, and has not been pumped except at the testing stage. It has been tested successfully to 1000 galls/hour (drawdown 51') but was "forked" at 1050 galls/hour. The boring contractor has stated that there is no risk of drawing sand into this bore. As far as can be ascertained no sample of this water has been taken for testing but the writer has tasted the water and found it quite satisfactory. Casing is 6" diam.

Assuming this supply to be sufficient, it is recommended that No. 2 Bore be utilised as the supply for the new terminal area, and that at the conclusion of the contract the equipment at present installed in the bore be purchased from the contractor. This comprises one 4 1/2" draw plunger pump 290' of pump rods, and 282' of 5" pump column.

(L.A.M. PITTELKOW)  
Divisional Works Officer.

N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

## BORE DATA SHEET

OCT. '68.  
SF53-14  
160038NAME Z.E. GRID REF 5F 74 Z 50.49

INDEX No.

16/329LOCALITY ROAD RESERVE

REG. No. ...

3602DEPTH 701' 213.67m

FILE No. ...

USINGS 387' / 4"

PERFORATIONS

SCREENS

NILLOCATION AMQ  
Surveyed 53 1385571 E7366766 NSURFACE R.L. 1789.92

B M R.L.

DATUM M.S.L.PT AUGUSTA.CONTRACTOR W.R.B.DRILLER L. HARGRAVEDATE STARTED 12-1-62DATE FINISHED 18-1-62

## WATER

## STRATA SECTION

AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	YOU	SEC.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....	<u>84'</u>							TOP SOIL - SANDY CLAY SAND AND GRAVEL
AQUIFER THICKNESS..								
LANDING								
WATER LEVEL .....	<u>256'</u>	<u>78.03m</u>						YELLOW WHITE CLAY AND GRAVEL
IMP 5' G.P.H. ....	<u>SEEPAGE</u>			<u>200</u>				BROWN AND WHITE CLAY AND GRAVEL
LAWDOWN LEVEL..								
IMP LEVEL .....								
URATION TEST HOURS ...								
.. S.W.L. ....				<u>400</u>				WHITE SANDY CLAY
ATER TEMPERATURE °C								
ANSMISSIBILITY .....								WHITE CLAY & <del>SILT</del> SANDSTONE
ORAGE COEFF. ....								WHITE CLAY & SILICEOUS SANDSTONE
ANALYSES				<u>600</u>				WHITE AND YELLOW SANDSTONE
NOMIAL ASSIFICATION .....								WITH ODD RED BROWN CLAY.
D.S. ....	<u>1023</u>							
ONDUCTIVITY .....								
OTAL HARDNESS .....	<u>34</u>			<u>800</u>				
ILL -DE .....	<u>335</u>							
CARBONATE .....	<u>164</u>							
ARBONATE .....	<u>9</u>							
LPHATE .....	<u>151</u>							
TRATE .....	<u>NIL</u>							
UORIDE .....	<u>0.5</u>							
IDIUM .....	<u>335</u>							
ITASSIUM .....	<u>20</u>							
ALCIUM .....	<u>NIL</u>							
AGNESIUM .....	<u>8</u>							
P.H.	<u>9.3</u>							
IG. ANAL. No. ....								
QUIPMENT								

500  
350  
150  
1.90

PLACE THIS EDGE TO FILE SCORE OR FILE EDGE



Origin of Water MERSENIE GRID Reference SN 65 / 451  
BORE ZE Specimen Advice Note No. 9628  
 Date Sampled 23-2-65 Date Received 26/2/65

## Results in parts per million

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

" Total . . . . . 424  
 " Temporary . . . . . 241  
 " Permanent . . . . . 183

## ALKALINITY IN EXCESS OF TOTAL

HARDNESS . . . . . Nil

CHLORIDE . . . . . 110 3.10

SULPHATE . . . . . 242 5.04

FLUORIDE . . . . . 0.9

CALCIUM . . . . . 90 4.49

BICARBONATE . . . . . 294 4.82

CARBONATE . . . . . Nil

SODIUM . . . . . 94 4.09

POTASSIUM . . . . . 11 0.28

MAGNESIUM . . . . . 49 4.03

NITRATE . . . . . 5 0.08

NITRITE . . . . . Not Determined

AMMONIA . . . . . H H

TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS . . . . . 896

pH 8.0

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

The above results are forwarded for your information.

Signature *David R. Newman*

6,250 ppm. equals approx. 1 oz. per gall.

Date 23-3-65

1200-1.63 7521



Origin of Water MERSENTIE GRID Reference SN 65 / 315  
BORE ZE Specimen Advice Note No. 9261  
 Date Sampled 9/12/64 Date Received 11/12/64

## Results in parts per million

HARDNESS (Calculated as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

" Total . . . . . 34  
 " Temporary . . . . . 34  
 " Permanent . . . . . Nil

## ALKALINITY IN EXCESS OF TOTAL

HARDNESS . . . . . 115

CHLORIDE . . . . .	335	9.45	
SULPHATE . . . . .	151	3.14	
FLUORIDE . . . . .	0.5		
CALCIUM . . . . .	Nil		
BICARBONATE . . . . .	164	2.69	
CARBONATE . . . . .	9	0.30	
SODIUM . . . . .	335	14.58	} 1970
POTASSIUM . . . . .	20	5.12	
MAGNESIUM . . . . .	8	0.66	
NITRATE . . . . .	Nil		
NITRITE . . . . .	NOT DETERMINED		
AMMONIA . . . . .	" "		

$\frac{HCO_3}{Cl} = 0.28$

$\frac{HCO_3}{SO_4} = 0.86$

TOTAL DISSOLVED SALTS . . . . . 1023

pH 9.3

General remarks of Analysing Officer with particular reference to suitability of the water for the purpose for which it is stated to be required.

The above results are forwarded for your information.

Signature *[Signature]*

Date 5/1/65

6,250 ppm. equals approx. 1 oz. per gall.

1200-1.63 7521

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHERN TERRITORY  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
GEOPHYSICAL BORE LOG  
RESEARCH GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 1975-76

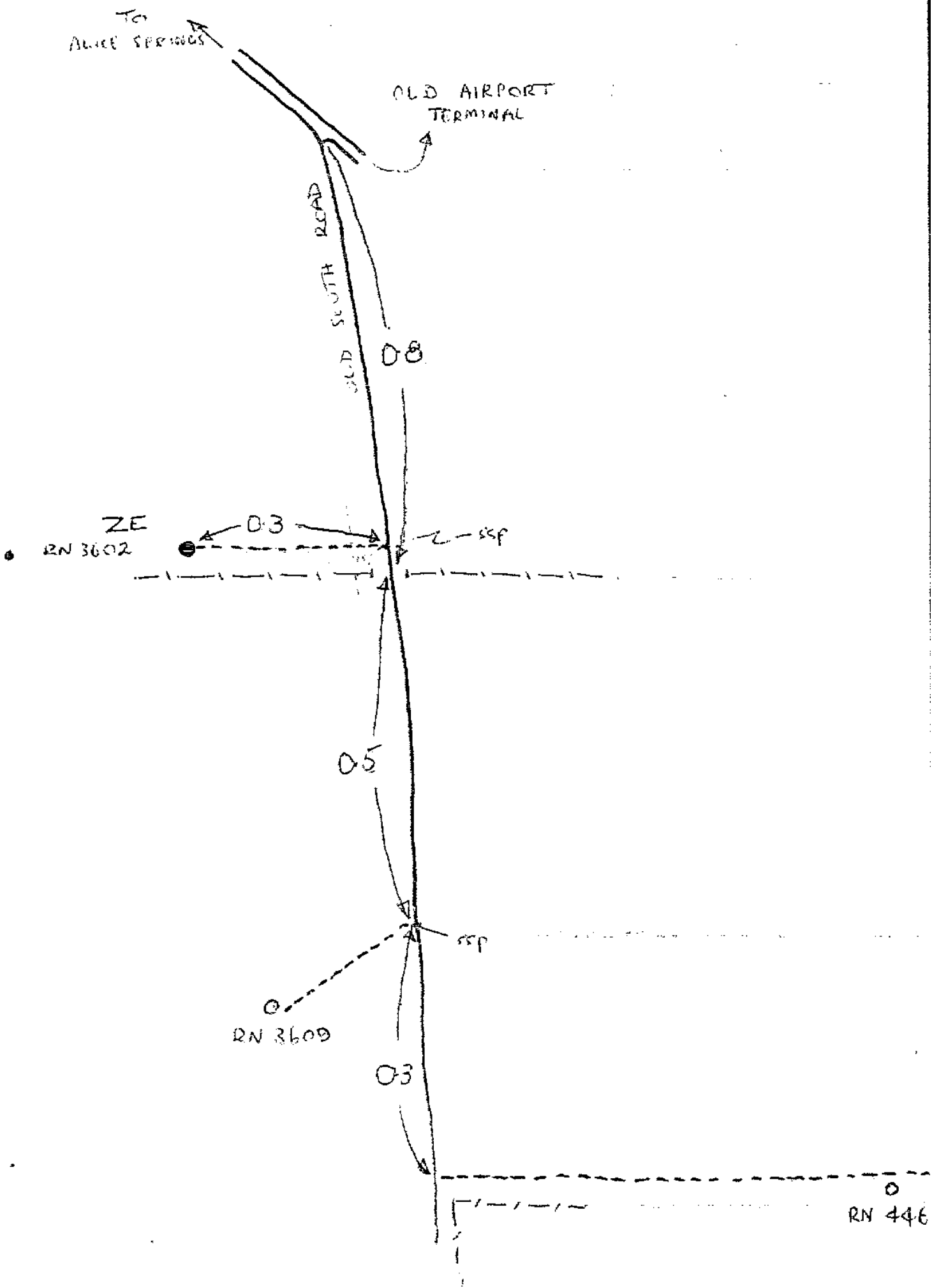
BORE NO. 3602 STATUS: Investigation  
BORE LOGGED BY: REVISION: 1975/03/04  
LOG NAME: DOUGLAS RIVER  
DATE: DATE COMMENCED: 1975/03/04  
SPRINGS: 10m/min DATE COMPLETED: 1975/03/04  
SENSITIVITY: 10m BORE CONDITION: GOOD  
TO: 4 Sec. JAWING: 0-15.00m  
RANGE: 5 DEPTH: 100m  
FIRST READING: 148.00m DEPTH: 100m  
LAST READING: 148.00m REMARKS:  
ORIGINAL: 148.00m  
INSTRUMENT: 1000 L.M.S.  
SERVICE: WEA  
HORIZONTAL: VERTICAL: 1000

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Bore ZE ... RN 3602

4" CASING WITH 2" GWP SOCKET



ALTERATION TO WATER LEVEL MEASURING POINT

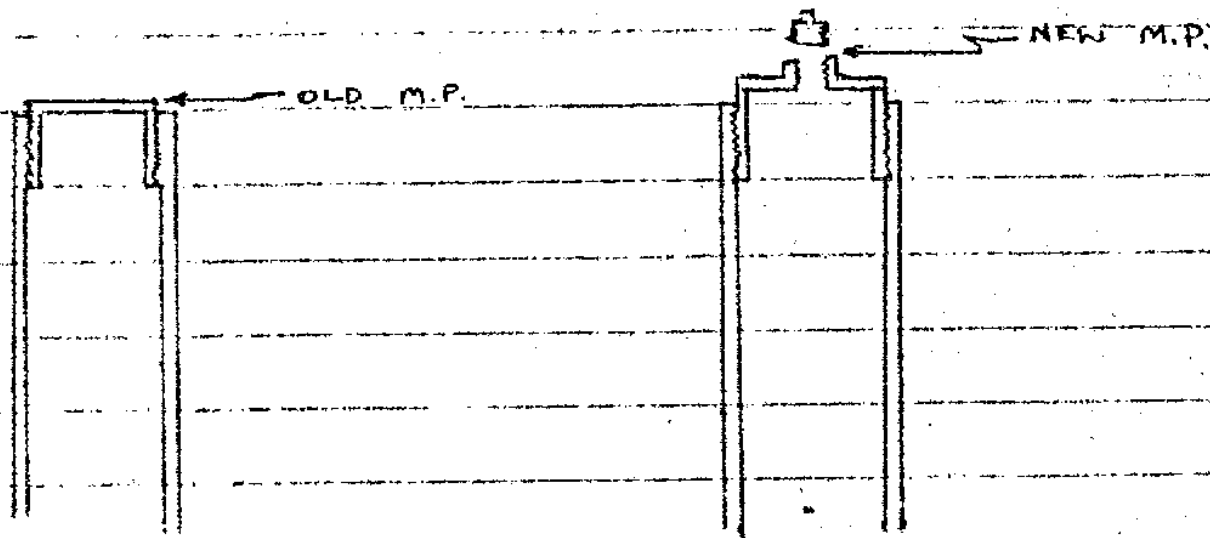
BORE ZE

RN 3602

PRIOR TO 19-12-77 THE MEASURING POINT  
FOR WATER LEVELS WAS THE TOP OF  
CASING R.L. 544.034

ON 19-12-77 THE MEASURING POINT  
WAS ALTERED BY REMOVING THE BLANK  
SCREW CAP OF THE CASING AND INSERTING  
A SCREW CAP WITH A 2 INCH G.W.P. SOCKET  
AND PLUG.

MEASURING POINT WAS RAISED BY 0.108 m  
AND IS NOW R.L. 544.142 m AHD.





# GEOPHYSICS

## LOGGING DATA

**RN.** 3602 .....

LOCATION.....MEREEENIE / AIRPORT WESTERN BOUNDRY.....

[illegible]

REMARKS e.g. Hole drilled with foam or mud ?

2745-A-00

W.R.E/Z.E (drilled at SP 19)

- 6 Dark chocolate brown clayey silt.
- 17 Brown clayey silt with pebbles and boulders.
- 22 Fine to medium brown sand with coarse to very coarse sand grains and pebbles (damp).
- 30 Medium grained brown slightly silty sand (damp).
- 34 Brown medium to coarse sandy and slightly clayey silt (damp). (soakage at 36'). (~~damp~~)
- 40 Medium to coarse brown slightly silty sand. (damp).
- 52 Brown sandy slightly clayey silt with pebbles up to 1" (damp).
- 64 Very coarse sand and gravel.
- 74 Medium to coarse gravel, with some lumps of medium grained brown sandy clay.
- 80 Medium to very coarse brown clayey sand, with some pebbles.
- 85 UNCONFORMITY (Mesozoic Top).
- 90- 100 Coarse to very coarse clayey sand with pebbles, and lumps of pale grey fine sandy clay.
- 110 Fine to very coarse sandy and gravely pale grey clay. Cuttings indicate presence of cobbles and/or boulders.
- 120 Coarse to very coarse sand with pebbles and ? cobbles.
- 132 Red - brown and grey medium grained sandy clay.
- 140 Red - brown and grey medium to coarse grained sandy clay, with cuttings of pebbles and cobbles.
- 150 Fine to medium grained Red - brown and grey ~~medium~~ sandy clay, with cuttings of pebbles and cobbles.



160	Brown and grey clay and fine sandy clay with some medium to coarse sand.
170	Brown and grey fine sandy clay, with some chips of pebbles.
180	Brown and grey fine sandy clay, with some chips of pebbles, with some medium grained sand (possibly clayey sand interbeds)
190 - 210	Brown and grey clay with coarse to very coarse subangular to sub rounded sand grains.
220 - 230	Mottled brown and grey clay, with a few medium to very coarse sand grains, including some sub angular ironstone fragments.
240	Grey and brown very fine sandy clay, with some chips of deep red - brown clayey siltstone (or very fine sandstone).
250	Grey and red - brown very fine sandy clay, with a few coarse sand grains (quartz and ironstone)
260	Grey and red - brown very fine sandy clay, with a few coarse sand grains (quartz and ironstone) and chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.
270	Grey and yellow clay, with some chips of red - brown silty claystone.
280	Mottled grey and red - brown very fine very sandy clay.
290	Grey and brown clay, with some medium to coarse sand and chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.
300	Grey and brown very fine very sandy clay with some medium sand grains, and chips of pale grey claystone and deep red - brown clayey <del>silt</del> siltstone.
310	Pale grey fine grained (with some medium to coarse) very sandy clay, with few chips of purple clayey siltstone.
320	Medium to coarse grey clayey sand, with some grey fine sandy clay and few chips of red - brown clayey siltstone.

330 - 360	Pale grey fine to medium grained sandy clay.
368	White fine to medium sandy clay.
380	White fine grained sandy clay.
390	White fine grained sandy clay with chips of brown clayey siltstone.
400	Grey and brown fine slightly sandy clay and brown clayey siltstone.
400 - 410	Grey and brown fine sandy clay.
450	White yellow and brown very sandy very fine to fine grained sandy clay.
460	Fine to medium grey and brown sandy clay.
470	Fine, with some medium, sandy grey and brown clay.
480	Grey and yellow very fine extremely sandy clay and clayey sand.
<del>480</del> x 482	Grey and yellow very fine to fine clayey sand in <del>xx</del> sample and some quartz pebbles up $\frac{1}{8}$ ". Few chips of brown ferruginous fine sandstone, probably off bottom.
487	Hard white fine grained sandstone. Consists of colorless sub-angular to rounded moderately even grained quartz fragments, in a white kaolinitic. (? silicified) matrix.
490	Chips of yellow and grey porcellanised clayey sand (very fine to medium grained) and poorly sorted fine to medium grained grey and yellow hard sandstone, with a silicified clayey matrix.
500	Sample contains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Lumps of purple, grey, red and yellow very fine very sandy clay.</li> <li>b. Few medium and coarse rounded quartz grains, with patches of grey clay adhering.</li> <li>c. Fine to medium grained grey and yellow sandstone</li> </ul>

with a silicified clayey matrix.

d. Chips of ironstone. These consist of fine grained sandy clay, in which the clay has been almost completely feruginised, with a few small patches of clay remaining.

508

Sample consists of:

a. Small lumps (probably cuttings) of grey and brown fine sandy clay, and yellow very fine clayey sand.

b. Grey and cream poorly sorted fine to medium grained silicified clayey sandstone.

c. Dark red - brown slightly silty claystone.

520

Sample consists mainly of dark red - brown slightly silty clay, as small lumps (probably cuttings). Also some lumps of yellow very fine clayey sand and grey sand and grey sandy clay. Few chips of a. ironstone (feruginised micaceous sandstone)

b. Fine grained quartz sandstone with very little (siliceous) matrix.

530 - 540

Cuttings of fine even grained white quartz sandstone with small amount of siliceous cement. Quartz grains are colorless and sub - rounded. Red clay and grey sandy clay in sample may be lag.

546

Chips of two types of sandstone:

a. fine even grained creamy brown quartz sandstone, with yellow limonite coated grains and a siliceous and limonitic matrix.

b. White and cream fine grained quartz sandstone, with colorless sub-rounded grains, in a siliceous (and in patches feruginous) matrix.

Also in the sample is a lot of grey fine sandy clay, which may be lag, or stripped from the wall of the hole.

548

Chips of:

a. Dark red - brown silty claystone.

b. White fine grained well sorted siliceous quartz

2.

sandstone (similar to sandstone from 540)

c. White poorly sorted very fine to medium grained silicified clayey sandstone. (Similar to the sandstone from 500'). One chip only. The chips of sandstone are mixed with grey and brown clay, possibly stripped from the side of the hole.

- 554 White fine grained siliceous quartz sandstone chips. Also a large proportion of small lumps of soft grey and brown fine sandy clay (Mesozoic) which appears to be cuttings from the bottom.
- 560 Chips of a. Pale grey fine grained slightly sandy claystone.
- b. Dark red - brown slightly silty claystone.
- c. Yellow - brown poorly sorted fine grained sandstone formed by silicification and feruginisation of a sandy clay. Also lumps of grey and brown sandy clay.
- 570 Chips of white fine grained quartz sandstone with a little quartz cement, and brown and grey fine sandy clay.
- 580 Chips of red and grey fine sandy claystone, and brown and grey sandy clay.
- 590 Small pieces (almost certainly cuttings) of extremely fine grained white and brown clayey sand. Some chips of red silty claystone.
- 600 No sample. Circulation lost. *Y17*
- 610 White and pale grey poorly sorted very fine to medium grained clayey sand, almost entirely disaggregated. The quartz grains are sub-angular, mostly colorless, but some have a feruginous coating. There appears to have been some silicification, and the sample contains a few chips of hard silicified sandy clay. *P*
- 620 Chips of white very fine grained very fine quartz sandstone, with very little clayey m

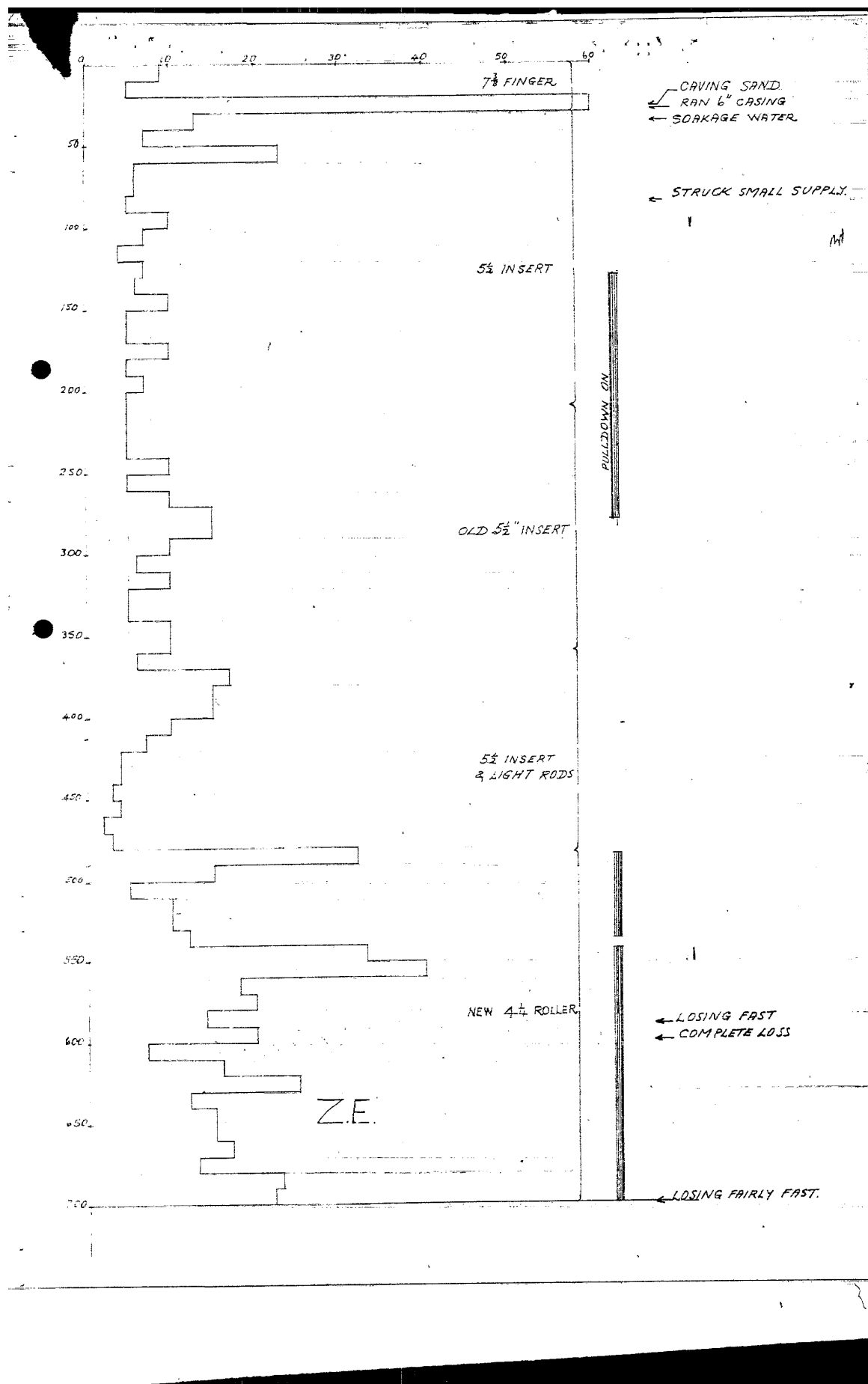
6.

matrix. Also a few chips of porcellanised medium grained white sandy clay.

- 630 Chips of a. brown porcellanised fine sandy clay  
b. White fine grained friable siliceous quartz sandstone.
- 640 Chips of fine grained friable white siliceous sandstone. Also some lumps of white soft fine to medium grained sandy clay. (These could have come from the wall of the hole)
- 650 - 660 Grey, Kakhi and brick red poorly sorted very fine to medium grained sandy clay. Largely disaggregated (sample is very sandy) but a few original lumps in sample. The red clay is definitely from the bottom, since it was not penetrated anywhere highest in the hole. (Also chips of fine grained white sandstone at 660')
- 666 Bright red - brown clay, and chips of fine grained white sandstone.
- 678 Bright yellow and red clay, and chips of fine grained white cream and yellow quartz sandstone, with siliceous, and sometimes feruginous matrix. Colour of the sandstone is due both to coloured matrix and iron coated grains.
- 690 - 701 Chips of white, cream and yellow fine grained quartz sandstone, with a small amount of siliceous cement, and some clayey and limonitic matrix, varying from nil to considerable. The quartz grains are sub - rounded and mostly colourless but few have a yellow feruginous coat. Also lumps of red and yellow clay (claystone)

Note. The Mesozoic/Palaeozoic boundary is probably at approximately 600 feet. No undoubted Mesozoic type clay was encountered below this depth.

*D. Woolley*  
D. WOOLLEY.  
Resident Geologist.





## BORE DATA SHEET

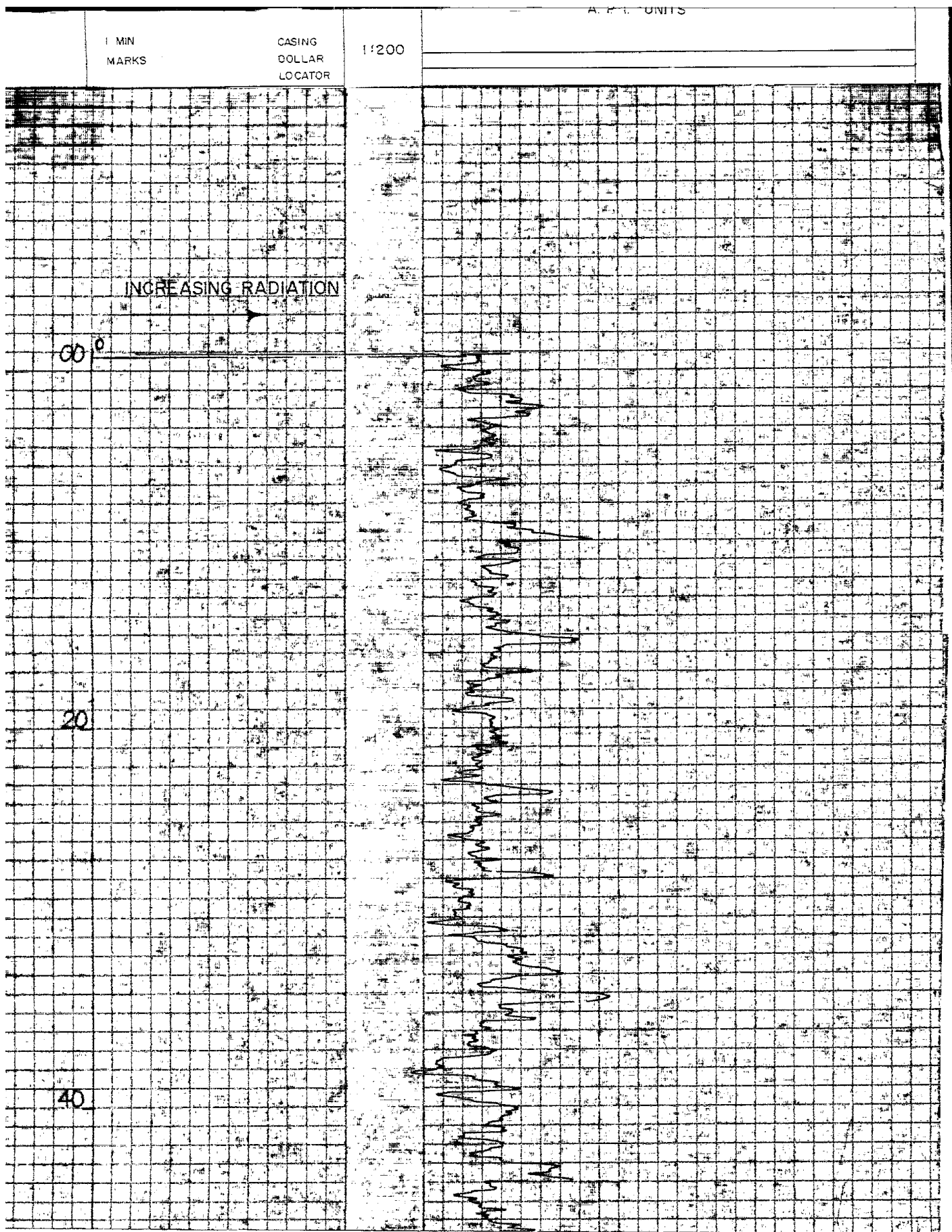
NAME	ZE		INDEX No.	46/329
LOCALITY	Alto Springs		REG. No. ...	3602
DEPTH	70'		FILE No. ...	
CASINGS	387' / 4"		PERFORATIONS	NIL
LOCATION	/ /	E N	SURFACE R.L. LEVEL	B.M. R.L. LEVEL
CONTRACTOR	W.R.B.		DRILLER	H. MCRAVE
			DATE STARTED	12/1/62
			DATE FINISHED	12/1/62

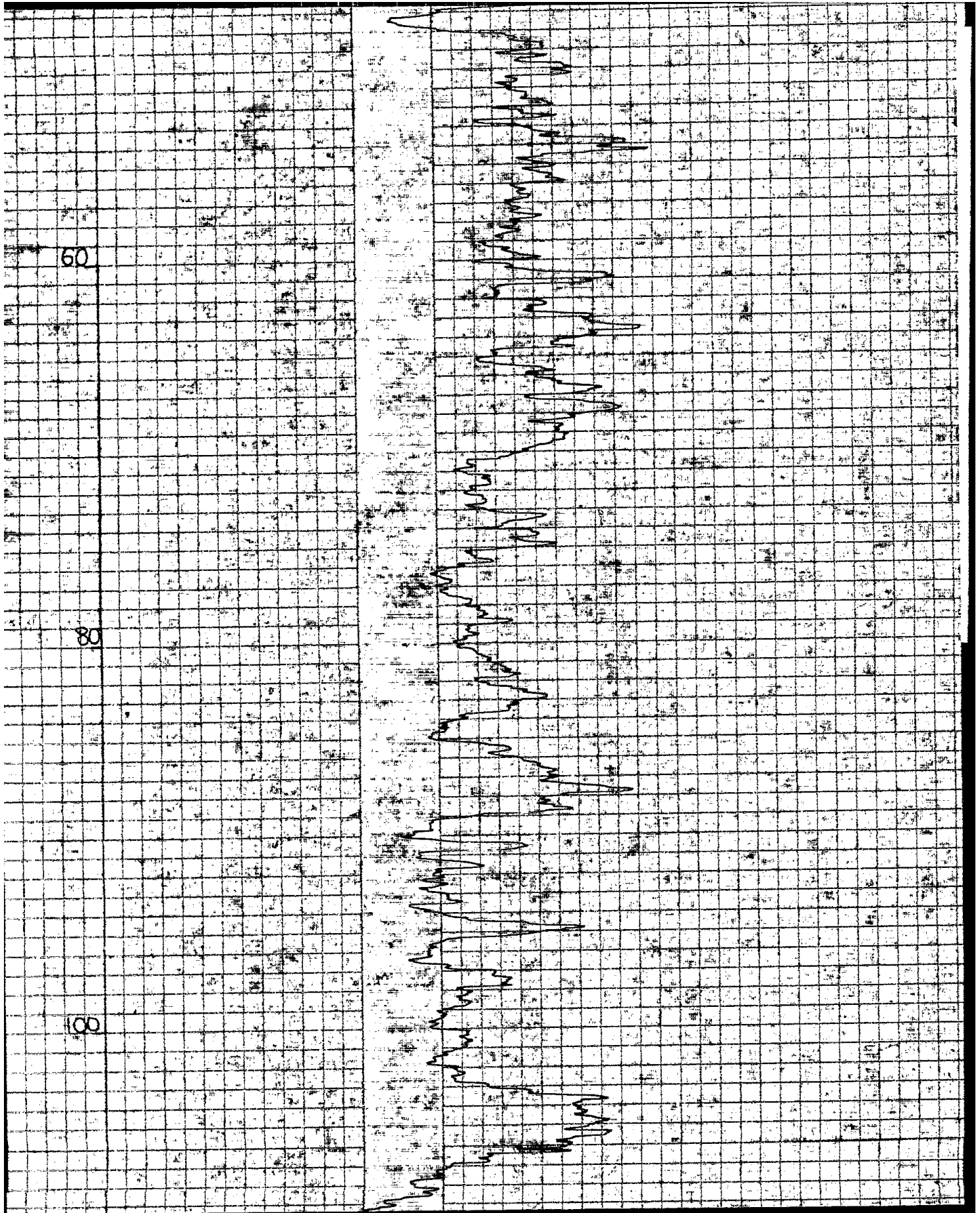
WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	AQU.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....	84+	600					Top soil & sandy clay sand and gravel.
AQUIFER THICKNESS..				190		80	Yellow and white clay & gravel
STANDING WATER LEVEL .....	Seepage					160	Brown and white clay & gravel
PUMP TEST G.P.H. ....	Seepage			200			
DRAWDOWN LEVEL..							
PUMP LEVEL .....				300		300	
DURATION OF TEST HOURS ...							White sandy clay
R.L. S.W.L. ....				400			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							White clay and sandstone
TRANSMISSIBILITY .....				500		482	
STORAGE COEFF. ....						500	590 White clay & siliceous sandstone
ANALYSES				500			White & yellow sandstone with odd red brown clay
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION .....							
T.D.S. ....	1,023			700		590	
CONDUCTIVITY .....						701	
TOTAL HARDNESS .....	34			800			
CHLORIDE .....	335						
BICARBONATE .....	164						
CALCIUM .....	9						
SULPHATE .....	151						
NITRATE .....	NIL						
FLUORIDE .....	0.5						
SODIUM .....	335						
POTASSIUM .....	20						
CALCIUM .....	NIL						
MAGNESIUM .....	8						
pH	9.3						
REG. ANAL. No. ....							
EQUIPMENT							
REMARKS							

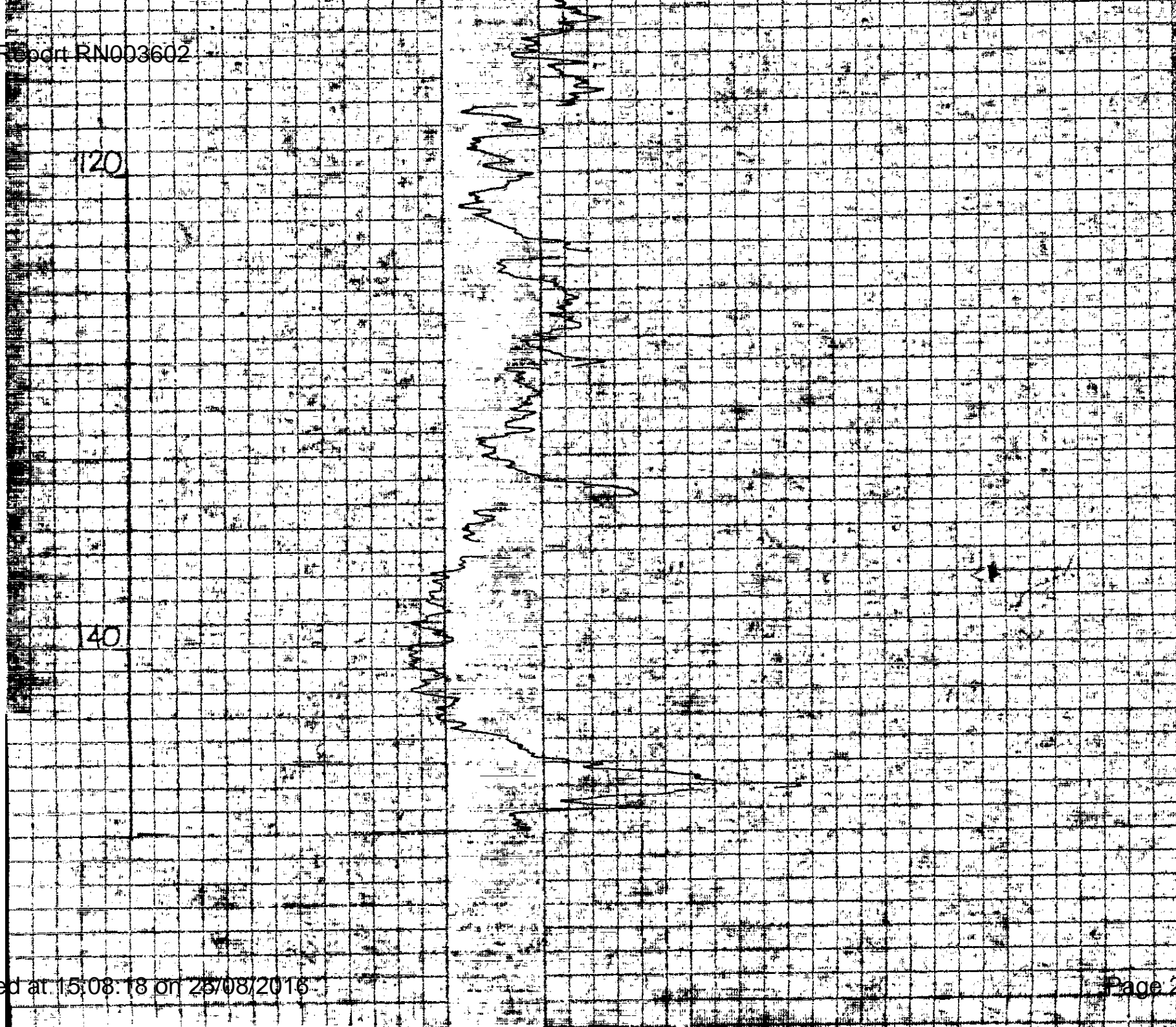
NAME		ZE		INDEX No.		16/329	
LOCALITY		A/S		REG. No.		3602	
DEPTH		701'		FILE No.			
CASINGS				PERFORATIONS			
387 1/4"				SCREENS			
LOCATION		/ /		SURFACE R.L.		B.M. R.L.	
		E N		LEVEL		LEVEL	
CONTRACTOR		WRB		DRILLER		Hargrave	
				DATE STARTED		DATE FINISHED	
				12/1/62		18/1/62	
WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				STRATA			
DEPTH STRUCK				DEPTH FEET	CASING	ACQ	SEC.
84+							
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL							
PUMP G.P.H.							
TEST							
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
PUMP LEVEL							
DURATION OF TEST HOURS							
R.L. S.W.L.							
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							
TRANSMISSIBILITY							
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES							
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.							
CONDUCTIVITY							
TOTAL HARDNESS							
CHLORIDE							
BICARBONATE							
CARBONATE							
SULFATE							
NITRATE							
FLUORIDE							
SODIUM							
POTASSIUM							
CALCIUM							
MAGNESIUM							
REG. ANAL. No.							
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							

Top soil sandy clay sand and gravel  
 Yellow and white clay & gravel  
 Brown and white clay & gravel  
 White sandy clay  
 White clay and sandstone











## TEMPERATURE LOG

## DEPT. OF TRANSPORT &amp; WORKS

R.N. 3602AREA MEREENIESTATUS Investigation

## LOCATION

SHEET NAME ALICE SPRINGS SF 53-14GRID REF 160 033

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ LONG. \_\_\_\_\_

## OTHER SERVICES

## ELEVATION

## METHOD

A.H.D.

354.034m

B.M.

C.T.

G.L.

PERMANENT DATUM

LOG MEASURED FROM

DRILLING MEASURED FROM

ELEV.

m ABOVE PERM. DATUM

DATE

23.11.68

RUN NO.

DEPTH DRILLER

DEPTH LOGGER

BTM LOG INTER.

TOP LOG INTER.

TYPE LOG

TYPE FLUID IN HOLE

SALINITY PPM CL

DENSITY

LEVEL

MAX. REC. TEMP °C

OPERATING RIG TIME

RECORDED BY

WITNESSED BY

C. J. B.

78.04m

26.5.62

21.6.62

BORE - HOLE RECORD

NO. BIT FROM TO

## CASING RECORD

SIZE TYPE FROM TO

## TEST DATA

## EQUIPMENT DATA

RUN NO

DEPTH FROM

TO

LOGGING SPEED m/min.

TIME START

FINISH

TEMP LOG °C / m

MAX. TEMP

DIFF. LOG: SENS.

SPACING

TOOL: DIAM. 38 mmNO. 1 MI-LPANEL NO. LMR-D

TRUCK NO.

OTHER DATA

## BORE DATA

REMARKS

ABSOLUTE

DEPTH

DIFFERENTIAL

SCALE:

1:240

TIME MARKER

INCREASE





N.T.A. WATER RESOURCES BRANCH

\*RN003602\*

## BORE DATA SHEET

NAME	ZE <i>ROAD RESERVE</i>	INDEX No.	16/329
LOCALITY	A/S	REG. No.	3602
DEPTH	704' <i>213.7m</i>	FILE No.	
CASINGS	387' 1/4"	PERFORATIONS	SCREENS
LOCATION	/ / E N	SURFACE LEVEL R.L.	B M LEVEL R.L.
CONTRACTOR.	WRB	DRILLER.	Hargrave
		DATE STARTED.	12/1/62
		DATE FINISHED.	18/1/62

WATER				STRATA SECTION			
AQUIFERS				DEPTH FEET	CASING	ADJ	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK	84'						80 Top soil sandy clay sand and gravel
AQUIFER THICKNESS							
STANDING WATER LEVEL							160 Yellow & white clay & gravel
PUMP TEST G.P.H.	seepage			200			Brown & white clay & gravel
DRAWDOWN LEVEL							
PU LEVEL							300
DURATION HOURS OF TEST							White sandy clay
R.L. S.W.L.				400			
WATER TEMPERATURE °C							482
TRANSMISSIBILITY							500 White clay and sandstone
STORAGE COEFF.							
ANALYSES	23/2/65			600			590
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION							
T. D. S.	896						701
CONDUCTIVITY				800			
TOTAL HARDNESS							
CHLORIDE							
BICARBONATE							
CARBONATE							
SULPHATE							
NITRATE	5						
FLUORIDE	0.9						
SODIUM							
POTASSIUM							
CALCIUM							
MAGNESIUM							
REG. ANAL. No.							
EQUIPMENT.							
REMARKS.							

NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION.  
CONTROL OF WATERS ORDINANCE 1938-1959.  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH.

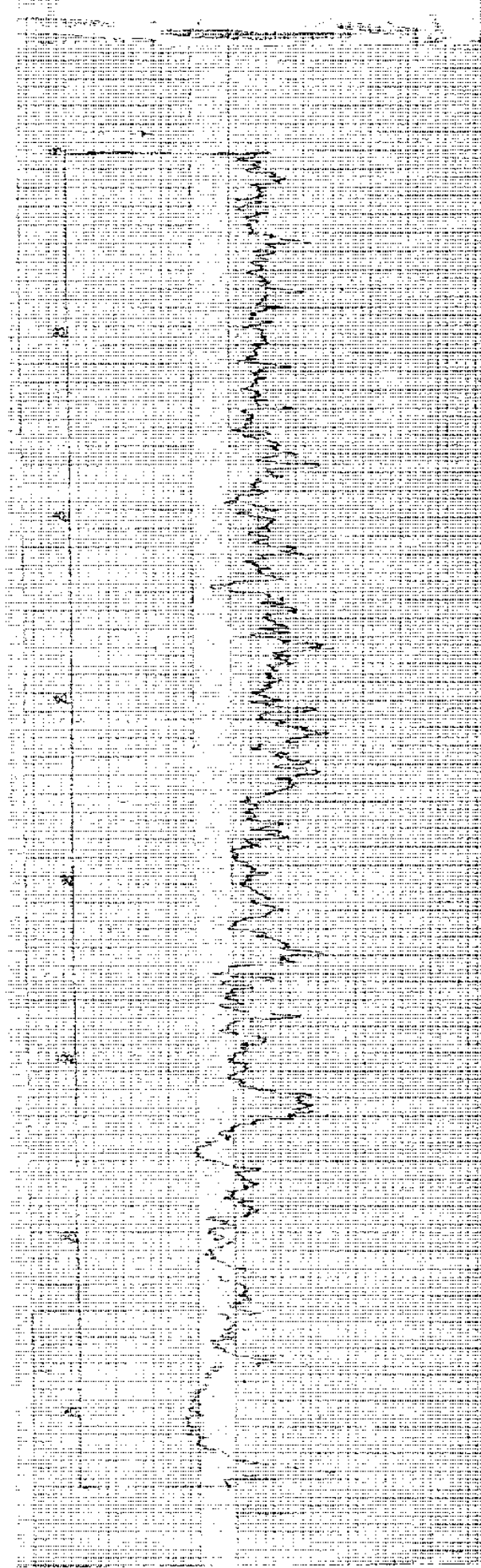
REGULATION 8:

FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE.

FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION OF STRATA	Name of Bore.
0	80	Top soil sandy clay sand and gravel	<u>ZE</u>
80	160	Yellow white clay + gravel	Name of Property.
160	300	Brown + white clay + "	<u>ROAD RESERVE</u>
300	482	White sandy clay	Description of Property.
482	500	White clay + sandstone	<u>AS ABOVE</u>
500	590	White clay + siliceous sandstone	Name of Owner.
590	701	White + yellow sandstone with red and brown clay.	<u>N. T. A</u>
			NAME OF CONTRACTOR.
			<u>Water Resources Branch</u>
			Name of Driller.
			<u>L. G. HARGRAVES</u>
LOCATION OF BORE: (or supply sketch on back hereof.)			Date of Commencement:
<u>540 ft. Point 19</u>			<u>12-1-62</u>
<u>Onlieonic</u>			Date of Completion:
<u>Line near</u>			<u>18-1-62</u>
<u>Aerodrome</u>			Total Depth:
			<u>701</u>
(a) Circle appropriate direction			Particulars of Casing:
(b) Use known point such as existing bore, homestead, outstation, etc;			<u>387' of 4"</u>
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF INTEREST			Particulars of Perforations on Screens:
<u>Loosing water rapidly after 800</u>			<u>NIL</u>
Samples of strata and Water supplies have been } or, will be left at the following Trading Place			WATER 1st 2nd 3rd Supply Supply Supply
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Struck at <u>84</u> <u>600 onward.</u>
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Standing Water Level <u>surface</u>
<u>R.M.R.</u>			Flowing Supply, G.P.M. <u>-</u>
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.			Duration of Pump Test <u>-</u> <u>-</u>
<u>R.D 37</u>			Water Level during Test <u>-</u> <u>-</u>
			Quality - good, fair or bad <u>-</u> <u>-</u>

DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHERN TERRITORY  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
HYDROLOGICAL BORE LOG  
HYDROLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 1975-76

BORE 26 RN 3602 STATUS *Investigation*  
BRIEF DESCRIPTION ELEVATION *549.034*  
DO Gamma DRILLER *NRB*  
DATE DATE COMPLETED *1/6/76*  
FIELD LOCATION DATE COMPLETED *2/2/76*  
SERVING AREA BORE CONTINION  
FILL AREA MARKS 0-164.00m *SB*  
RANGE 5 DEPTH DRILLER *180.00*  
FIRST READING *148.00m* DEPTH LOSSER *165.00*  
LAST READING *90.00* REMARKS  
INTERVAL *18.00m*  
INSTRUMENT *1.627 CMG.5*  
SERVICE *NRB*  
HORIZONTAL VERTICAL *1:200*



## REGULATION 8:

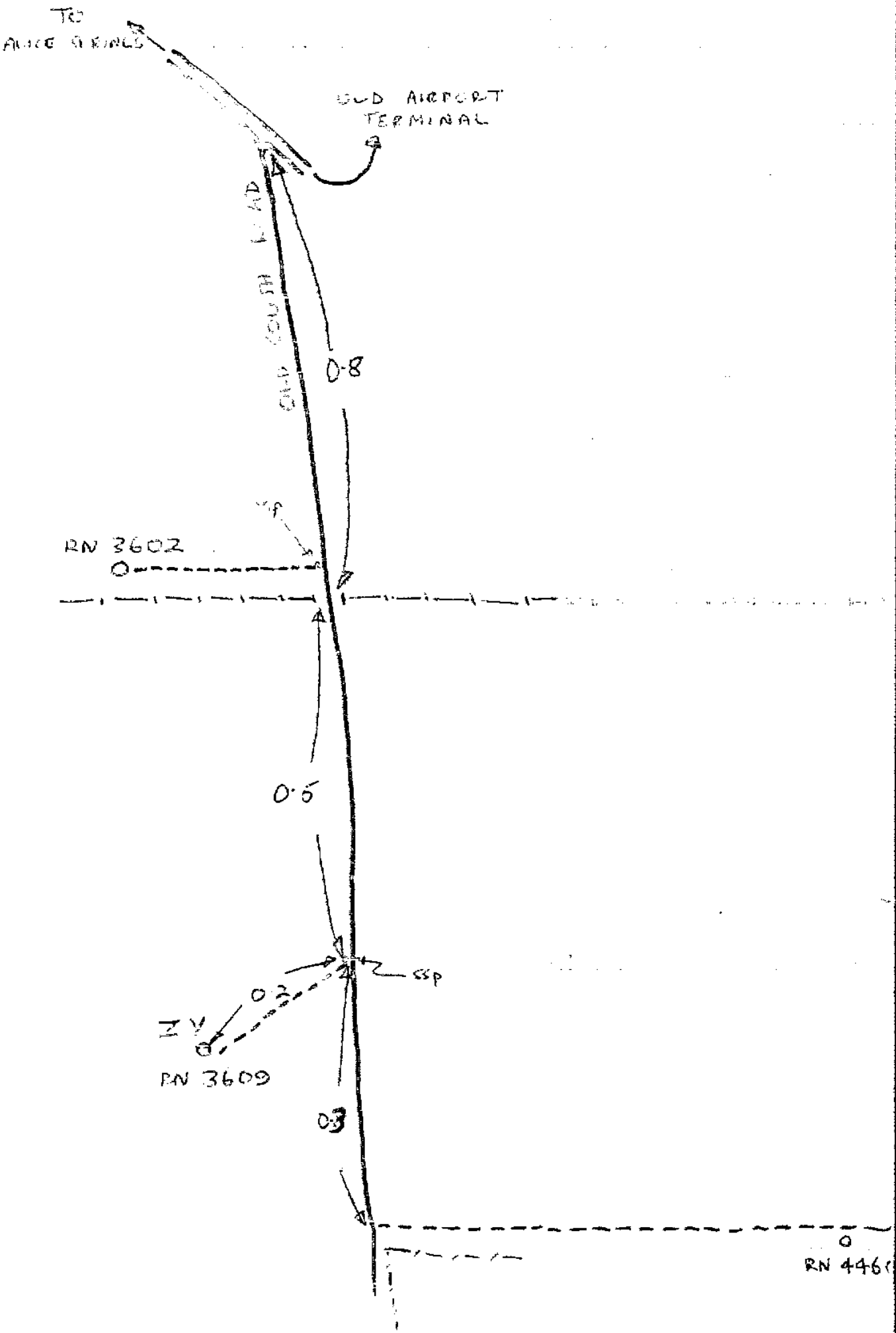
## FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE.

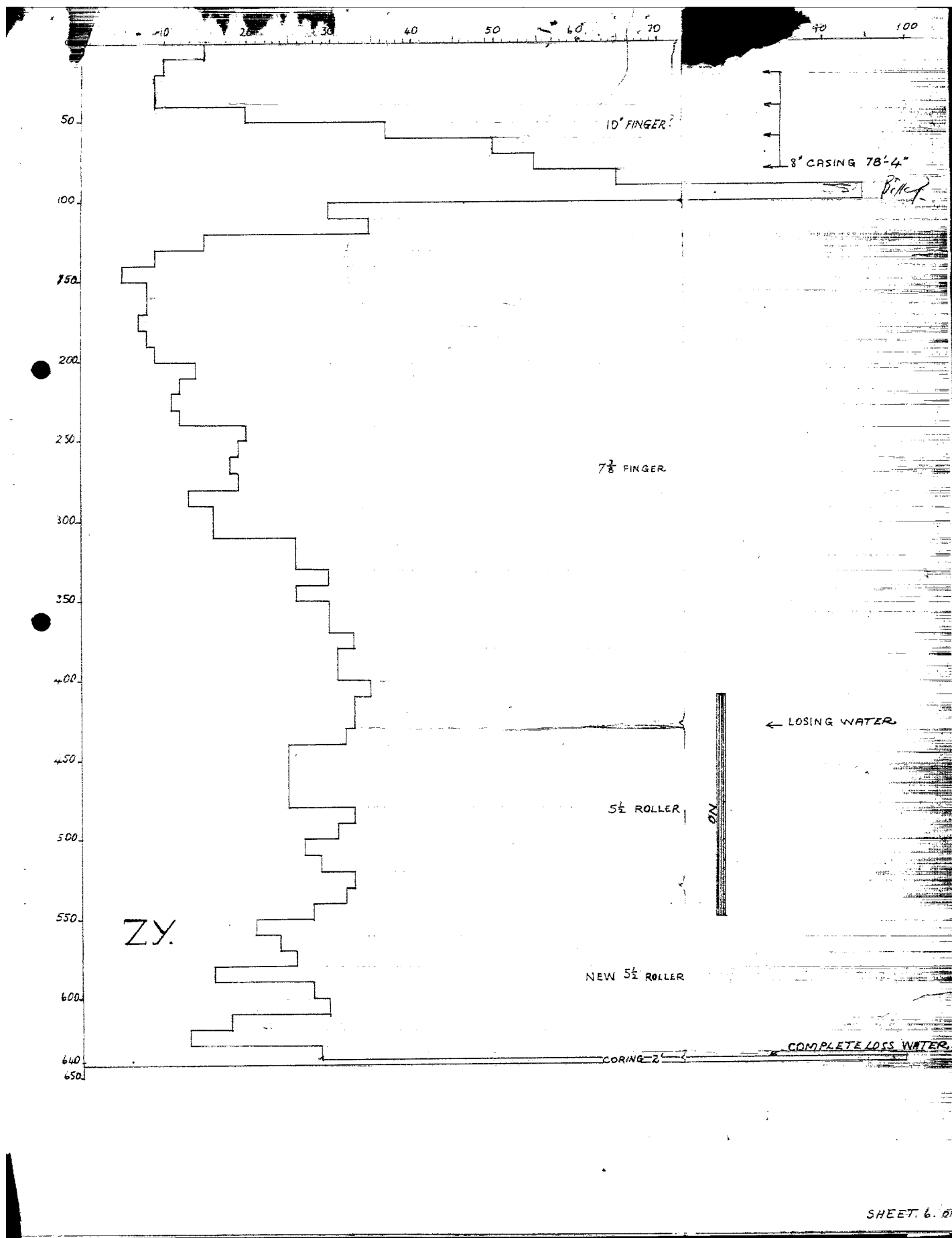
RN 3609

FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION OF STRATA	Name of Bore.
0	80	Top soil sandy clay & gravel and sand	XY 60247
80	180	Red white & brown clay	Name of Property.
180	282	Soft brown sandstone & white clay	AIB QUARANTINE RESERVE
282	426	Yellow sandstone & white clay	Description of Property.
426	440	Clay & quartz gravel	QUARANTINE Paddock
440	639	White & grey sandstone with white clay	Name of Owner.
			A.I.B. N.T.A
			NAME OF CONTRACTOR.
			WATER RESOURCES BRANCH
			Name of Driller.
			L.C. HARGRAVE & G. RIDGE
LOCATION OF BORE: (or supply sketch on back hereof.)			Date of Commencement:
.....Miles			17th September, 1962
Grid point N NE of (b)			Date of Completion:
60247	S SE	.....	20th September, 1962
	E NW	.....	Total Depth:
	W SW	.....	639
(a) Circle appropriate direction			Particulars of Casing:
(b) Use known point such as existing bore, homestead, outstation, etc,			440' of 6" casing
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF INTEREST			Particulars of Perforations on Screens: NIL
Cored at 638 - 639 feet			
SHORT LENGTH OF 2" PIPE ABOUT 2 FT			
IS WELDED INTO PLATE ON TOP OF 6" CASING AND ENCASED IN CONCRETE			
Samples of strata and Water supplies have been } or,			WATER 1st 2nd 3rd
will be } left at the following Trading Place			Supply Supply Supply
D.M.R.			Struck at 638
..... S.M. BRENNAN .....			Standing Water 301
(SIGNATURE)			Level
			Pumping
			Supply, —
			G.P.R.
			Duration of Pump —
			Test
			Water Level —
			during Test
			Quality —
			good, fair, or bad
			GOOD
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.			

Bore ZY RN 3609

2" GWP





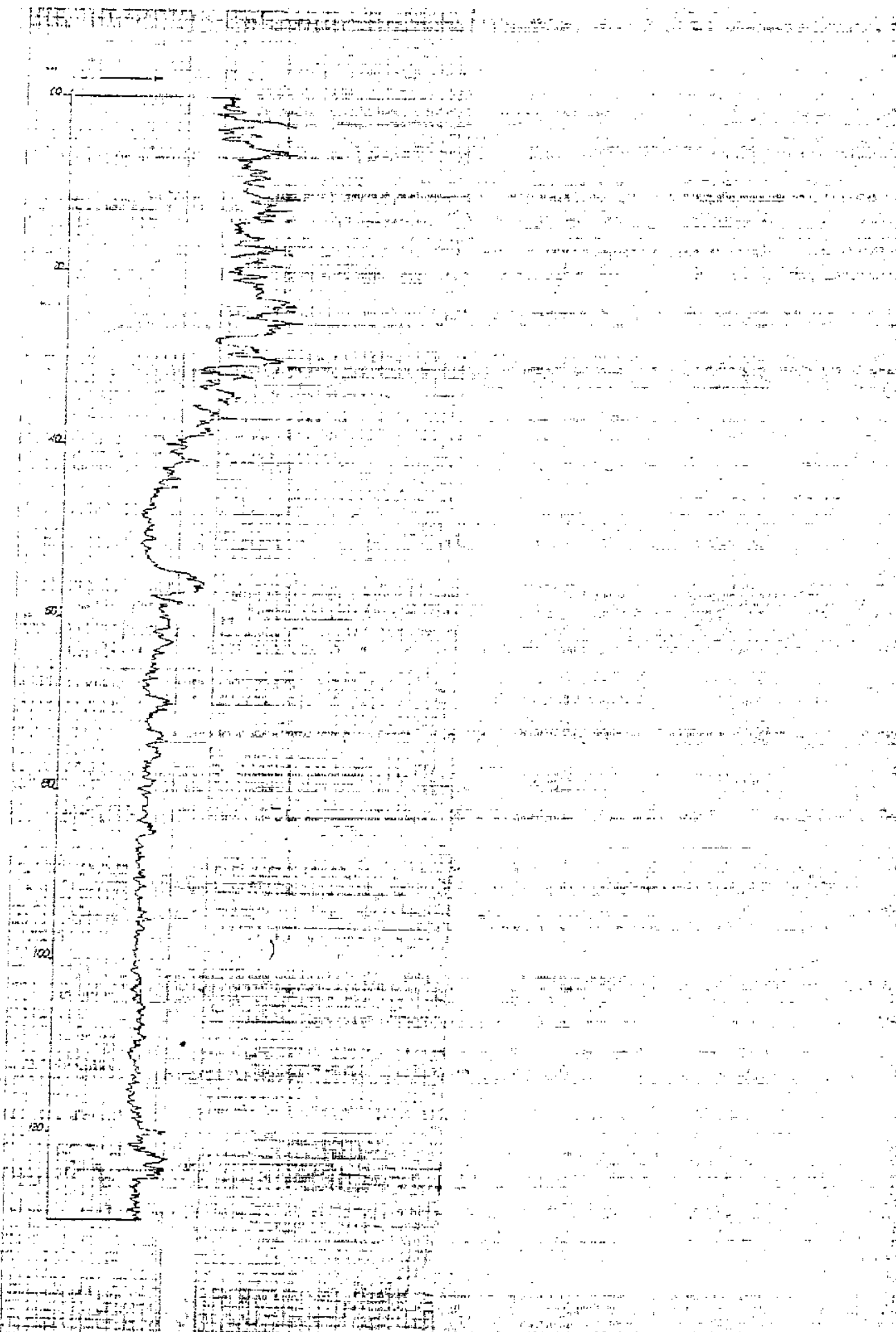




WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
PHYSICAL BRANCH  
NEPTUNE GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION 1972-73

BORE ZY RN 3609 STEAMER Investigation  
 GRID COOR. 386 035 262 E. CLINATION 539 749  
 LOG GAMMA 7265 164 318 N. COLLIER, WRB  
 DATE 19-2-76 DATE COMPLETED  
 SPEED 10m/Min. DATE COMPLETED 20  
 SENSITIVITY 1000000 BORE CLINATION  
 TO - 4 Secs. LADING 0-134-00 E  
 RANGE 5 DEPTH 0-134-00 E  
 FIRST READING 130 00 DEPTH 0-134-00 E  
 LAST READING 00 REMARKS  
 INTERVAL 130 00  
 INSTRUMENT LMRD  
 SERVICE WRB

Horizontal distance = 206' Vertical distance = 206' Elevation at station = 100'



1

—

- B/Z.Y.
- 313 - 323 Pale brown porellanised very fine sand, clay, with coarse sand size grains of quartz quartzite and ironstone.
- 323 - 343 Pale brown very fine to fine clayey sand.
- 343 - 364 Pale brown very fine to fine grained clayey sand with chips of white sandy clay.
- 364 - 416 Pale brown fine grained clayey sand.
- 416 - 427 Grey laminated claystone (positive indication of Tertiary age) with lag of fine sand, and a few coarse sand grains.
- 427 - 437 Sample contains grey claystone, fine pale brown sand, and abundant coarse sand grains of quartz and quartzite also one large ( $\frac{1}{4}$ " ) chip from a quartzite pebble.
- UNCONFORMITY - MERREENIE SANDSTONE TOP.
- (133) 437 - 447 Pale grey fine grained sand, with a few small sub-rounded quartzite pebbles (?lag)
- 447 - 477 Pale grey fine grained sand,
- 477 - 487 White fine grained sand, with some white silty clay.
- 487 - 523 Pale creamy - grey fine grained sand.
- 523 - 543 Pale creamy-grey fine grained sand with some white silty clay.
- 543 - 590 Pale grey fine grained sand.
- 590 - 600 Pale grey fine grained sand with chips of dead white clay.
- 600 - 610 Medium grained pale grey sand.
- 610 - 620 Fine grained pale grey sand.
- 620 - 630 Dead white silty clay.
- 630 - 639 Dead white silty clay and pale grey fine grained sand. Complete loss of circulation.

*T. Quinlan*  
T. Quinlan & D. Woolley.  
RESIDENT GEOLOGIST.

# BORE DATA SHEET

SF53-14

160033

NAME Z.Y. GRID REF. 60247INDEX No. 16/336LOCALITY A/S. A.I.B. QUARANTINE PaddockREG. No. 3609DEPTH 639'

FILE No. ...

CASINGS 440' / 6" + 300' LENGTH 2" PIPE

PERFORATIONS

SCREENS

NIL

LOCATION 1 1 E NSURFACE R.L. 1774.44  
LEVEL CONE COLLAR

B.M. LEVEL R.L.

DATUM M.S.L. PT AUGUSTA.CONTRACTOR W.R.B.DRILLER L. HARGRAVE  
G. RIDGEDATE STARTED 17-9-62DATE FINISHED 20-9-62

## WATER

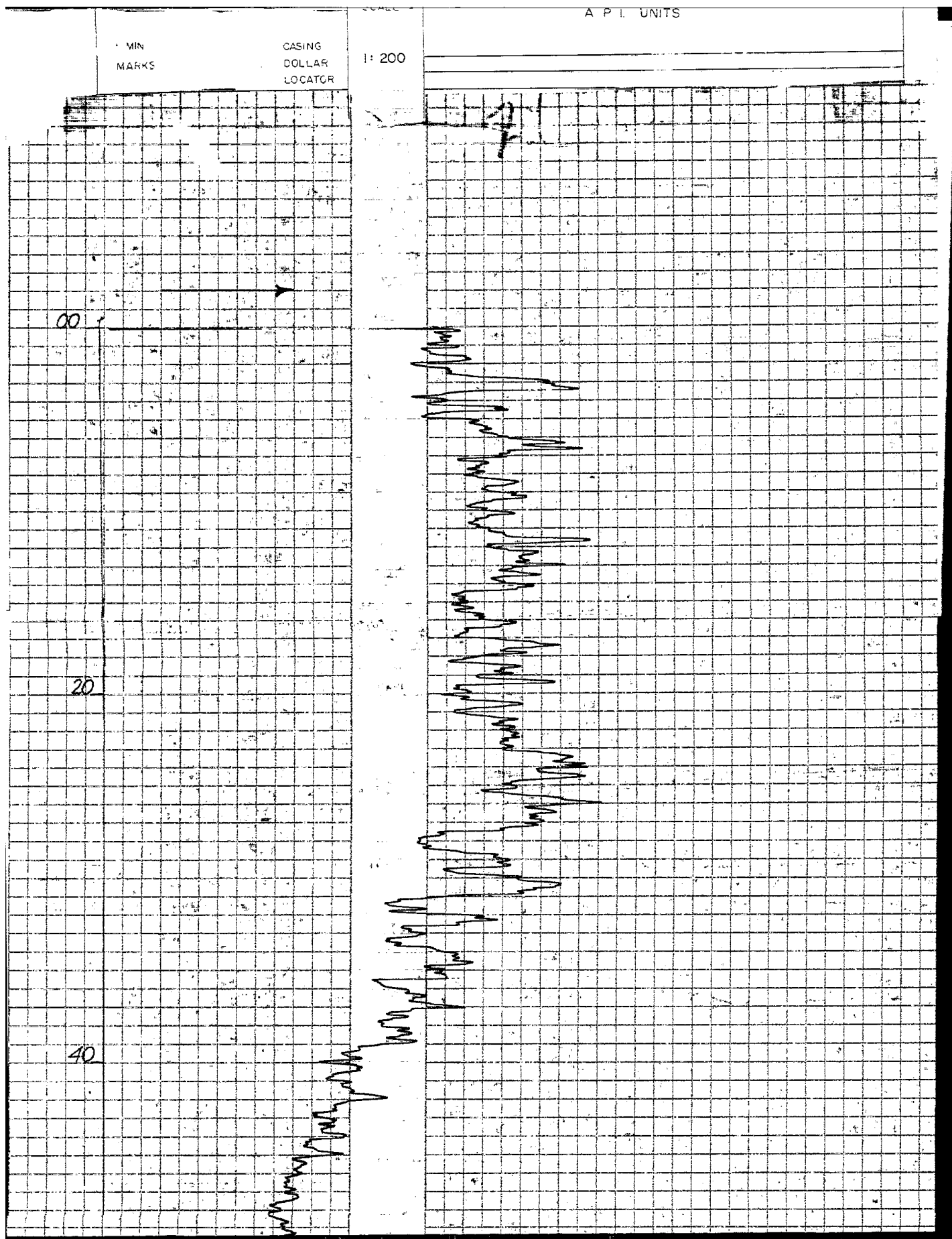
## STRATA SECTION

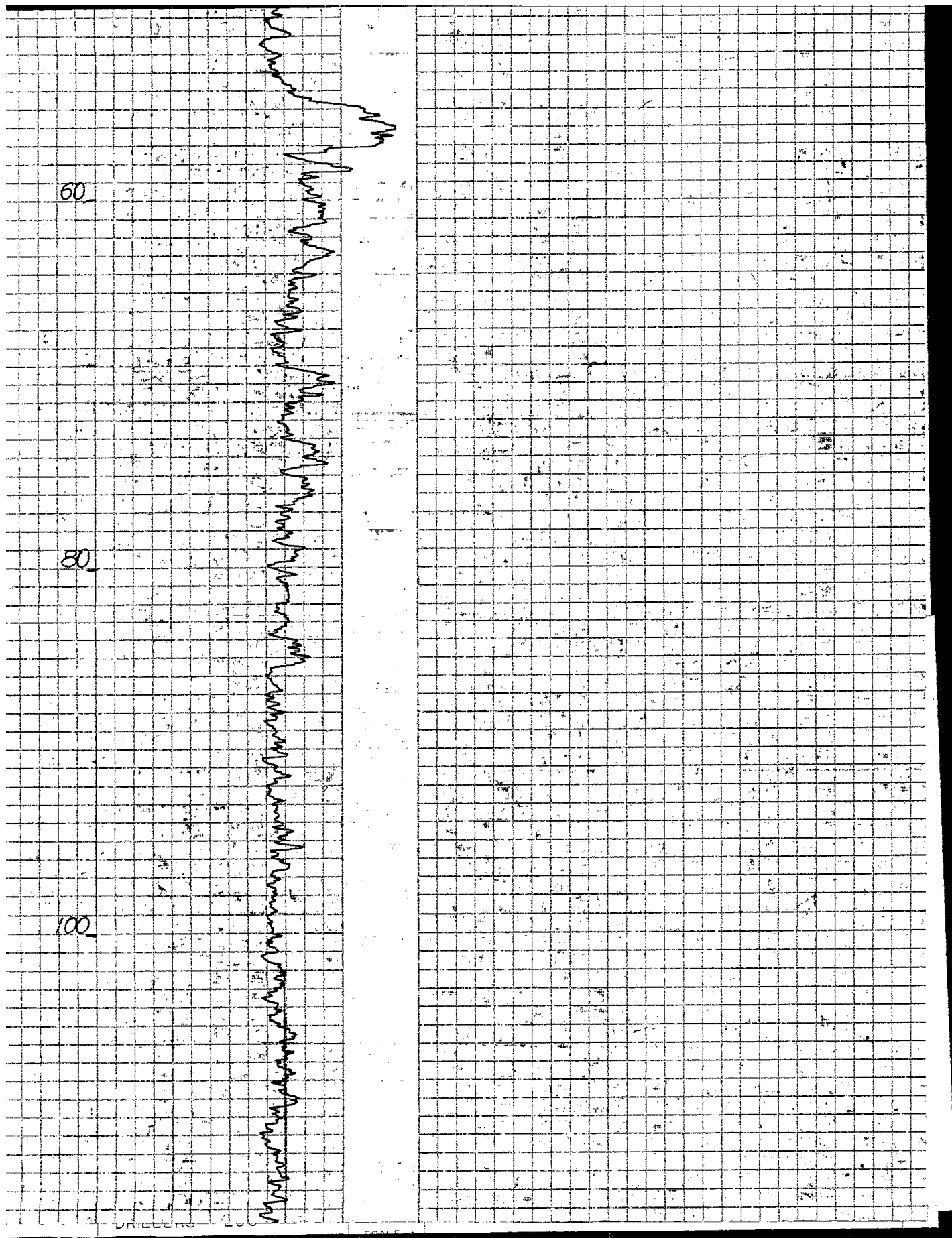
AQUIFERS	DEPTH FEET	CASING	ADJ.	SEC.	STRATA
DEPTH STRUCK .....	638'				TOP SOIL SANDY CLAY AND GRAVEL AND SAND
AQUIFER THICKNESS..					
STANDING WATER LEVEL .....	274'				
PUMP TEST G.P.H. ....					
DRAWDOWN LEVEL..					
PUMP LEVEL .....					
DURATION OF TEST HOURS ...					
R.L. S.W.L. ....					
WATER TEMPERATURE °C					
TRANSMISSIBILITY .....					
STORAGE COEFF. ....					
ANALYSES					
BINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION .....					
T.D.S. ....					
CONDUCTIVITY .....					
TOTAL HARDNESS .....					
CHLORIDE .....					
BICARBONATE .....					
CARBONATE .....					
SULPHATE .....					
NITRATE .....					
FLUORIDE .....					
SODIUM .....					
POTASSIUM .....					
CALCIUM .....					
MAGNESIUM .....					
REG. ANAL. No. ....					
EQUIPMENT					
REMARKS					
<p>QUANTITY: GOOD</p> <p>AMG-Surveyed</p> <p>53 E386035 N7345144</p>					

6M-10.54 1033

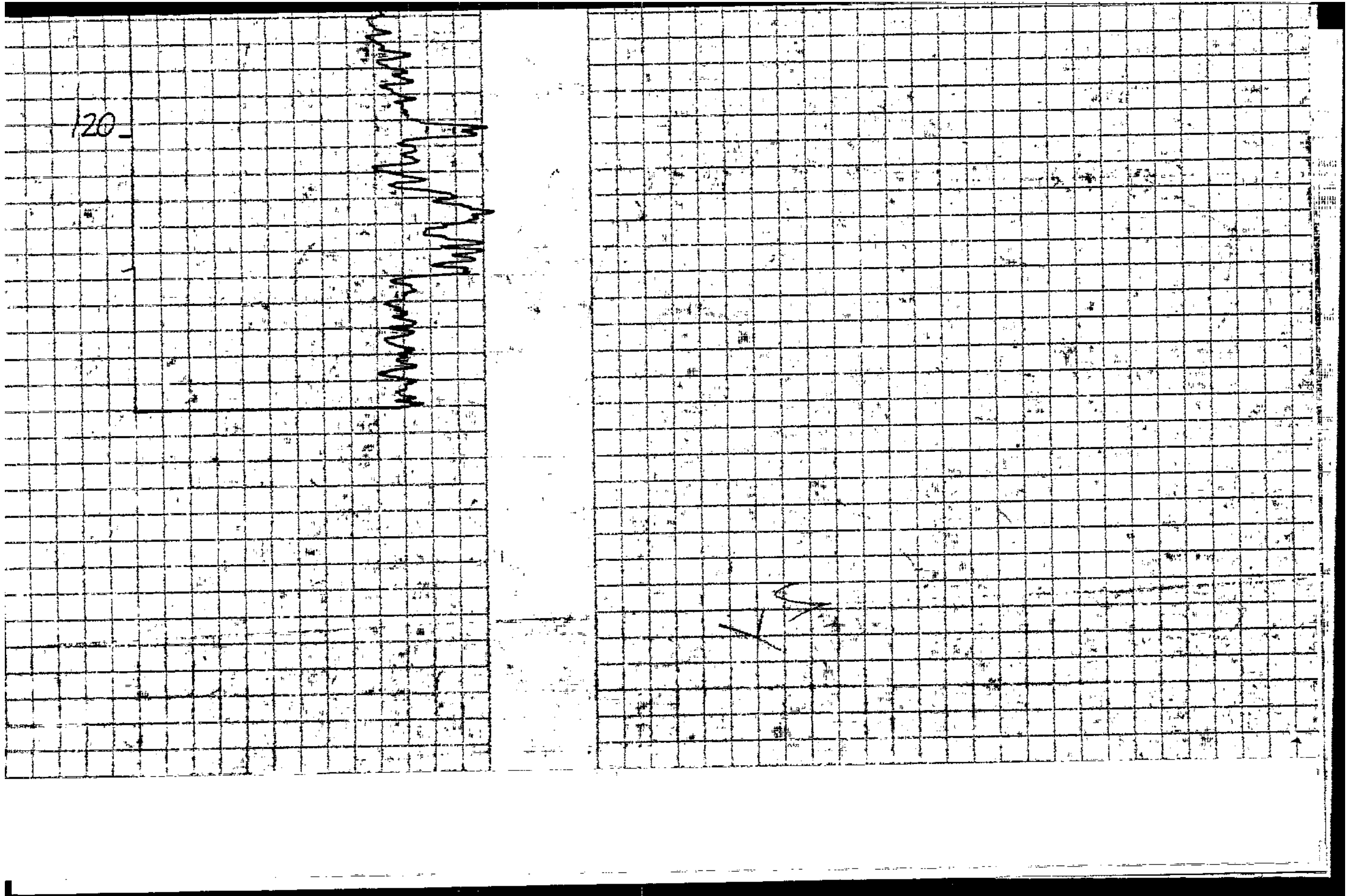
## GAMMA RAY - DRILLERS LOG

DEPT. OF TRANSPORT & WORKS									
R.N. <u>3609</u>					AREA <u>MEREENIE</u>				
STATUS <u>Investigation</u>					LOCATION				
SHEET NAME <u>ALICE SPRINGS</u>					53-14				
GRID REF. <u>160.033</u>					METHOD				
LAT					ELEVATION				
LONG					A.H.D.				
BM					539.749m				
CL					GL				
PERMANENT DATUM					ELEV.				
LOG MEASURED FROM					m ABOVE PERM DATUM				
DRILLING MEASURED FROM					GL				
DATE					19.2.76				
RUN NO.									
DEPTH - DRILLER					194.8m				
DEPTH - LOGGER					130.0m				
BIT LOG INTER.					130.0m				
TOP LOG INTER.					0.0m				
TYPE LOG					GAMMA RAY				
TYPE FLUID IN HOLE					WATER				
SALINITY PPM CL									
DENSITY									
LEVEL					91.76m				
MAX REC. TEMP °C									
OPERATING RIG TIME					17.9.62				
RECORDED BY					C. J. B.				
WITNESSED BY									
BOREHOLE RECORD					CASING RECORD				
NO					TO				
BIT FROM					SIZE				
					6"				
					TYPE				
					Blank				
					FROM				
					0.0m				
					TO				
					134.0m				
EQUIPMENT DATA									
GAMMA RAY					DRILLERS LOG				
RUN NO.									
TOOL MODEL NO.					LMG 15				
DIAMETER					38 mm				
DETECTOR MODEL NO.									
TYPE									
LENGTH									
GENERAL									
HOIST NO.									
INSTRUMENT NO.					LMR-D				
TOOL SERIAL NO.									
LOGGING DATA									
GENERAL					GAMMA RAY				
DRILLERS LOG									
RUN NO.									
DEPTHS					SPEED T.C.				
FROM					M/MIN SECS				
TO					SENS. ZERO				
					A.P.I. GR UNITS				
					DIV. L or R				
					PER LOG DIV.				
130.0m					0.0m				
10					4				
Range					5				
5					L				
REFERENCE LITERATURE									
REMARKS									
DRILLERS LOG					GAMMA RAY				













**NORTHERN TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION.  
CONTROL OF WATERS ORDINANCE 1938-1959.  
WATER RESOURCES BRANCH.**

REGULATION 8:

FINAL STATEMENT OF BORE.

3609 16/336

FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION OF STRATA
0	80	Top soil, sandy, clay gravel & sand
80	180	Red White & Brown clay.
180	282	Soft brown sandstone & white clay
282	426	Yellow sandstone & white clay.
426	440	clay & quartz gravel.
440	639	White & grey sandstone with white clay.

Name of Bore.

ZY 60247

Name of Property.

A1B Quarantine Reserve

Description of Property.

Quarantine Paddock

Name of Owner.

A1B N.T.A

NAME OF CONTRACTOR.

Water Resources Branch

Name of Driller.

L.G. HARGRAVE G. RIDGE

Date of Commencement:

17-9-62

Date of Completion:

20-9-62

Total Depth:

639

Particulars of Casing:

440 ft of 6" casing

Particulars of Perforations  
on Screens:

NIL

LOCATION OF BORE: (or supply sketch  
on back hereof.)

.....Miles 60247  
point  
CHV  
N NE of (b)  
S SE  
E NW  
W SW

- (a) Circle appropriate direction  
(b) Use known point such as existing  
Bore, homestead, outstation, etc,

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF INTEREST

CORED AT 638-639 ft.

Samples of strata and Water supplies  
have been } at,  
will be }  
left at the following Trading Place

B.M.R.

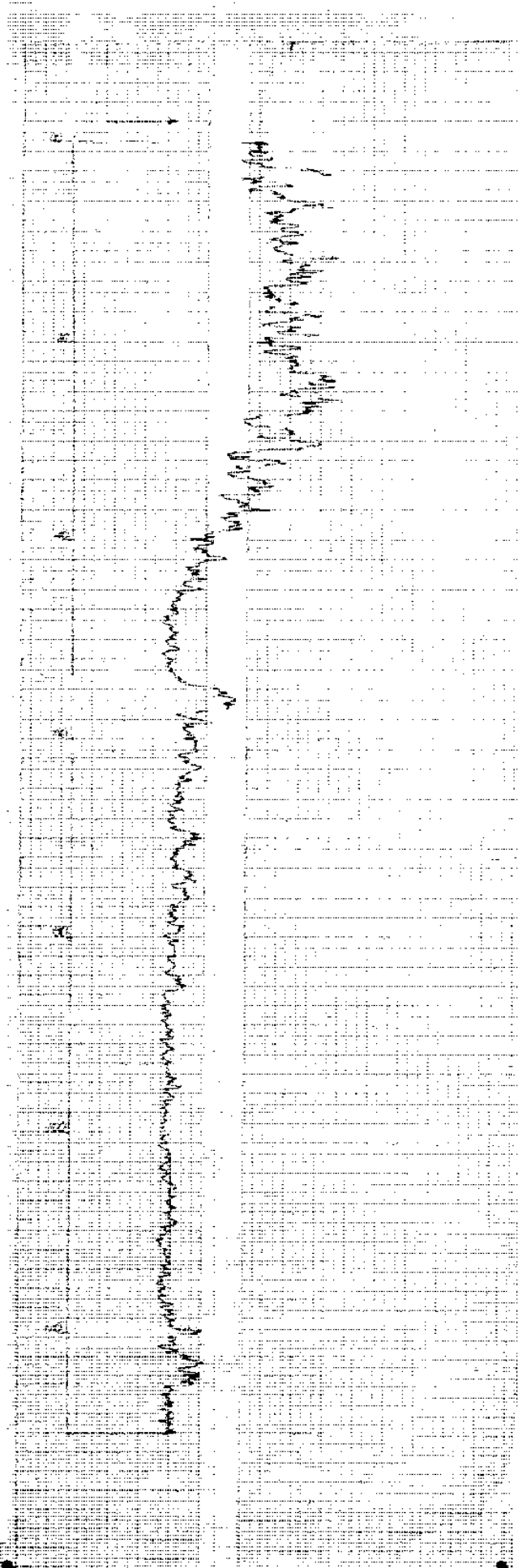
(SIGNATURE)

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.

R.D 37

WATER	1st Supply	2nd Supply	2nd Supply
Struck at	638.		
Standing Water Level	301		
Pumping Supply, G.P.H.	—		
Duration of Pump	—		
Test Water Level during Test	—		
Quality— good, fair or bad	Good		

DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHERN DISTRICT  
 WATER RESOURCES BRANCH  
 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY  
 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC INVESTIGATION 1949-76  
 1. NAME: Z.Y. BN 3609 STATION: Invest/gafin  
 2. GRID COORD: 386 933 262 E ELEVATION: 539 749  
 3. GRID: 7365 164 318 N  
 4. NAME: GAMMA GRILLER: HRB  
 5. DATE: 19 7 76 DATE COMPLETED: 19 9 62  
 6. SPEED: 10m/Min. CASE UNTESTED: 20 9 62  
 7. SENSITIVE: ROUGH CONDITION  
 8. TYPE: 4 Sars CASING: 0-134 00 6" S  
 9. RANGE: 5' DEPTH GRILLER: 194 80  
 10. FIRST READING: 130 00 DEPTH LOESS: 130 00  
 11. LAST READING: 00 REMARKS:  
 12. INTERVAL: 130 00  
 13. INSTRUMENT: LMRD  
 14. TARGET: HRB  
 15. HORIZONTAL: VERTICAL: 200



## Appendix E – Historical aerial photographs



Document Identification	Run: 16 Film: NTC596 Frame: 2047 Scale: 1 : 20,000 (Black & White)
Photograph Date	Date: 27 August 1980







Document Identification	Run: 1 Film: NTc1553 Frames: 88 & 89 Scale: 1 : 5,000 (Black and White)
Photograph Date	Date: 19 March 1991





Document Identification	Google Earth (Colour)
Photograph Date	Date: September 2004





Document Identification	Google Earth (Colour)
Photograph Date	Date: February 2016



## Appendix F – Interview transcripts



	ALICE SPRINGS	
	██████████ – Airservices	20/7/2016 - Responses
1	What is the age of the current fire station and fire training ground? What was the previous use of these sites?	MFS approximately 1964. FTG – likely to be late 1990s. FTG has either been vacant land or used as a drill ground.
2	Are you aware of any PFAS investigations and testing that have been undertaken across the wider Airport (i.e. outside of ARFF sites)?	Annual soil sampling around drill ground.
3	Is there an incident log that details where actual fires and fuel spills have been attended that required the use of firefighting foams?	Major incident in 1977 when a disgruntled employee flew a light aircraft into the SkyPort building. Foam was not likely to be used. If it was, it was likely to be a protein foam. <i>Refer to ORS reports for any other incidents.</i>
4	If there is not an inventory, can you recall any fires or fuel spills at the Airport? Dates?	No <i>Note: The ORS reports indicate there was a plane crash 1.5 km north east of airfield in 2000 where 50L of AFFF was used</i>
5	Is there an inventory of AFFF storage within the Airport?	Not to their knowledge. Ansulite was stored briefly on site after the transition to Solberg in 2010 until it was sent to Darwin in 2011 for disposal.
6	Are you aware of any AFFF use outside of the Airport but within the general vicinity?	No
7	Is there any AFFF still stored within the Airport? If so, where and for what purpose?	Not for use – former bulk storage in the fire station foot print. A bunded area at the fire training ground contained a 1000L totes with “Ansulite” written on the side and larger tanks, likely containing PFAS-impacted wastewater.

	ALICE SPRINGS	
	██████████ – Airservices	20/7/2016 - Responses
		These are waiting disposal. The bund also has a sign saying “waste water contaminated with AFFF”.
8	Has training involving AFFF (e.g. extinguishers, Airport Emergency Planning (AEP) exercises) been undertaken in areas outside of the current fire station and/or training ground? If so, where?	No - Fire training occurred at the FTG and smoke hut. Water was used in the smoke hut rather than foam as the fires were ‘carbon’ based i.e. wood fires. Foam was used at the FTG.
9	When AFFF was used in training, how often and for how long did this occur?	Approximately once per month. It was deployed using hoses, roof monitor and an underbody system.
10	When AFFF was used in training, what volumes were used and what was the methodology for wash down of waste and equipment?	<p>Could not indicate volumes.</p> <p>Water from the FTG entered a separator and waste water was discharged to a drain.</p> <p>Wash down bay at the fire station. Waste water also entered a separator and waste water was discharged to a drain that joined up with a larger drain running the length of the runway. Drains are not lined.</p>
11	How widely was the AFFF dispersed aerially? Photos?	Unknown. No photos.
12	Was wash down of fire fighting equipment restricted to the fire training areas?	Yes.

	ALICE SPRINGS	
	██████████ – Airservices	20/7/2016 - Responses
13	Where did the wash down water end up? Do any drains discharge off-site and, if so, where?	As above – via separators to drains. Drains do not appear to discharge off-site but rather water seeps into the underlying soil.
14	Has there been any significant bulk earth works (relevant to AFFF use) on the site that resulted in soil being relocated from one area of the airport to another?	Some stockpiles developed to the north of the runway between the terminal building and the FTG. These are likely to have come from runway extension works.
16	How were spent drums or excess product disposed of?	Unknown. Some was apparently taken off-site for disposal at Melbourne Airport.
17	Does groundwater 'daylight' in areas of the site?	No
18	What was the location of ARFF sites?	Fire training ground and Fire station.
19	Is stormwater harvested within the Airport and if so, for what purposes and where?	No
20	Is groundwater abstracted within the Airport and if so, for what purposes and where?	No



	ALICE SPRINGS - Questions	
	██████████, – NT Airports ██████████ – Airport Environment Officer	21/7/2016
1	What is the age of the current fire station and fire training ground? What was the previous use of these sites?	Current Terminal building is approximately 25 years old.  The original airport was situated at 7 Mile. The current location was commissioned in 1964.
2	Are you aware of any PFAS investigations and testing that have been undertaken across the wider Airport (i.e. outside of ARFF sites)?	Investigations by Low Ecological for soil and groundwater.
3	Is there an incident log that details where actual fires and fuel spills have been attended that required the use of firefighting foams?	See 1974 incident.  Light plane crash around early 2000's. Plane was stolen. Foam may not have been used and it was not clear if this occurred on the airport or off-site.
4	If there is not an inventory, can you recall any fires or fuel spills at the Airport? Dates?	No
5	Is there an inventory of AFFF storage within the Airport?	Not controlled by the airport
6	Are you aware of any AFFF use outside of the Airport but within the general vicinity?	No. there is no other training on site by other entities.
7	Is there any AFFF still stored within the Airport? If so, where and for what purpose?	No. Foam is not used in airport hangars.
8	Has training involving AFFF (e.g. extinguishers, Airport Emergency Planning (AEP) exercises) been undertaken in areas outside of the current fire station and/or training ground? If so, where?	Controlled by Airservices



	ALICE SPRINGS - Questions	
	<div> <div></div> <div>– NT Airports</div> </div> <div> <div></div> <div>– Airport Environment Officer</div> </div>	21/7/2016
9	When AFFF was used in training, how often and for how long did this occur?	Controlled by Airservices
10	When AFFF was used in training, what volumes were used and what was the methodology for wash down of waste and equipment?	Controlled by Airservices
11	How widely was the AFFF dispersed aurally? Photos?	Controlled by Airservices
12	Was wash down of fire fighting equipment restricted to the fire training areas?	Controlled by Airservices
13	Where did the wash down water end up? Do any drains discharge off-site and, if so, where?	Controlled by Airservices
14	Has there been any significant bulk earth works (relevant to AFFF use) on the site that resulted in soil being relocated from one area of the airport to another?	Stockpiles to east of terminal building likely from runways. Placed in approximately 2009.

	ALICE SPRINGS - Questions	
	<div> <div></div> <div>– NT Airports</div> </div> <div> <div></div> <div>– Airport Environment Officer</div> </div>	21/7/2016
16	How were spent drums or excess product disposed of?	Controlled by Airservices. No landfills on site.
17	Does groundwater 'daylight' in areas of the site?	No
18	What was the location of ARFF sites?	NA
19	Is stormwater harvested within the Airport and if so, for what purposes and where?	<p>No. Natural drainage across the site is generally towards the south-east. Stormwater drains on site are not lined.</p> <p>No sewage treatment on site.</p>
20	Is groundwater abstracted within the Airport and if so, for what purposes and where?	No



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